

WILLIAMSBURGH HOUSING ASSOCIATION LIMITED REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

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COMMITTEE OF MANAGEMENT, EXECUTIVES AND ADVISERS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

Committee of Management

M Symons M MacLaren J Callaghan S James J Kerr C Lucas J Scott Y Robbie	Chairperson Renfrewshire Council representati	ve
A McLaughlin	Co-opted 04.12.19	
L Divens	Co-opted 29.01.20	
A Ballantine	Appointed 17.07.19	
L Zotova	Appointed 17.07.19	
E McDermott	Appointed 17.07.19	
G Mihalache	Left 18.09.19	
G. Carberry	Appointed 18.09.19	Left 29.01.20
A Bunton	Appointed 17.07.19	Left 02.08.19
Executives		
J McBride	Chief Executive/Secretary Finance Manager until 05.01.20	Appointed 06.01.20
L. Ferrie	Housing Manager	
O McMillan	Maintenance Manager	
Owowinan	Maintenance Manager	

Development Manager

Administration Officer

Director

Retired 19.04.19

Retired 01.08.19

O McMillan G Scott S Gordon G Williamson

Registered Office

Ralston House Cyril Street Paisley PA1 1RW

Auditor

Scott-Moncrieff Audit Services 25 Bothwell Street Glasgow G2 6NL

Bankers

The Royal Bank of Scotland plc Paisley Chief Office 1 Moncrieff Street Paisley PA3 2AW

Solicitor

Cochran Dickie 21 Moss Street Paisley PA1 1BX

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Registration information

Financial Conduct Authority

The Scottish Housing Regulator

Co-operative and Community Benefit Societies Act 2014 Registered number 1991RS

Housing (Scotland) Act 2010 Registered number HAL207

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The Office of the Scottish Charity Regulator

Registered Scottish Charity No: SC035350

REPORT OF THE MANAGEMENT COMMITTEE (INCORPORATING THE STRATEGIC REPORT) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

The Management Committee presents its report, which incorporates the Strategic Report, and the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2020.

Principal activities

The principal activity of the Association is the provision of rented accommodation. The Association is a limited company incorporated in Scotland.

Vision, Mission Statement and Objectives

Vision

W.H.A.'s aim is to be a leading and innovative provider of quality homes and housing services.

Mission Statement

To provide and develop high quality affordable homes and to maintain our commitment to continuous improvement in service delivery and the regeneration of our communities.

Objectives

The Management Committee has set six overarching objectives for the coming year:

- Delivering our development and planned maintenance programmes;
- Developing and implementing a new corporate image;
- Implementation of a new Corporate Governance structure;
- Developing and implementing a new Community Regeneration framework;
- Major review of all policies;
- Digitalisation of services;

Review of business

The members of the Management Committee and the Association's Executive Officers are satisfied with the Association's performance during the year. The surplus for the year was £3,470,391 (2019 - £512,605). Net assets stand at £32,048,977 (2019 - £28,578,586).

The Association is recognised by HM Revenue & Customs as a charity, and qualifies for the tax exemptions provided by Part 11 of the Corporation Tax Act 2010.

WILLIAMSBURGH HOUSING ASSOCIATION LIMITED REPORT OF THE MANAGEMENT COMMITTEE (INCORPORATING THE STRATEGIC REPORT) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

Current developments

The Association is progressing one live development scheme at present at Milliken Road, Kilbarchan (18 units).

Further developments

Further pipeline development projects are planned at Albert Drive, Renfrew (44 units), North Road, Johnstone (25 Units) and Cartha Crescent, Paisley (25 Units).

Risk Management

The Association has a risk management policy in place with the principal risks and controlling actions being reviewed by the Management Committee.

Each risk has its own individual risk assessment which identifies the risk rating, risk owner, risk description, controlling actions and provides any changes since the most recent review along with the next review date. Committee review the main risk register and each risk assessment individually at Management Committee meetings.

The COVID19 pandemic has been particularly challenging to the housing sector. The Senior Management Team and staff have coped admirably and quickly redesigned services to ensure safe service delivery to our customers without compromising staff safety. The Management Team continue to meet routinely to plan, react and adapt to the ever changing backdrop to the pandemic in order to continue to provide an excellent service to our customers on an ongoing basis.

Key performance indicators (KPI's)

The Association submitted the 2019/20 Annual Return on the Scottish Social Housing Charter (ARC) to The Scottish Housing Regulator. The Regulator has identified 14 key performance indicators from the ARC to assess performance against the requirements of the charter. 2019/20 KPI's were reported as follows:

Percentage of tenants satisfied with overall service	93.25%
Percentage of tenants who feel their landlord is good at keeping them informed	98.07%
Percentage of tenants satisfied with opportunities to participate in decision making	99.04%
Percentage of stock meeting the Scottish Housing Quality Standard	100.00%
Average length of time to complete emergency repairs	1.64 hours
Average length of time to complete non-emergency repairs	3.84 days
Percentage of reactive repairs carried out and completed 'right first time'	94.71%
Percentage of repairs appointments kept	N/A
Percentage of tenants who had repairs carried out, who were satisfied with the service	92.86%
Number of cases of anti-social behaviour reported in the last year	204 cases
Number of cases resolved within locally agreed target in the last year	202 cases
Average length of time taken to re-let properties	21.06 days
Percentage of rent lost through properties being empty in the last year	0.50%
Rent collected from tenants as a percentage of total rent due in the reporting year	97.30%

The Management Committee and executive officers

The Management Committee and executive officers of the Association are listed on the first page of the financial statements. Each member of the Management Committee holds one fully paid share of £1 each in the Association. The executive officers of the Association hold no interest in the Association's share capital and although not having the legal status of directors they act as executives within the authority delegated by the committee.

REPORT OF THE MANAGEMENT COMMITTEE (INCORPORATING THE STRATEGIC REPORT) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

Statement of committee's responsibilities

Housing Association legislation requires the Management Committee to prepare financial statements for each financial period which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Association and of the income and expenditure of the Association for that period. In preparing those financial statements, the Management Committee is required to:-

- · Select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- Make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and
- Prepare the financial statements on a going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Association will continue in business.

The Management Committee is responsible for keeping proper accounting records, which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time, the financial position of the Association. The Management Committee must ensure that the Financial Statements comply with the Co-operative and Community Benefit Societies Act 2014, the Housing (Scotland) Act 2010 and the Determination of Accounting Requirements 2019 issued by the Scottish Housing Regulator. The Committee is also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Association and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Disclosure of information to the auditor

To the knowledge and belief of each of the persons who are members of the Management Committee at the time the report is approved:

- So far as the Committee members are aware, there is no relevant information of which the Association's auditor is unaware; and
- He/she has taken all the steps that he/she ought to have taken as a Committee member in order to
 make himself/herself aware of any relevant audit information, and to establish that the Association's
 auditor is aware of the information.

