West Granton Housing Co-operative Limited

Report and Financial Statements

For the year ended 31st March 2015

Registered Housing Association No.HAC225

FCA Reference No. 2357R(S)

CONTENTS

	Page
MEMBERS OF THE COMMITTEE OF MANAGEMENT EXECUTIVES AND ADVISERS	1
REPORT OF THE COMMITTEE OF MANAGEMENT	2
REPORT BY THE AUDITORS ON CORPORATE GOVERNANCE MATTERS	7
REPORT OF THE AUDITORS	8
INCOME AND EXPENDITURE ACCOUNT	10
BALANCE SHEET	11
CASH FLOW STATEMENT	12
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	13

COMMITTEE OF MANAGEMENT, EXECUTIVES AND ADVISERS YEAR ENDED 31st MARCH 2015

COMMITTEE OF MANAGEMENT

Lorna Brown Alistair Burnett Marilyn Dickson Jon Douglas

Jim Hemphill Joe Moir

George Nicol
Wendy Riordan
Marlyn Sinclair
George Thompson
Stuart Thompson

Chairperson

Treasurer

Elected 22/09/2014, Resigned 08/06/2015

Vice Chairperson

Deceased 05/03/2015

EXECUTIVE OFFICERS

Gerard Gillies

Secretary & Chief Executive Officer

REGISTERED OFFICE

26 Granton Mill Crescent

Edinburgh EH4 4UT

AUDITORS

Alexander Sloan Chartered Accountants 1 Atholl Place Edinburgh EH3 8HP

BANKERS

Royal Bank of Scotland 109/109a George Street

Edinburgh EH2 4JW

LENDERS

Nationwide Building Society

Caledonia House Carnegie Avenue Dunfermline KY11 8PJ

SOLICITORS

Aitken Nairn WS 7 Abercromby Place Edinburgh EH3 6LA

The Committee of Management presents its report and the Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March 2015.

Legal Status

The Co-operative is a registered non-profit making organisation under the Co-operative and Community Benefit Societies Act 2014 No.2357R(S). The Co-operative is constituted under its Rule Book.

Principal Activities

The Co-operative's principal activity is the ownership and management of rented housing.

Review of Business and Future Developments

Objectives

West Granton Housing Co-operative Limited (WGHC) is a fully mutual co-operative housing association. Its governing body is its Committee of Management which is elected by its members, from its members. That means all elected members are tenants.

Our primary objective is to provide, construct, improve and manage housing for occupation by members of the Co-operative.

Any additional activities pursued will be as permitted by the Housing (Scotland) Act 2010; designed to help us achieve our primary objective and will consider the welfare of the people we house. We will use any money we have carefully and properly, we will not trade for profit.

The Co-operative owns 376 houses and flats in north Edinburgh. These were built or acquired in a series of developments between 1990 and 2009. We have no current plans for further housing development. During the year we sold four flats and a further five will be sold as and when they become vacant. These are flats scatttered across a number of mixed tenure tenements which have proved difficult to maintain. There are no plans for disposals other than these flats.

Our focus in the medium term is on the management and maintenance of existing stock. As our stock ages the replacement of components (kitchens, bathrooms, heating systems etc.) is becoming increasingly important.

Overview of period

At 1st April 2014 there were 10 members of the Committee of Management. One new member was elected at the AGM in September 2014, taking the membership of the Committee of Management to 11. Our Chairperson, Stuart Thomson, died suddenly in March 2015. At 31st March 2015 there were 10 members of the Committee.

During this period we sold four of the nine flats marked for disposal in West Pilton Green and Drive.

Three kitchens and one boiler were replaced and two wet floor showers were installed. A planned maintenance project, to replace consumer units in 140 houses, scheduled for the year had to be split in two. The first part was substantially completed with the second part put back to 2015-16. We renewed stair coverings and door entry systems in two blocks of flats.

There were only 17 changes of tenancy, 16 relets and 1 mutual exchange. This was much fewer than last year (42). In April 2014 membership was refused to an applicant who wished to succeed to a tenancy. A lengthy legal process ended with WGHC recovering the property in April 2015.

Staff absences through illness caused workload difficulties. Staff sickness absence in the year was 16% (2014: 9%) compared to the average for social landlords of around 3.5%. Some changes to staffing were agreed which will take effect early in 2015-16.