Corporate Governance

The Association has complied throughout the accounting period with the Code of Best Practice published by the Cadbury Committee on the Financial Aspects of Corporate Governance in 1992.

Charitable Donations

During the year, the Association made charitable donations amounting to £380 (2019 - £1,449).

Auditor

The appointed auditor, Scott-Moncrieff, tendered their resignation during the year and were replaced by Scott-Moncrieff Audit Services. Scott-Moncrieff Audit Services have expressed their willingness to continue in office as auditor and will be proposed for re-appointment at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting.

The Report of the Management Committee (incorporating the Strategic Report) has been approved by the Management Committee:

By order of the Management Committee



Committee member

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF WILLIAMSBURGH HOUSING ASSOCIATION LIMITED ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Williamsburgh Housing Association Limited (the Association) for the year ended 31 March 2020 which comprise the Statement of Comprehensive Income, the Statement of Changes in Capital and Reserves, the Statement of Financial Position, the Statement of Cash Flows and the notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion, the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the Association's affairs as at 31 March 2020 and of its income and expenditure for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the Co-operative and Community Benefit Societies Act 2014, Part 6 of the Housing (Scotland) Act 2010 and the Determination of Accounting Requirements 2019 issued by the Scottish Housing Regulator.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the Association in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the United Kingdom, including the Financial Reporting Council's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in which the ISAs (UK) require us to report to you where:

- the Management Committee's use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is not appropriate; or
- the Management Committee has not disclosed in the financial statements any identified material uncertainties that may cast significant doubt about the Association's ability to continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Other information

The Management Committee are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF WILLIAMSBURGH HOUSING ASSOCIATION LIMITED ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

Other information (continued)

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard

Group accounts: Section 99(3) of the Co-operative and Community Benefit Societies Act 2014

We agree with the opinion of the Management Committee of the Association that it would be of no real value to the members of the Association to consolidate or include the financial statements of the Association's subsidiary in group financial statements required to be prepared under the Co-operative and Community Benefit Societies (Group Accounts) Regulations 1969 for the year ended 31 March 2020, because of the immaterial nature of the subsidiary's transactions in the year.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Co-operative and Community Benefit Societies Act 2014 require us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- · a satisfactory system of control over transactions has not been maintained; or
- · the Association has not kept proper accounting records; or
- · the financial statements are not in agreement with the books of account; or
- · we have not received all the information and explanations we need for our audit.

Responsibilities of the Management Committee

As explained more fully in the Statement of the Management Committee's Responsibilities set out on page 3, the Management Committee is responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the Management Committee determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the Management Committee are responsible for assessing the Association's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Management Committee either intend to liquidate the Association or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

We have been appointed as auditor under the Co-operative and Community Benefit Societies Act 2014 and report in accordance with the Act and relevant regulations made or having effect thereunder.

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF WILLIAMSBURGH HOUSING ASSOCIATION LIMITED ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements (continued)

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at: <u>www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities</u>. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the Association's members, as a body, in accordance with Section 87 of the Cooperative and Community Benefit Societies Act 2014. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Association's members, as a body, those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Association and the Association's members, as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Scott-Monurief Audit Services

Scott-Moncrieff Audit Services, Statutory Auditor Eligible to act as an auditor in terms of Section 1212 of the Companies Act 2006 25 Bothwell Street Glasgow G2 6NL

MANAGEMENT COMMITTEE'S STATEMENT OF INTERNAL FINANCIAL CONTROLS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

The Management Committee acknowledges its ultimate responsibility for ensuring that the Association has in place a system of controls that is appropriate for the various business environments in which it operates.

These controls are designed to give reasonable assurance with respect to:

- the reliability of financial information used within the Association for publication;
- · the maintenance of proper accounting records; and
- the safeguarding of assets against unauthorised use or disposition.

It is the Management Committee's responsibility to establish and maintain systems of internal financial control. Such systems can only provide reasonable and not absolute assurance against material financial misstatement or loss. Key elements include ensuring that:

- Formal policies and procedures are in place, including the documentation of key systems and rules
 relating to the delegation of authorities, which allow the monitoring of controls and restrict the
 unauthorised use of the Association's assets;
- Experienced and suitably qualified staff take responsibility for important business functions, and annual appraisal procedures have been established to maintain standards of performance;
- Forecasts and budgets are prepared regularly, which allow the Management Committee and staff to
 monitor the key business risks and progress towards financial plans set for the year and medium term;
- Regular management accounts are prepared timeously, providing relevant, reliable and up to date financial and other information and significant variances from budget are investigated where appropriate; and
- All significant new initiatives, major commitments and investment projects are subject to formal authorisation procedures.

The Management Committee reviews reports from the Director, staff and the external and internal auditors to provide reasonable assurance that control procedures are in place and are being followed.

Formal procedures have been established for instituting appropriate action to correct weaknesses identified from the above reports.

The Management Committee has confirmed the existence of the system of internal financial control in the Association for the year ended 31 March 2020.

By order of the Management Committee

Margaret Symons Chairperson

REPORT OF THE AUDITOR TO THE MANAGEMENT COMMITTEE OF WILLIAMSBURGH HOUSING ASSOCIATION LIMITED ON CORPORATE GOVERNANCE MATTERS

In addition to our audit of the Financial Statements, we have reviewed your statement on page 7 concerning the Association's compliance with the information required by the Regulatory Standards in respect of internal financial controls contained within the publication "Our Regulatory Framework" and associated Regulatory Advisory Notes which are issued by the Scottish Housing Regulator.

Basis of Opinion

We carried out our review having regard to the requirements on corporate governance matters within Bulletin 2009/4 issued by the Financial Reporting Council. The Bulletin does not require us to review the effectiveness of the Association's procedures for ensuring compliance with the guidance notes, nor to investigate the appropriateness of the reason given for non-compliance.

Opinion

In our opinion the Statement on Internal Financial Control on page 7 has provided the disclosures required by the relevant Regulatory Standards within the publication "Our Regulatory Framework" and associated Regulatory Advisory Notes issued by the Scottish Housing Regulator in respect of internal financial controls and is consistent with the information which came to our attention as a result of our audit work on the Financial Statements.

Through our enquiry of certain members of the Management Committee and Officers of the Association and examination of relevant documents, we have satisfied ourselves that the Management Committee's Statement on Internal Financial Control appropriately reflects the Association's compliance with the information required by the relevant Regulatory Standards in respect of internal financial controls contained within the publication "Our Regulatory Framework" and associated Regulatory Advisory Notes issued by the Scottish Housing Regulator in respect of internal financial controls.

SLAT- Monurieft Audit Dervices

Scott-Moncrieff Audit Services, Statutory Auditor Eligible to act as an auditor in terms of Section 1212 of the Companies Act 2006 25 Bothwell Street Glasgow G2 6NL

STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

	Notes	2020 £	2019 £
Turnover	4	8,279,180	8,172,162
Operating expenditure	4	(6,516,051)	(6,615,789)
Operating surplus	4	1,763,129	1,556,373
Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment	10	3,706	
nvestment income			241
nterest receivable and other income	11	47,082	28,615
nterest payable and similar charges	12	(48,526)	(61,624)
Surplus for the year		1,765,391	1,523,605
Other comprehensive income			
nitial recognition of multi-employer defined benefit scheme Actuarial gain/(loss) in respect of pension scheme	24 24	- 1,705,000	(576,000) (435,000)
Total comprehensive income for the year		3,470,391	512,605

The results for the year relate wholly to continuing activities.

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN CAPITAL AND RESERVES AS AT 31 MARCH 2020

			Total
	Share	Revenue	Capital &
	Capital	Reserves	Reserves
	£	£	£
Balance at 1 April 2019	103	28,578,483	28,578,586
Total comprehensive income		3,470,391	3,470,391
Shares issued during the year	6	2 X ¥	6
Shares cancelled during the year	(6)	-	(6)
Balance at 31 March 2020	103	32,048,874	32,048,977

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN CAPITAL AND RESERVES AS AT 31 MARCH 2019

	Share Capital £	Revenue Reserves £	Total Capital & Reserves £
Balance at 1 April 2018	109	28,065,878	28,065,987
Total comprehensive income	Ā	512,605	512,605
Shares issued during the year Shares cancelled during the year	(10)	-	(10)
Shares cancelled during the year			
Balance at 31 March 2019	103	28,578,483	28,578,586

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 31 MARCH 2020

	Notes	2020 £	2019 £
Tangible fixed assets		-	
Housing properties	13	69,232,620	69,158,636
Other fixed assets	15	296,738	356,604
nvestments	16	2	2
		69,529,360	69,515,242
Current assets			
Debtors	17	211,362	270,410
Cash and cash equivalents	18a	153,773	204,552
nvestments	18b	8,537,270	8,299,108
		8,902,405	8,774,070
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	19	(2,640,553)	(3,044,537)
Net current assets		6,261,852	5,729,533
Fotal assets less current liabilities		75,791,212	75,244,775
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	20	(43,689,161)	(44,764,189)
Pension – defined benefit liability	24	(53,074)	(1,902,000)
Net assets		32,048,977	28,578,586
Capital and reserves		0	
Share capital	23	103	103
Revenue reserves		32,048,874	28,578,483
		32,048,977	28,578,586

The financial statements on pages 9 to 34 were authorised for issue by the Management Committee on 29 July 2020 and were signed on its behalf by:

Joe McBride Secretary Margaret Symons

Committee Member

Susan James Committee Member

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

	Notes		2020		2019
		£	£	£	£
Net cash generated from operating activities	25		2,517,963		2,539,289
Cash flow from investing activities Purchase of property, plant & equipment Proceeds from sale of property, plant & equipment Grants received Interest received		(2,800,177) 20,677 1,095,019 47,082		(927,489) - 116,983 28,615	
			(1,637,399)		(781,891)
Cash flow from financing activities Interest paid		(6,526)		(22,624)	
Repayment of borrowings		(686,661)		(678,151)	
Issue of share capital		6		4	
Deposit to current asset investment		(238,162)		(1,081,563)	
			(931,343)		(1,782,334)
Net change in cash and cash equivalents			(50,779)		(24,936)
Cash and cash equivalents at 1 April			204,552		229,488
Cash and cash equivalents at 31 March			153,773		204,552

(i) Analysis of changes in net debt

At 1 April 2019	Cash flows	Other non- cash changes	At 31 March 2020
£	£	£	£
204,522	(50,789)		153,733
(5)	3. 	-	
	-		()
204,522	(50,789)		153,733
	1. 1 . 1999 11. 1999 12. 1999 12. 1999		
263,516	(225,436)		38,080
614,167	(461,225)		152,942
877,683	(686,661)		191,022
1,082,205	(737,450)		344,755
	2019 £ 204,522 204,522 204,522 263,516 614,167 877,683	2019 £ £ 204,522 (50,789) 204,522 (50,789) 204,522 (50,789) 263,516 (225,436) 614,167 (461,225) 877,683 (686,661)	2019 cash changes flow £ £ £ 204,522 (50,789) - - - - 204,522 (50,789) - - - - 204,522 (50,789) - 204,522 (50,789) - 204,522 (50,789) - 204,522 (50,789) - 263,516 (225,436) - 614,167 (461,225) - 877,683 (686,661) -

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

1. General information

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards including Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the United Kingdom and Republic of Ireland' (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice) and comply with the requirements of the Determination of Housing Requirements 2019 as issued by the Scottish Housing Regulator and the Statement of Recommended Practice for Social Housing Providers issued in 2018. The principal accounting policies are set out below.

The preparation of these financial statements in compliance with FRS 102 requires the use of certain accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise judgement in applying the Association's accounting policies (see note 3).

The presentation currency is pounds sterling and the financial statements are rounded to the nearest whole number.

The Association is a Co-operative and Community Benefit Society limited by shares and is incorporated in the United Kingdom. The Association is a registered social landlord in Scotland and its registered number is HAL207. The registered address is Ralston House, Cyril Street, Paisley, PA1 1RW.

The Association is defined as a public benefit entity and thus the Association complies with all disclosure requirements relating to public benefit entities.

2. Principal Accounting Policies

(a) Basis of accounting

The financial statements are prepared on the historical cost basis of accounting and in accordance with applicable accounting standards.

The effect of events relating to the year ended 31 March 2020, which occurred before the date of approval of the financial statements by the Management Committee have been included in the statements to the extent required to show a true and fair view of the state of affairs as at 31 March 2020 and of the results for the year ended on that date. The Association has a subsidiary company, Williamsburgh Property Services Limited, however, due to the immaterial nature of the subsidiary's transactions, consolidated financial statements have not been prepared.

(b) Going concern

The Association has shown a strong surplus year on year and the Committee believes that the Association will carry on this trend for the foreseeable future. In addition to this, the Association has a strong net current assets position. The assessment of going concern includes the expected impact of Covid-19 to the Association in the next 12 months following the signing of the financial statements. The Management Committee have therefore adopted the going concern basis in preparing the financial statements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

2. Principal Accounting Policies (continued)

(c) Turnover

Turnover represents rental and service charge income receivable and fees or revenue grants receivable from local authorities and from the Scottish Government. Income from rental and service charges is recognised when the Association is entitled to it, it is probable it will be received and it can be measured reliably.

Income from revenue grants receivable have been covered in a separate accounting policy below.

(d) Apportionment of management expenses

Direct employee, administration and operating expenditure have been apportioned to the relevant sections of the Statement of Comprehensive Income on the basis of costs of staff directly attributable to the operations dealt with in the financial statements.

The costs of cyclical and major repairs are charged to the Statement of Comprehensive Income in the year in which they are incurred.

(e) Interest receivable

Interest receivable is recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income using the effective interest method.