Review of Business and Future Developments (Contd)

Operating Performance

Rent arrears reduced compared to the previous year. Arrears before provision for bad debts were £70,987 (2014: £77,861). However, much of that is technical arrears, i.e. housing benefit and other payments due to be received after the year end. Scottish Housing Regulator's key arrears indicator excludes technical arrears but includes rent debt written off in the year. Using this indicator arrears were £22,927 (2014: £24,691).

There were only 16 relets in the year compared to 37 the previous year. The previous year had seen an increase in internal transfers with some tenants moving to smaller properties to avoid the "Bedroom Tax". This had in turn led to chains of transfers and therefore relets. This proved to be temporary, as had been expected. The reduction in relets and the associated workload contributed to a decrease in relet times from 18 to 13 days.

Reactive maintenance spend per unit fell by 26%; mainly due to a decrease in void maintenance - the cost of reletting houses. Average repair times also reduced. Emergency repairs were on average completed in less than 3 hours compared to just under 5 in the previous year. Non emergency repairs took an average of 4.8 days (2014: 5.3).

Income and expenditure

Turnover from rents and service charges increased by 1.3% compared to the previous year while operating costs rose by 1.5%. The effect was a slight increase in operating surplus of 0.8% to £420,867. A gain on the sale of four flats of £87,590 contributed to a surplus after finance costs and tax of £374,893 which was an increase of 30%.

Overall, financial performance is strong and substantial surpluses are being generated to provide against risk; to repay loan debt; and to fund future component replacements.

Capital Structure and Treasury Management

The Co-operative's long term funding structure at 31st March 2015 was as follows:

Loan finance (repayable in more than one year)	£	4,725,821
Share capital	£	373
Reserves	£	1,945,118
	£	6,671,312

All our loan funding is from the Nationwide Building Society. The total borrowing at 31st March 2015 was £4,957,338 which is the loan finance shown in the table together with £231,517 repayable in the coming year (note 14). The loans are secured on 302 units of our housing stock.

WGHC tries to minimise risk by having a mix of fixed and variable rates. £2,545,584 is fixed at 4.49% including margin until 2021. This is intended to provide some security and stability in the medium term. Our average cost of borrowing in the year was 2.75% (2014: 2.7%). Loan debt was reduced by £228,316 in the year.

Interest cover at 31st March 2015 was 368% (2014: 302%). This ratio reflects our ability to cover the interest on our loans, in this instance showing that the operating surplus plus interest receivable was more than three times interest payable. This is well above the minimum of 110% required by current loan covenants.

Review of Business and Future Developments (Contd)

We have £600,000 in term deposit accounts with the Bank of Scotland and Santander Bank. We also have a deposit account and current accounts with Royal Bank of Scotland. In total, cash in the bank or in hand at 31st March 2015 amounted to £1,576,105 (2014: £905,611). In total current assets were £1,647,129 (2014: £1,185,834) which was 2.7 times current liabilities (2014: 2.0). We believe this indicates a very strong financial position.

Conclusion & Outlook

A reduction in stock turnover and void maintenance costs had been expected but was greater than predicted. The component replacement and planned maintenance programmes in the year were relatively small.

The consequent reduction in workload helped improve already high levels of operating performance despite significant problems arising from staff illness. At the end of the year a maintenance assistant retired due to ill health and a housing officer, with a long term medical condition, switched to part time working. A new maintenance assistant will be recruited in 2015. It is hoped that staffing will stabilise and absences reduce thereafter.

Inflation is currently steady and unemployment falling. Therefore, looking forward we can expect interest rates to rise. Since we are budgeting using long term interest rate assumptions, this should not represent a problem in the short to medium term.

Changes to the regulatory system introduced by the Scottish Housing Regulator will continue to be a burden. A review of our registered rules will be undertaken in 2015.

The Scottish Housing Association Pension Fund (SHAPS) is in deficit. SHAPS has reported an improvement since the last full valuation in September 2012 and a deficit reduction plan is in place. However, the cost of withdrawal for WGHC has been estimated by SHAPS at £1,492,291 (2014: £1,093,276). Pension auto enrolment will affect WGHC from February 2017. Committee will consider making further changes to pension provision in 2016 following publication of the next valuation of the pension fund.