(f) Interest payable

Finance costs are charged to the Statement of Comprehensive Income over the term of the debt using the effective interest method so that the amount charged is at a constant rate on the carrying amount. Issue costs are initially recognised as a reduction in the proceeds of the associated capital instrument.

(g) Tangible fixed assets - housing properties

Housing properties are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation. The development cost of housing properties includes the following:

- (i) cost of acquiring land and buildings;
- (ii) development expenditure; and
- (iii) internal administrative costs relating to the acquisition and development of housing properties.

These costs are termed "qualifying costs" by the Scottish Government for approved Housing Association Grant.

Expenditure on schemes is written off in the year unless it is recognised that the schemes will be developed to completion.

Refurbishment expenditure on existing properties is capitalised to the extent that the expenditure represents improvements to the properties or replacement of components.

(h) Impairment of fixed assets

Reviews for impairment of housing properties are carried out on an annual basis and any impairment in an income-generating unit is recognised by a charge to the Statement of Comprehensive Income. Impairment is recognised where the carrying value of an income-generating unit exceeds the higher of its net realisable value or its value in use. Value in use represents the net present value of expected future cash flows from these units. Impairment of assets would be recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

2. Principal Accounting Policies (continued)

(i) Depreciation

Housing land and buildings

Each housing unit has been split between its major component parts. Each major component is depreciated on a straight line basis over its expected economic useful life. The following major components and useful lives have been identified by the Association:

Land - not depreciated Structure - over 50 years Windows - over 30 years Bathrooms - over 20 years Pipework - over 12 years Kitchen - over 15 years Boilers - over 12 years Roofs - over 40 years

Other fixed assets

Other fixed assets are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation. Depreciation is charged by equal annual instalments at rates estimated to write off costs less any residual value over their expected useful lives. The following rates have been used:

Furniture & Fittings	-	15-20% per annum on cost
Vehicle	-	33% per annum on cost
Office premises	2	4-14% per annum on cost

(j) Development Administration Costs

Development administration costs relating to development activities are capitalised based on an apportionment of the staff time spent on this activity.

(k) Investments

The fixed asset investment relates to the investment in the subsidiary company, Williamsburgh Property Services Limited, a company registered in Scotland.

(I) Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price, less any impairment.

(m) Rental arrears

Rental arrears represent amounts due by tenants for rental of social housing properties at the year end. Rental arrears are reviewed regularly by management and written down to the amount deemed recoverable. Any provision deemed necessary is shown alongside gross rental arrears in Note 17.

(n) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash is represented by cash in hand and deposits with financial institutions repayable without penalty on notice of not more than 24 hours. Cash equivalents are highly liquid investments that mature in no more than three months from the date of acquisition and that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash with insignificant risk of change in value.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

2. Principal Accounting Policies (continued)

(o) Current asset investments

Current asset investments are represented by long term deposits with financial institutions repayable after more than 3 months.

(p) Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at the transaction price. Other financial liabilities, including bank loans, are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

(q) Loans

Mortgage loans are advanced by financial institutions under the terms of individual mortgage deeds in respect of each property or housing scheme. Advances are available only in respect of those developments which have been given approval for Government Capital Grant by the Scottish Government.

(r) Government Capital Grants

Government Capital Grants, at amounts approved by the Scottish Government or local authorities, are paid directly to the Association as required to meet its liabilities during the development process. This is treated as a deferred capital grant and is released to income in accordance with the accrual model over the useful life of the asset it relates to on completion of the development phase. The accrual model requires the Association to recognise income on a systematic basis over the period in which the Association recognises the related costs for which the grant is intended to compensate.

(s) Government Revenue Grants

Government revenue grants are recognised using the accrual model which means the Association recognises the grant in income on a systematic basis over the period in which the Association recognises the related costs for which the grant is intended to compensate.

(t) Non-Government Capital and Revenue Grants

Non-government capital and revenue grants are recognised using the performance model. If there are no performance conditions attached the grants are recognised as revenue when the Association is entitled to them, it is probable they will be received and they can be measured reliably.

A grant that imposes specific future performance related conditions on the recipient is recognised as revenue only when the performance related conditions are met.

A grant received before the revenue recognition criteria are satisfied is recognised as a liability.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

2. Principal Accounting Policies (continued)

(u) Financial instruments

The Association only enters into basic financial instruments transactions that result in the recognition of financial assets and liabilities like trade and other accounts receivable and payable, loans from banks and related parties.

Debt instruments (other than those wholly repayable or receivable within one year), including loans and other accounts receivable and payable, are initially measured at the present value of the future cash flows and subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Debt instruments that are payable or receivable within one year, typically trade payables or receivables, are measured, initially and subsequently, at the undiscounted amount of the cash or other consideration, expected to be paid or received. However if the arrangements of a short-term instrument constitute a financing transaction, like the payment of a rental arrear deferred beyond normal Association terms or financed at a rate of interest that is not a market rate or in case of an out-right short-term loan not at market rate, the financial asset or liability is measured, initially, at the present value of the future cash flow discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument and subsequently at amortised cost.

Financial assets are derecognised when contractual rights to the cash flows from the assets expire, or when the Association has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership.

Financial liabilities are derecognised only once the liability has been extinguished through discharge, cancellation or expiry.

(v) Pensions (Note 24)

The Association participates in The Scottish Housing Associations' Defined Benefits Pension Scheme (SHAPS) and retirement benefits to employees of the Association are funded by the contributions from all participating employers and employees in the scheme. Payments are made in accordance with periodic calculations by consulting actuaries and are based on pension costs applicable across the various participating Associations taken as a whole.

The SHAPS is accounted for as a defined benefit scheme and as such the amount charged to the Statement of Comprehensive Income in respect of pension costs and other post retirement benefits is the estimated regular cost of providing the benefits accrued in the year, adjusted to reflect variations from that cost. The interest cost is included within other finance costs/income. Actuarial gains and losses arising from new valuations and from updating valuations to the reporting date are recognised in Other Comprehensive Income.

Defined benefit schemes are funded, with the assets held separately from the Association in separate trustee administered funds. Full actuarial valuations, by a professionally qualified actuary, are obtained at least every three years, and updated to reflect current conditions at each reporting date.

The pension scheme assets are measured at fair value. The pension scheme liabilities are measured using the projected unit method and discounted at the current rate of return on a high quality corporate bond of equivalent term and currency. A pension scheme asset is recognised on the Statement of Financial Position only to the extent that the surplus may be recovered by reduced future contributions or to the extent that the trustees have agreed a refund from the scheme at the reporting date. A pension scheme liability is recognised to the extent that the Association has a legal or constructive obligation to settle the liability.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

2. Principal Accounting Policies (continued)

(w) Sale of housing properties

Properties are disposed of under the appropriate legislation and guidance. All costs and grants relating to the share of property sold are removed from the financial statements at the date of sale. Any grants received that cannot be repaid from the proceeds of sale are abated and the grants removed from the financial statements.