WGHC continued to maintain excellent levels of service to our tenants and to ensure high satisfaction with and demand for our housing. We continue to take steps to minimise financial risk across all our activities with particular emphasis on treasury management. We believe that the Co-operative remains organisationally and financially in a very strong position.

Post Balance Sheet Events

There were no significant post balance sheet events.

Going Concern

After making enquiries, the management committee has a reasonable expectation that the Cooperative has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. For this reason they continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the accounts.

Committee of Management and Executive Officers

The members of the Committee of Management and the Executive Officers are listed on Page 1.

Each member of the Committee of Management holds one fully paid share of £1 in the Co-operative. The Executive Officers hold no interest in the Co-operative's share capital and, although not having the legal status of Directors, they act as Executives within the authority delegated by the Committee of Management.

Statement of Committee of Management's Responsibilities

The Co-operative & Community Benefit Societies Act 2014 requires the Committee of Management to prepare Financial Statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Co-operative and of the surplus or deficit of the Co-operative for that period. In preparing those Financial Statements, the Committee of Management is required to:-

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgments and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the Financial Statements;
- prepare the Financial Statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Co-operative will continue in business;
- prepare a statement on Internal Financial Control.

The Committee of Management is responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Co-operative and to enable them to ensure that the Financial Statements comply with the Co-operative and Community Benefit Societies Act 2014, the Housing (Scotland) Act 2010 and the Determination of Accounting Requirements 2012. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Co-operative and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities. It is also responsible for ensuring the Co-operative's suppliers are paid promptly.

The Committee of Management must in determining how amounts are presented within items in the income and expenditure account and balance sheet, have regard to the substance of the reported transaction or arrangement, in accordance with generally accepted accounting practices.

In so far as the Committee of Management are aware:

- There is no relevant audit information (information needed by the Housing Co-operative's auditors in connection with preparing their report) of which the Co-operative's auditors are unaware, and
- The Committee of Management have taken all steps that they ought to have taken to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Housing Co-operative's auditors are aware of that information.

Statement on Internal Financial Control

The Committee of Management acknowledges its ultimate responsibility for ensuring that the Cooperative has in place a system of controls that is appropriate for the business environment in which it operates. These controls are designed to give reasonable assurance with respect to:

- · the reliability of financial information used within the Co-operative, or for publication
- the maintenance of proper accounting records;
- the safeguarding of assets against unauthorised use or disposition

It is the Committee of Management's responsibility to establish and maintain systems of Internal Financial Control. Such systems can only provide reasonable and not absolute assurance against material financial mis-statement or loss. Key elements of the Co-operative's systems include ensuring that:

- formal policies and procedures are in place, including the ongoing documentation of key systems and rules relating to the delegation of authority, which allow the monitoring of controls and restrict the unauthorised use of the Co-operative's assets;
- experienced and suitably qualified staff take responsibility for important business functions and annual appraisal procedures have been established to maintain standards of performance;
- forecasts and budgets are prepared which allow the management team and the Committee of Management to monitor key business risks, financial objectives and the progress being made towards achieving the financial plans set for the year and for the medium term;
- regular financial management reports are prepared promptly, providing relevant, reliable and up to date financial and other information, with significant variances from budget being investigated as appropriate;
- regulatory returns are prepared, authorised and submitted promptly to the relevant regulatory bodies;
- all significant new initiatives, major commitments and investment projects are subject to formal authorisation procedures, through the Committee of Management;
- the Committee of Management receive reports from management and from the external and internal auditors to provide reasonable assurance that internal financial controls are in place and are effective and that a review of the major risks facing the Association is undertaken;
- formal procedures have been established for instituting appropriate action to correct any weaknesses identified through internal or external audit reports.

The Committee of Management has reviewed the effectiveness of the system of internal financial control in existence in the Co-operative for the year ended 31 March 2015. No weaknesses were found in internal financial controls which resulted in material losses, contingencies or uncertainties which require disclosure in the financial statements or in the auditor's report on the financial statements.

Donations

During the year the Co-operative made charitable donations amounting to £198 (2014 £2,131)

Auditors

A resolution to re-appoint the Auditors, Alexander Sloan, Chartered Accountants, will be proposed at the Annual General Meeting.

By order of the Committee of Management

GERARD GILLIES

Secretary 08 July 2015

REPORT BY THE AUDITORS TO THE MEMBERS OF WEST GRANTON HOUSING CO-OPERATIVE LIMITED ON CORPORATE GOVERNANCE MATTERS

In addition to our audit of the Financial Statements, we have reviewed your statement on page 6 concerning the Co-operative's compliance with the information required by the Regulatory Standards in respect of internal financial controls contained within the publication "Our Regulatory Framework" and associated Regulatory Advice Notes which are issued by the Scottish Housing Regulator.

Basis of Opinion

We carried out our review having regard to the requirements relating to corporate governance matters within Bulletin 2006/5 issued by the Financial Reporting Council. The Bulletin does not require us to review the effectiveness of the Co-operative's procedures for ensuring compliance with the guidance notes, nor to investigate the appropriateness of the reasons given for non-compliance.

Opinion

In our opinion the Statement on Internal Financial Control on page 6 has provided the disclosures required by the relevant Regulatory Standards within the publication "Our Regulatory Framework" and associated Regulatory Advice Notes issued by the Scottish Housing Regulator in respect of internal financial controls and is consistent with the information which came to our attention as a result of our audit work on the Financial Statements.

Through enquiry of certain members of the Committee of Management and Officers of the Cooperative, and examination of relevant documents, we have satisfied ourselves that the Committee of Management's Statement on Internal Financial Control appropriately reflects the Co-operative's compliance with the information required by relevant Regulatory Standards within the publication "Our Regulatory Framework" and associated Regulatory Advice Notes issued by the Scottish Housing Regulator in respect of internal financial controls.

ALEXANDER SLOAN Chartered Accountants

EDINBURGH 08 July 2015

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF WEST GRANTON HOUSING CO-OPERATIVE LIMITED

We have audited the financial statements of West Granton Housing Co-operative Limited for the year ended 31st March 2015 which comprise an income and expenditure account, balance sheet, cash flow statement and related notes. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

This report is made solely to the Co-operative's members, as a body, in accordance with Co-operative and Community Benefit Societies Act 2014. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Co-operative's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditors' report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Co-operative and the Co-operative's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective Responsibilities of Committee of Management and Auditors

As explained more fully in the Statement of Committee of Management's Responsibilities the Co-operative's Committee of Management, are responsible for the preparation of the Financial Statements that give a true and fair view.

Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's (APB's) Ethical Standards for Auditors.

Scope of the audit on the Financial Statements

An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of: whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the Co-operative's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed; the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the Committee of Management; and the overall presentation of the financial statements. In addition, we read all the financial and non-financial information in the Committee of Management's report to identify material inconsistencies with the audited financial statements and to identify any information that is apparently materially incorrect based on, or materially inconsistent with the knowlege acquired by us in the course of performing the audit. If we become aware of any apparent material misstatements or inconsistencies we consider the implications of our report.

Opinion on the financial statements

In our opinion the Financial Statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the Co-operative's affairs as at 31st March 2015 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice: and
- have been properly prepared in accordance with the Co-operative and Community Benefit Societies Act 2014, the Housing (Scotland) Act 2010 and the Determination of Accounting Requirements 2012.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF WEST GRANTON HOUSING CO-OPERATIVE LIMITED

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We are required to report to you if, in our opinion:

- the information given in the Committee of Management's Report is inconsistent with the financial statements.
- proper books of account have not been kept by the Co-operative in accordance with the requirements
 of the legislation.
- a satisfactory system of control over transactions has not been maintained by the Co-operative in accordance with the requirements of the legislation.
- the Income and Expenditure Account to which our report relates, and the Balance Sheet are not in agreement with the books of the Co-operative.
- · we have not received all the information and explanations necessary for the purposes of our audit.

We have nothing to report in respect of these matters.