3. Judgements in applying policies and key sources of estimation uncertainty

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to make estimates and assumptions which affect reported income, expenses, assets, and liabilities. Use of available information and application of judgement are inherent in the formation of estimates, together with past experience and expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. Actual results in the future could differ from such estimates.

The members of the Management Committee consider the following to be critical judgements in preparing the financial statements:

- The categorisation of housing properties as property, plant and equipment in line with the requirements of the SORP;

- The amount disclosed as 'operating profit' is representative of activities that would normally be regarded as 'operating'; and

The identification of a cash-generating unit for impairment purposes.

The Management Committee are satisfied that the accounting policies are appropriate and applied consistently. Key sources of estimation have been applied as follows:

Estimate

Basis of estimation

Useful lives of property, plant and equipment.	The useful lives of property, plant and equipment are based on the knowledge of senior management at the Association, with reference to expected asset life cycles.
The main components of housing properties and their useful lives.	The cost of housing properties is split into separately identifiable components. These components were identified by knowledgeable and experienced staff members and based on expected asset life cycles.
Recoverable amount of rental and other trade receivables.	Rental arrears and other trade receivables are reviewed by appropriately experienced senior management team members on a case by case basis with the balance outstanding together with the payment history of the individual tenant being taken into account.
The obligations under the SHAPS defined benefit pension scheme.	This has relied on the actuarial assumptions of a qualified actuary which have been reviewed and are considered reasonable and appropriate.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

4. Particulars of turnover, operating expenditure and operating surplus/(deficit)

	Notes	Turnover £	Operating Expenditure £	2020 Operating Surplus/ (Deficit) £	Turnover £	Operating Expenditure £	2019 Operating Surplus/ (Deficit) £
Affordable lettings Other activities	5 6	8,159,877 119,303	6,310,534 205,517	1,849,343 (86,214)	8,015,857 156,305	6,172,639 443,150	1,843,218 (286,845)
		8,279,180	6,516,051	1,763,129	8,172,162	6,615,789	1,556,373

There are no other accommodation types other than General Needs and Supported Housing.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

5. Particulars of turnover, operating expenditure and operating surplus from affordable letting activities

Income from rent and service charges	General Needs Housing £	Supported Housing £	2020 Total £	2019 Total £
Rent receivable net of service charge Service charges	6,127,247 168,286	57,337 2,964	6,184,584 171,250	6,042,266 163,958
Gross income from rents and service charges	6,295,533	60,301	6,355,834	6,206,224
Less voids	(34,560)	•	(34,560)	(33,391)
Net income from rents and service charges	6,260,973	60,301	6,321,274	6,172,833
Release of deferred Government capital grants Grants from the Scottish Ministers	1,742,369 76,674	13,914 5,646	1,756,283 82,320	1,784,024 59,000
Total turnover from affordable letting activities	8,080,016	79,861	8,159,877	8,015,857
Expenditure Management and maintenance administration costs Service charges Planned and cyclical maintenance costs Reactive maintenance costs Bad debts – rent and service charges Depreciation of social housing	(2,105,074) (159,958) (535,745) (659,093) (95,265) (2,697,409)	(20,806) (2,964) (6,351) (5,060) (942) (21,867)	(2,125,880) (162,922) (542,096) (664,153) (96,207) (2,719,276)	(2,151,471) (155,967) (453,983) (670,274) (65,000) (2,675,944)
Operating expenditure for affordable letting activities	(6,252,544)	(57,990)	(6,310,534)	(6,172,639)
Operating Surplus on affordable letting activities 2020	1,827,472	21,871	1,849,343	
Operating Surplus on affordable letting activities 2019	1,821,607	21,611		1,843,218

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

Particulars of turnover, operating expenditure and operating surplus/(deficit) from other activities	operating surplu	is/(deficit) fron	n other activi	ities				
				2020	2019		2020	2019
	from Scottish	Other revenue	Other	Total	Total	Other operating	Operating surplus/	Operating surplus/
	Ministers £	grants £	income £	Turnover £	Turnover £	ex	(deficit) £	(deficit) £
Wider role activities *	40,272	74,927	ĥ	115,199	136,408	133,722	(18,523)	(57,010)
Care and repair of property	ar S		ï	•	ł	ar C		ï
Factoring	a	X	ï			Ĩ		
Development and construction of property activities	31	21	1	•	4	67,697	(67,697)	(229,845)
Support activities				•	1	1		1
Care activities	x	¥.	ŝ		ı.	r	1 (2)	i.
Agency/management services for RSLs	ĩ	æ	4,098	4,098	19,887	4,098	e	
Other agency /management services	a	*	•		1	×		ī
Developments for sale to RSLs		3	1		9	э	9	1
Development and improvements for sale to non RSLs	1			•	3		•	5
Other activities		9 2	9	9	10	r	g	10
Total from other activities 2020	40,272	74,927	4,104	119,303		205,517	(86,214)	
Total from other activities 2019	48,417	87,991	19,897		156,305	443,150		(286,845)
						(1)		

* Undertaken to support the community, other than the provision, construction, improvement and management of housing.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

7. Directors' Emoluments

The directors are defined as the members of the Committee of Management, the Director and any other person reporting directly to the Director or the Committee of Management whose total emoluments exceed $\pounds 60,000$ per year. No emoluments were paid to any member of the Committee of Management during the year (2019 – none). The Association considers key management personnel to be the Committee of Management and senior management team (Executives) of the Association only.

Emoluments of the former Director (excluding pension contributions)	2020 £ 34,323	2019 £ 81,692
Total expenses reimbursed insofar as not chargeable to UK income tax	183	104
Emoluments of the current Director, in his role as Director (excluding pension contributions)	18,325	12
Total expenses reimbursed insofar as not chargeable to UK income tax	-	-

The current and former directors are ordinary members of the Association's pension scheme described in note 24. No enhanced or special terms apply to membership and they have no other pension arrangements to which the Association contributes. The Association's contributions for the former Director were £3,126 (2019 - £9,479) and for the current Director, in his role as Director, were £2,309 (2019 - £nil).

The emoluments of key management (excluding pension contributions and including benefits in kind) for the year were £282,707 (2019 - £334,061). Their employers' NI contributions for the year were £33,639 (2019 - £38,478) and their pension contributions for the year were £34,396 (2019 - £41,277).

The emoluments of key management whose total emoluments exceed £60,000 (excluding pension contributions and including benefits in kind) for the year were £192,862 (2019 - £264,419). Their employers' NI contributions for the year were £23,162 (2019 - £31,098) and their pension contributions for the year were £24,273 (2019 - £32,502).