ALEXANDER SLOAN

Chartered Accountants Statutory Auditors EDINBURGH

Date: 10 July 1015

INCOME AND EXPENDITURE ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31st MARCH 2015

	Notes	£	2015 £	£	2014 £
TURNOVER	2.		1,514,326		1,494,369
Operating Costs	2.		(1,093,459)	•	(1,076,855)
OPERATING SURPLUS	8.		420,867		417,514
Gain On Sale Of Housing Stock		87,590		-	
Interest Receivable and Other Income		8,671		17,141	
Interest Payable and Similar Charges	7.	(140,498)		(143,753)	
•			(44,237)	a vila	(126,612)
SURPLUS ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION			376,630		290,902
Tax on surplus on ordinary activities	9.		(1,737)		(2,912)
SURPLUS ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES AFTER TAXATION			374,893		287,990

All amounts relate to continuing activities. All recognised surpluses and deficits have been included in the Income & Expenditure Account. Historical cost surpluses and deficits are identical to those shown in the accounts.

BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31st MARCH 2015

	Notes	£	2015 £	£	2014 £
TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS Housing Properties - Depreciated Cost Less: Social Housing Grant : Other Public Grants	10.(a) 10.(a) 10.(a)	~	25,011,169 (18,062,510) (1,573,734)		25,296,937 (18,062,510) (1,573,734)
Other fixed assets	10.(b)		5,374,925 265,827 5,640,752		5,660,693 276,267 5,936,960
CURRENT ASSETS Debtors Houses Held for Sale Investments Cash at bank and in hand	12. 20.	71,024 - 600,000 976,105		109,025 171,198 600,000 305,611	,,,,,,,,
CREDITORS: Amounts falling due within one year	13.	1,647,129 (616,569)		1,185,834 (594,135)	
NET CURRENT ASSETS			1,030,560		591,699
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES			6,671,312		6,528,659
CREDITORS: Amounts falling due after more than one year	14.		(4,725,821)		(4,958,062)
NET ASSETS			1,945,491		1,570,597
•	16. 17.(a) 17.(b)	·	373 - 1,945,118		372 - -1,570,225
			1,945,491		1,570,597

The Financial Statements were approved by the Committee of Management and signed on their behalf on 08 July 2015.

L. Grown Chairperson

L Brown

M Duham Treasurer

M Dickson

Secretary

G Gillies

CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31st MARCH 2015

	Notes	£	2015 £	£	2014 £
Net Cash Inflow from Operating Activites	15.		809,841		681,210
Returns on Investment and Servicing of Finance Interest Received Interest Paid		8,685 (140,498)		14,561 (143,753)	
Net Cash Outflow from Investment and Servicing of Finance			(131,813)		(129,192)
Taxation Corporation Tax Paid		(2,912)		(2,202)	
Net Cash Outflow from Taxation			(2,912)		(2,202)
Capital Expenditure and Financial Investment Acquisition and Construction of Properties Purchase of Other Fixed Assets Proceeds on Disposal of Properties		(30,655) (4,452) 258,788		(330,285) (4,780)	
Net Cash Inflow / (Outflow) from Capital Expenditure and Financial Investment		·	223,681		(335,065)
Net Cash Inflow before use of Liquid Resources and Financing		7 -	898,797		214,751
Management of Liquid Resources Change in short term deposits with banks			-		(600,000)
Financing Loan Principal Repayments Share Capital Issued		(228,316)		(224,528)	
Net Cash Outflow from Financing	garaga dar		(228,303)		(224,505)
Increase / (decrease) in Cash	15.		670,494		(609,754)

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31st MARCH 2015

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1 PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis Of Accounting

The Financial Statements have been prepared in accordance with applicable Accounting Standards, the Statement of Recommended Practice - Accounting by Registered Social Landlords 2010, and on the historical cost basis. They also comply with the Determination of Accounting Requirements 2012. A summary of the more important accounting policies is set out below.

Going Concern

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis. The directors have assessed the Co-operative's ability to continue as a going concern and have reasonable expectation that the Co-operative has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the forseeable future. Thus they continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing these financial statements.

Turnover

Turnover represents rental income, revenue based grants, and miscellaneous income. Grants are recognised from the date a claim is submitted and miscellaneous income from the date of receipt. Rents are charged weekly and are generally recognised in the accounts as of the Monday.

Retirement Benefits

The Co-operative participates in the Scottish Housing Association Pension Scheme (SHAPS) which is a defined benefits scheme administered by the Pension Trust. Retirement benefits to employees of the Co-operative are funded by the contributions from all participating employers and employees in the Scheme. Contributions are made in accordance with periodic calculations by consulting actuaries and are based on pension costs applicable across all participants taken as a whole. The charge to the Income & Expenditure Account is the actual contribution payable in the year.

Housing Properties and depreciation

Housing Properties including land are shown at historic cost net of depreciation and Housing Association Grant (HAG) and other capital grants. Land is not depreciated. Useful economic lives for identified components are as follows:

Useful Economic Life
N/A
50 years*
35 years
30 years
25 years
25 years
20 years
15 years
15 years
15 years

^{*}Structures of 5 renovated flats pepper potted in West Pilton have a UEL of only 25 years.

When a component is replaced the replacement cost is capitalised. The cost of the original component and depreciation to date is written out of fixed assets. Any remaining cost not depreciated is written out of fixed assets to the Income & Expenditure Account as a loss of disposal of fixed assets and included in depreciation of housing within operating costs for social letting.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31st MARCH 2015

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

1 PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued.)

Non housing fixed assets and depreciation

For all non housing fixed assets depreciation is charged quarterly on a straight line basis over the expected remaining useful life.

Office Premises

over 50 years from practical completion

Office Equipment, Fixtures and Fittings Flat White Goods and Fittings

over 4 years from acquisition over 6 years from acquisition

Playground Equipment

over 10 years from acquisition

Individual items of less than approximately £100 are charged to operating costs and not depreciated. The carrying value of the tangible fixed assets are reviewed for impairment in periods if events or changes in circumstances indicate the carrying value may not be recoverable.

Social Housing Grant And Other Grants

Social Housing Grant (SHG) and other grants received are usually paid direct to the Co-operative and are reflected in the accounts when due to be recovered. These grants are deducted from the cost of fixed assets where they contribute to capital expenditure on either housing properties or other fixed assets.

SHG is repayable under certain circumstances, primarily following sale of property, but will normally be restricted to net proceeds of sale. Where agreement of the value of SHG to be repaid has been reached with the City of Edinburgh Council, prior to the sale, the value is recognised as a liability in the accounts.

Grants are credited to the Income & Expenditure Account as part of Turnover where they contribute to revenue expenditure.

Works to Existing Housing Properties and Capitalisation of Major Works

Works which improve housing properties or prolong their life or significantly reduce the maintenance costs may be capitalised and added to the historic costs. Where these works add to or significantly improve the properties this will be reflected in an increase in rents.

Works to adapt properties for the use of people with disabilities are not capitalised and are not reflected in rents.

Taxation

As a fully mutual co-operative housing association, under s488 of the Income & Corporation Tax Act the Co-operative is only liable for tax on investment income. The Co-operative is not eligible for grants towards corporation tax.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31st MARCH 2015

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

2. PARTICULARS OF TURNOVER, COST OF SALES, OPERATING COSTS AND OPERATING SURPLUS

			2015		20)14	
				Operating			Operating
			Operating	Surplus /		Operating	Surplus /
	Notes	Turnover	Costs	(Deficit)	Turnover	Costs	(Deficit)
	•	£	£	£	£	£	£
Social Lettings	3.	1,514,314	1,093,459	420,855	1,494,341	1,076,855	417,486
Other Activities	4.	12	· -	12	28		28
Total		1,514,326	1,093,459	420,867	1,494,369	1,076,855	417,514

3. PARTICULARS OF INCOME & EXPENDITURE FROM SOCIAL LETTINGS

	2015	2014
	Total	Total
•	£	£
Income from Lettings		
Rent Receivable Net of Identifiable Service Charges	1,483,742	1,475,719
Service Charges Receivable	41,446	41,165
Gross Rents Receivable	1,525,188	1,516,884
Less: Rent losses from voids	12,050	22,870
Net Rents Receivable	1,513,138	1,494,014
Revenue Grants from Scottish Ministers	1,176	327
Total Income From Social Letting	1,514,314	1,494,341
Expenditure on Social Letting Activities		
Service Costs	42,974	43,171
Management and maintenance administration costs	496,043	464,832
Reactive Maintenance	131,364	176,899
Bad Debts - Rents and Service Charges	2,302	7,935
Planned and Cyclical Maintenance, including Major Repairs	121,207	84,278
Depreciation of Social Housing	299,569	299,740
Operating Costs of Social Letting	1,093,459	1,076,855
	The second second	
Operating Surplus on Social Letting Activities	420,855	417,486