The number of key management whose emoluments exceed £60,000 in the year are as follows:

	2020 Number	2019 Number
£60,000 - £69,999	3	3
£70,000 - £79,999		
£80,000 - £89,999	-	-
£90,000 - £99,999		1

Committee Members Expenses	1,272	896

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

8.	Employee Information	2020 Number	2019 Number
	The average number of full-time equivalent employees during the year was:	36.0	37.7
	Staff costs during year:	£	£
	Wages and salaries	1,306,826	1,404,802
	Social security costs	133,173	134,676
	Pension costs	137,679	149,080
	Defined benefit pension liability – staff service costs (note 24)	72,000	107,414
	Accrued holiday pay	32,649	42,363
	Agency costs	27,394	25,586
		1,709,721	1,863,921
9.	Operating surplus	2020	2019
		£	£
	Operating surplus is stated after charging:		0 700 /50
	Depreciation on tangible fixed assets	2,769,089	2,738,452
	Auditor's remuneration – audit fees	11,693	11,202
	Auditor's remuneration – non-audit fees	360	360
10	Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment	2020	2019
10.	Can on disposar of property, plant and equipment	£	£
	Vehicle disposal	3,706	-
	Interest receivable and other income	2020	2019
11.	Interest receivable and other income	£	£
	Bank interest receivable	47,082	28,615
		47,082	28,615
42	Interact naughle and cimilar charges	2020	2019
12.	Interest payable and similar charges	2020 £	2013 £
	On bank loans and overdrafts	6,526	22,624
	Defined benefit pension liability – interest charge (Note 24)	42,000	39,000
		48,526	61,624
			-

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

Total £	Housing Properties under Construction £	Housing Properties Held for Letting £	Tangible Fixed Assets - Housing properties	13.
	-	1	Cost	
113,594,977	303,182	113,291,795	As at 1 April 2019	
			Additions during year:	
1,879,191	1,879,191	<u></u>	Property	
914,070	-	914,070	Components	
			Disposals during year:	
	8 7 .1	ana anti	Property	
(666,415)		(666,415)	Components	
115,721,823	2,182,373	113,539,450	As at 31 March 2020	
			Depreciation	
44,436,341		44,436,341	As at 1 April 2019	
2,678,024	-	2,678,024	Charge for the year	
			Disposals during year:	
ano ante a tradição a			- Property	
(625,162)		(625,162)	- Components	
46,489,203		46,489,203	As at 31 March 2020	
			Net Book Value	
69,232,620	2,182,373	67,050,247	As at 31 March 2020	
69,158,636	303,182	68,855,454	As at 31 March 2019	

Additions to Housing Properties during the year includes no capitalised interest (2019 - £nil) and £42,516 capitalised administration costs (2019 - £13,835). All housing properties are freehold. Properties with a cost of £nil (2019 - £nil) and accumulated depreciation of £nil (2019 - £nil) were disposed of in the year for net proceeds (after grant repaid of £nil) of £nil (2019 - £nil).

Components with a cost of £666,415 (2019 - £413,626) and accumulated depreciation of £625,162 (2019 - £378,826) were disposed of in the year.

Included in housing properties is land with a historic cost allocation of £7,068,549 (2019 - £7,068,549)

14. Housing Stock

The number of housing units in management as at 31 March 2020 was:

Number	Number
1,608 13	1,608 13
1,621	1,621
	13

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

15. Tangible Fixed Assets - Other fixed assets

		Office	Office	Furniture &	
		Premises	Vehicle	Fittings	Total
		£	£	£	£
	Cost				
	At 1 April 2019	372,032	40,698	544,962	957,692
	Additions during year	с. Э		6,916	6,916
	Disposals	-	(25,454)	(4,522)	(29,976)
	At 31 March 2020	372,032	15,244	547,356	934,632
	Depreciation				to and any to the set of the
	At 1 April 2019	368,674	11,533	220,881	601,088
	Charge for year	1,307	3,049	45,457	49,813
	On disposals		(8,485)	(4,522)	(13,007)
	At 31 March 2020	369,981	6,097	261,816	637,894
	Net Book Value				
	At 31 March 2020	2,051	9,147	285,540	296,738
	At 31 March 2019	3,358	29,165	324,081	356,604
16.	Investments			2020	2019
10.	nivestments			£	£
	Investment in subsidiary ur	ndertaking		2	2

During 2005/06 Williamsburgh Housing Association Limited acquired 2 ordinary £1 shares in Williamsburgh Property Services Limited. This represents a 100% shareholding in Williamsburgh Property Services Limited, a company registered in Scotland, whose principal activity is that of provision of factoring property services to owners. The registered address is Ralston House, Cyril Street, Paisley, PA1 1RW.

Williamsburgh Property Services Limited commenced trading on 1 April 2006. As at 31 March 2020 the capital and reserves and results for the year of Williamsburgh Property Services Limited were:

	2020	2019
	£	£
Capital and reserves	2	2
		(i
Profit for the year	· •	÷

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

17.	Debtors	2020 £	2019 £
	Arrears of rent and service charges Less: provision for doubtful debts	360,309 (265,608)	268,469 (169,440)
		94,701	99,029
	Other debtors		6,322
	Amounts due from subsidiary	27,216	38,780
	Prepayments and accrued income	89,445	126,279
		211,362	270,410
10-	Cash and each equivalents	2020	2019
18a.	Cash and cash equivalents	£	2015 £
	Current accounts	153,573	204,426
	Cash in hand	200	126
		153,773	204,552
18b.	Investments	2020	2019
		£	£
	Balances held in deposit accounts	8,537,270	8,299,108
19.	Creditors – Amounts falling due within one year	2020	2019
15.	oreanois - Amounts family due Main one year	£	£
	Housing loans	38,080	263,516
	Other taxes and social security costs	34,192	36,778
	Owed to contractors	300,310	433,696
	Rents and service charges in advance	353,481	331,873
	Trade creditors	49,696	100,694
	Sundry creditors and accruals	164,151	129,877
	Deferred Government capital grants	1,700,643	1,748,103
		2,640,553	3,044,537

Pension contributions of £nil were outstanding at the year-end (2019 - £49,759).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

20. Creditors – Amounts falling due after one year	2020 £	2019 £
Housing loans Deferred Government capital grants	152,942 43,536,219	614,167 44,150,022
	43,689,161	44,764,189

21. Loans

Loans or mortgages secured by charges on the Association's housing properties:

	2020 £	2019 £
Loans advanced by private lenders	191,022	877,683
Due within one year	38,080	263,516
Due between one and two years	38,080	263,516
Due between two and five years	114,240	184,700
Due after five years	622	165,951
	191,022	877,683
Less: included in current liabilities above (note 19)	(38,080)	(263,516)
	152,942	614,167
		-

Bank loans are outstanding mortgages on housing properties where the rental income is sufficient to secure a loan and are repayable over twenty five years.