The only activity undertaken is General Needs Housing.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31st MARCH 2015

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

4. PARTICULARS OF TURNOVER, OPERATING COSTS AND OPERATING SURPLUS OR DEFICIT FROM OTHER ACTIVITIES

	Other Income £	Total Turnover £	Operating Costs Other	Operating Surplus / (Deficit) 2015 £	Operating Surplus / (Deficit) 2014 £
Expired shares retained	12	12		12	28_
Total From Other Activities	12	12		12	28
2014	28	28	·	28	

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31st MARCH 2015

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

5. OFFICERS' EMOLUMENTS		
The Officers are defined in s149 of the Co-operative and Community Benefit Societies Act 2014 as the members of the Management Committee, managers or servants of the	2015	2014
Association.	£	£
No Officer of the Co-operative received emoluments greater than £60,000		
Emoluments payable to Chief Executive (excluding pension contributions)	59,018	57,691
6. EMPLOYEE INFORMATION		
	2015	2014
	2010	2014
	No.	No.
The average monthly number of full time equivalent persons employed during the year was	No. 8	No. 8
employed during the year was	8	8
	•	
employed during the year was	8	8
employed during the year was The average total number of Employees employed during the year was	9	9
employed during the year was The average total number of Employees employed during the year was Staff Costs were:		
employed during the year was The average total number of Employees employed during the year was Staff Costs were: Wages and Salaries	9 £ 270,750 1,397 20,979	8 9 £ 258,196 1,320 21,254
employed during the year was The average total number of Employees employed during the year was Staff Costs were: Wages and Salaries Professional fees Social Security Costs Pension costs - current employees	9 £ 270,750 1,397 20,979 24,096	8 9 £ 258,196 1,320 21,254 18,327
employed during the year was The average total number of Employees employed during the year was Staff Costs were: Wages and Salaries Professional fees Social Security Costs Pension costs - current employees Pension costs - past service deficit	9 £ 270,750 1,397 20,979	8 9 £ 258,196 1,320 21,254 18,327 18,623
employed during the year was The average total number of Employees employed during the year was Staff Costs were: Wages and Salaries Professional fees Social Security Costs Pension costs - current employees	9 £ 270,750 1,397 20,979 24,096	8 9 £ 258,196 1,320 21,254 18,327
employed during the year was The average total number of Employees employed during the year was Staff Costs were: Wages and Salaries Professional fees Social Security Costs Pension costs - current employees Pension costs - past service deficit	9 £ 270,750 1,397 20,979 24,096	8 9 £ 258,196 1,320 21,254 18,327 18,623

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31st MARCH 2015

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

7. INTEREST PAYABLE		
	2015	2014
	£	£
On Building Society Mortgage	140,498	143,753

There was no deferred interest. Taxes were paid on time, therefore, there was no interest charged for late payment of taxation

late payment of taxation			
8. SURPLUS ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION			
Surplus on Ordinary Activities before Taxation is stated after charging:- Depreciation - Tangible Owned Fixed Assets Auditors' Remuneration - Audit Services - Other Services Gain on sale of fixed assets	2015 £ 314,461 5,556 1,440	2014 £ 315,128 5,226 300	
9. TAX ON SURPLUS ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES			
(i) Analysis of Charge in Year Current Tax;	2015 £	2014 £	•
UK Corporation Tax on surplus on ordinary activities	1,737	2,912	

Tax charged represents UK corporation tax on loan interest

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31st MARCH 2015

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

							E	

a) Housing Properties	Housing Properties Held for Letting £	Total £
COST As at 1st April 2014 Additions Disposals Schemes Completed	27,997,410 13,802 (6,808)	27,997,410 13,802 (6,808)
As at 31st March 2015	28,004,404	28,004,404
DEPRECIATION As at 1st April 2014 Charge for Year Disposals	2,700,473 299,439 (6,677)	2,700,473 299,439 (6,677)
As at 31st March 2015	2,993,235	2,993,235
SOCIAL HOUSING GRANT As at 1st April 2014 Additions Disposals Schemes Completed	18,062,510 - - - -	18,062,510
As at 31st March 2015	18,062,510	18,062,510
OTHER CAPITAL GRANTS As at 1st April 2014 Additions Disposals Schemes Completed	1,573,734	1,573,734 - -
As at 31st March 2015	1,573,734	1,573,734
NET BOOK VALUE As at 31st March 2015	5,374,925	5,374,925
As at 31st March 2014	5,660,693	5,660,693

All land and housing properties are freehold. All land included in fixed assets is owned by the Cooperative. Land is included at historic cost.