The loans are repayable by monthly instalments of principal and have either fixed or variable rates of interest. All loans are secured by standard securities over the title of the properties to which they relate. The carrying value of the secured property is £1,980,683 (2019 - £14,625,478).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

22.	Deferred capital grants	2020 £	2019 £
	Deferred capital grants at 1 April Grants received in year Released to income in year	45,898,125 1,095,020 (1,756,283)	47,565,166 116,983 (1,784,024)
	Deferred capital grants at 31 March	45,236,862	45,898,125
		2020 £	2019 £
	Split: Due within one year Due between one and two years Due between two and five years Due after five years	1,700,643 1,661,766 4,843,127 37,031,326 45,236,862	1,748,103 1,695,960 4,923,433 37,530,629 45,898,125
22	Sharo capital	2020 £	2019 £
23.	Share capital Shares of £1 each fully paid and issued as at 1 April 2019	103	109
	Shares issued in year Shares cancelled in year	6 (6)	4 (10)
	As at 31 March 2020	103	103

All shares are non-withdrawable and do not carry any right to interest or dividend.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

24. Retirement Benefit Obligations

Williamsburgh Housing Association Limited (the Association) participates in the Scottish Housing Associations' Pension Scheme (the "Scheme").

The Scheme is a multi-employer defined benefit scheme which provides benefits to some 150 nonassociated employers. The Scheme is funded. The scheme is subject to the funding legislation outlined in the Pensions Act 2004 which came into force on 30 December 2005. This, together with documents issued by the Pensions Regulator and Technical Actuarial Standards issued by the Financial Reporting Council, set out the framework for funding defined benefit occupational pension schemes in the UK.

The Scheme offers six benefit structures to employers, namely:

- Final salary with a 1/60th accrual rate;
- Career average revalued earnings with a 1/60th accrual rate;
- Career average revalued earnings with a 1/70th accrual rate;
- Career average revalued earnings with a 1/80th accrual rate;
- Career average revalued earnings with a 1/120th accrual rate contracted in; and
- Defined Contribution (DC) option.

An employer can elect to operate different benefit structures for their active members (as at the first day of April in any given year) and their new entrants. The DC option can be introduced by the employer on the first day of any month after giving a minimum of three months' prior notice.

Williamsburgh Housing Association Limited has elected to continue to operate the final salary with a 1/60th accrual rate for existing members. Additionally, the Association has elected to introduce the DC option to staff from 1 July 2018. The Association will pay contributions at the rate of 10.45% of pensionable salaries and member contributions will be a minimum of 5%.

During the accounting period the Association paid DB contributions at the rate of 12.6% of pensionable salaries. Member contributions were 12.5%.

The Trustees commission an actuarial valuation of the Scheme every three years. The main purpose of the valuation is to determine the financial position of the Scheme in order to determine the level of future contributions required, so that the Scheme can meet its pension obligations as they fall due.

As at the Statement of Financial Position date there were 30 (2019 - 31) active members of the DB Scheme employed by the Association.

As at the Statement of Financial Position date there were 3 (2019 - 2) active members of the DC Scheme employed by the Association. This was opened to staff in July 2018 and staff members are automatically auto enrolled into this.

The last triennial valuation of the Scheme for funding purposes was carried out as at 30 September 2018. This valuation revealed a deficit of £121m. A Recovery Plan has been put in place to eliminate the deficit which will run to 30 September 2022 for the majority of employers, although certain employers have different arrangements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

24. Retirement Benefit Obligations (continued)

The key valuation assumptions used to determine the assets and liabilities of the Scheme as at 30 September 2018 are detailed below:

-	Investment return pre retirement			3.12% per annum
1	Investment return post retirement	2	Non-pensioners	3.12% per annum
$\overline{\pi}$	Investment return post retirement		Pensioners	3.12% per annum
-	Rate of salary increases			3.35% per annum
-	Rate of pension increases	ж.	pension accrued pre 6 April 2005	2.00% per annum
		÷	pension accrued from 6 April 2005	1.70% per annum
		<u>_</u>	(for leavers before 1 October 1993 pensio	n increases are 5%)
3	Rate of price inflation		,	3.35% per annum

The SHAPS defined benefit pension liability is accounted for as a defined benefit pension scheme from 1 April 2018 onwards. In accordance with FRS 102 section 28, the operating and financing costs of pension and post retirement schemes (determined by TPT) are recognised separately in the Statement of Comprehensive Income. Service costs are systematically spread over the service lives of the employees and financing costs are recognised in the period in which they arise. The difference between actual and expected returns on assets during the year, including changes in the actuarial assumptions, is recognised in Other Comprehensive Income.

At 1 April 2018, on initial recognition of the multi-employer defined benefit scheme, the opening adjustment to the liability was £576,000 to recognise a liability of £1,571,000 as at 1 April 2018.

Present values of defined benefit obligation, fair value of assets and defined benefit liability

	31 March 2020 £'000	31 March 2019 £'000
Fair value of plan assets Present value of defined benefit obligation	10,786 (10,839)	9,954 (11,856)
Defined benefit liability to be recognised	(53)	(1,902)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

24. Retirement Benefit Obligations (continued)

Reconciliation of opening and closing balances of the defined benefit obligation

	Year ended 31 March 2020 £'000	Year ended 31 March 2019 £'000
Defined benefit obligation at start of period	(11,856)	(10,648)
Current service cost	(240)	(252)
Expenses	(8)	(8)
Interest expense	(277)	(279)
Contributions by plan participants	(144)	(142)
Actuarial (losses)/gains due to scheme experience	(84)	180
Actuarial (losses)/gains due to changes in demographic assumptions	67	(30)
Actuarial (losses)/gains due to changes in financial assumptions	1,338	(802)
Benefits paid and expenses	365	125
Defined benefit liability at the end of the period	(10,839)	(11,856)

Reconciliation of opening and closing balances of the fair value of plan assets

	Year ended 31 March 2020 £'000	Year ended 31 March 2019 £'000
Fair value of plan assets at start of the period	9,954	9,077
Interest income	235	240
Experience on plan assets (excluding amounts included in interest		
income) - gain	384	217
Contributions by the employer	434	403
Contributions by plan participants	144	142
Benefits paid and expenses	(365)	(125)
Fair value of plan assets at end of period	10,786	9,954
		2 - 2 -

Defined benefit costs recognised in the Statement of Compl	rehensive Income	
	Year ended	Year ended
	31 March	31 March
	2020	2019
	£'000	£'000
Current service cost	240	252
Admin expenses	8	8
Net interest expense	42	39
Defined benefit costs recognised in Statement of		
Comprehensive Income	290	299

24. Retirement Benefit Obligations (continued)

Defined benefit costs recognised in Other Comprehensive Income

	Year ended 31 March 2020 £'000	Year ended 31 March 2019 £'000
Experience on plan assets (excluding amounts included in net int	222423/2010	
cost) - gain	384	217
Experience gains and losses arising on the plan liabilities – gain Effects of changes in the demographic assumptions underlying the	(84)	180
present value of the defined benefit obligation – (loss) Effects of changes in the financial assumptions underlying the present	67	(30)
Value of the defined benefit obligation – (loss)	1,338	(802)
Total amount recognised in other comprehensive income – (loss)	1,705	(435)

Fund allocation for employer's calculated share of assets

	31 March	31 March
	2020	2019
	£'000	£'000
Global Equity	1,483	1,601
Absolute Return	662	843
Distressed Opportunities	197	170
Credit Relative Value	259	173
Alternative Risk Premia	864	556
Fund of Hedge Funds		28
Emerging Markets Debt	383	319
Risk Sharing	342	289
Insurance-Linked Securities	289	258
Property	201	198
Infrastructure	636	417
Private Debt	214	128
Opportunistic Liquid Credit	263	-
Corporate Bond Fund	788	698
Liquid Credit	283	-
Long Lease Property	264	121
Secured Income	599	347
Over 15 Year Gilts	137	256
Liability Driven Investment	2,840	3,542
Net Current Assets	82	10
Total Assets	10,786	9,954
NG 1997 1997 1997 1997		

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

24. Retirement Benefit Obligations (continued)

The main financial assumptions used by the Scheme Actuary, TPT, in their FRS 102 calculations are as follows:

Assumptions as at	31 March 2020 % per annum
Discount rate	2.37
Inflation (RPI)	2.60
Inflation (CPI)	1.60
Salary growth	2.60
Allowance for commutation of pension for cash at retirement	75% of
	maximum
	allowance

The mortality assumptions adopted at 31 March 2020 imply the following life expectancies:

	Life expectant at age ((year	
Male retiring in 2020	21.5	
Female retiring in 2020	23.2	
Male retiring in 2040	22.8	
Female retiring in 2040	24.5	

Life expectancy is based on the Fund's VitaCurves with improvements in line with the CMI 2017 model with an allowance for smoothing of recent mortality experience and long term rates of 1.25% p.a. for males and 1% p.a. for females.

Member data summary

Active members

Number	Total earnings	Average age
10241		(unweighted)
9	392	51
19	648	47
28	1,040	48
Number	Deferred pensions	Average age
		(unweighted)
5		53
		59
6	3	54
Number	Pensions	Average age
	(£'000s p.a.)	(unweighted)
7	84	70
6	42	63
13	126	67
	9 19 28 Number 5 1 6 Number 7 6	(£'000s p.a.) 9 392 19 648 28 1,040 Number Deferred pensions (£'000s p.a.) 5 3 1 - 6 3 Number Pensions (£'000s p.a.) 7 84 6 42

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

24. Retirement Benefit Obligations (continued)

Employer debt on withdrawal

Following a change in legislation in September 2005 there is a potential debt on the employer that could be levied by the Trustee of the Scheme. The debt is due in the event of the employer ceasing to participate in the Scheme or the Scheme winding up. The debt for the Scheme as a whole is calculated by comparing the liabilities for the Scheme (calculated on a buyout basis i.e. the cost of securing benefits by purchasing annuity policies from an insurer, plus an allowance for expenses) with the assets of the Scheme. If the liabilities exceed assets there is a buy-out debt.

The leaving employer's share of the buy-out debt is the proportion of the Scheme's liability attributable to employment with the leaving employer compared to the total amount of the Scheme's liabilities (relating to employment with all the employers). The leaving employer's debt therefore includes a share of any 'orphan' liabilities in respect of previously participating employers. The amount of the debt therefore depends on many factors including total Scheme liabilities, Scheme investment performance, the liabilities in respect of current and former employees of the employer, financial conditions at the time of the cessation event and the insurance buy-out market. The amounts of debt can therefore be volatile over time.

The Association has been notified by TPT of the estimated employer debt on withdrawal from the Scheme based on the financial position of the Scheme as at 30 September 2019. As of this date the estimated employer debt for the Association was £8,632,209.

GMP Equalisation

Guaranteed Minimum Pension (GMP) is the minimum pension which an occupational pension scheme in the UK has to provide for those employees who were contracted out of the State Earnings-Related Pension Scheme (SERPS).

Both pension scheme members and sponsoring employers paid lower National Insurance contributions at the time of accrual given the lower benefits being accrued for the member by the state.

Women can currently receive their GMP benefits at age 60 compared to age 65 for men. GMP also accrued at a faster rate for women than men. Historically some defined benefit schemes had different retirement ages for men and women. Therefore, schemes are required to "equalise" pension ages and overall benefit scales between males and females. The Scheme actuary is therefore required to estimate the impact of GMP and include an allowance for the increase in calculated liabilities.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

25.	Net Cash Flow from Operating Activities	2020 £	2019 £
	Cumulus for the upper	1,765,391	1,523,605
	Surplus for the year	1,700,001	1,020,000
	Adjustment for non-cash items:	27	134,049
	Carrying amount of tangible fixed asset disposed Depreciation of tangible fixed assets including loss on disposal of	-	104,045
		2,769,089	2,738,452
	components Decrease/(increase) in trade and other debtors	59,048	(52,024)
		(131,088)	89,232
	(Increase)/decrease in trade and other creditors	42,000	39,000
	Interest charge in respect of the defined benefit pension liability	72,000	107,414
	Staff service costs in respect of the defined benefit pension liability	12,000	107,414
	Adjustments for investing and financing activities:	(2 706)	
	Net proceeds from sale of tangible fixed assets	(3,706)	-
	Interest payable	6,526	22,624
	Interest received	(47,082)	(28,615)
	Release of deferred Government capital grants	(1,756,283)	(1,784,024)
	SHAPS past service deficit payment	(257,926)	(250,414)
	Shares cancelled	(6)	(10)
	Net cash inflow from operating activities	2,517,963	2,539,289
26	. Capital Commitments		
20	. Capital Communents	2020	2019
		£	£
	Capital expenditure that has been contracted for but has not been provided for in the financial statements	835,992	5
	The above commitments will be financed by:		h
	Association's reserves	835,992	73

27. Related Party Transactions

There are three tenant members and ten non-tenant members of the Management Committee. Of the ten Committee members who are non-tenants one is a representative of Renfrewshire Council. All transactions with members of the Management Committee are carried out at arm's length. Williamsburgh Housing Association Limited provided agency services to Williamsburgh Property Services Limited during 2019/20. Costs of services provision were recharged to Williamsburgh Property Services Limited. During the year, costs amounting to £69,063 (2019 - £71,442) were recharged to Williamsburgh Property Services Limited to Williamsburgh Housing Association Limited. £nil (2019 - £241) was gift aided from Williamsburgh Property Services Limited to Williamsburgh Housing Association Limited was owed £27,216 (2019 - £38,780) by Williamsburgh Property Services Limited.

Management committee members

As detailed above, the Association has Management Committee members who are also tenants. The total rent charged in the year relating to tenant Management Committee members is £14,238 (2019 - £14,646). The total rent arrears relating to tenant Management Committee members included within debtors at the year-end is £nil (2019 - £nil). The total prepaid rent relating to tenant Management Committee members included within creditors is £417 (2019 - £632).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

28. Big Lottery Funding

As the accounts are prepared on an accruals basis, the income recorded as being received from the Big Lottery during the year is as follows:-

Opening balance at 1 April 2019	1,303
Received in year Released to income in year	(1,303)
Total deferred grant remaining	17