Houses held for letting at 31st March 2015 consisted of 376 units (2014: 376). There were no additions in the year.

Changes to the historic cost of houses held for letting results from additions and disposals arising wholly from replacement of housing components in the year. Any net book value remaining on components replaced is added to depreciation in the year of disposal.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31st MARCH 2015

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

10. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS (Continued)

b) Other Tangible Assets

· .	Playground Equipment £	Flats White Goods & Fittings £	Office Premises £	Office Furniture & Equipment £	Total £
COST					-
As at 1st April 2014	7,697	11,485	309,913	52,191	381,286
Additions	-	205	-	4,247	4,452
Eliminated on Disposals			 	(4,055)	(4,055)
As at 31st March 2015	7,697	11,690	309,913	52,383	381,683
AGGREGATE DEPRECIATION					•
As at 1st April 2014	2,497	7,754	51,485	43,283	105,019
Charge for year	768	1,196	6,785	6,143	14,892
Eliminated on disposal				(4,055)	(4,055)
As at 31st March 2015	3,265	8,950	58,270	45,371	115,856
NET BOOK VALUE					
As at 31st March 2015	4,432	2,740	251,643	7,012	265,827
As at 31st March 2014	5,200	3,731	258,428	8,908	276,267

11. CAPITAL COMMITMENTS

There were no capital commitments at 31st March 2015 (2014: none)

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31st MARCH 2015

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

	2015	2014
	£	£
Arrears of Rent & Service Charges	70,987	77,861
Less: Provision for Doubtful Debts	(10,300)	(9,000)
	60,687	68,861
Other Debtors and prepayments	10,337	40,164
	71,024	109,025

Arrears is shown as at 31st March 2015. WGHC charges weekly rents, Monday to Sunday. Tenants may pay at any time during the week. Some tenants pay part or all of their rent through housing benefit. This is paid either one week or four weeks after it is due and WGHC accepts payment of housing benefit outside the normal weekly cycle. March 31st 2015 was a Tuesday, March 31st 2014 was a Monday, the start of the rent week.

In measuring arrears and reporting to the Scottish Housing Regulator, payments made after the end of the financial period, but to an agreed schedule are excluded. However, arrears written off in the year and provision for bad debts are included. The arrears reported to the Scottish Housing Regulator are shown below:

	2015	2014
	£	£
Arrears 31st March	70,987	77,861
Arrears written off to bad debts in year	1,002	2,735
Less; housing benefit due in respect of arrears	(45,361)	(47,436)
Less: payments in respect of arrears made later in rent week	(3,701)	(8,469)
Gross Rent arrears reported to Scottish Housing Regulator	22,927	24,691
Gross rent arrears as a percentage of rent due for the year	1.51%	1.65%

13. CREDITORS: Amounts falling due within one year

	2015	2014
	£	£
Housing Loans	231,517	227,592
Rent in Advance	11,763	7,935
Corporation Tax	1,737	2,912
Other Taxation and Social Security	11,295	9,635
Social Housing Grant Repayable	289,544	289,544
Other Creditors	70,713	56,517
	616,569	594,135

At the balance sheet date there were pension contributions outstanding of £4697 (2014 £5,043)

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31st MARCH 2015

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

14. CREDITORS: Amounts falling due after more than one year

			2015	2014
			£	£
Housing Loans	•		4,725,821	4,958,062
T		 	 	

The Housing Loans from Nationwide Building Society are secured by specific charges on 302 of 376 housing properties and are repayable over a period of between 10 and 25 years as follows, assuming interest rates of 4.5% on three loans and 0.875% on the remaining loans.

Within one year	231,517	227,592
Between one and two years	236,041	231,907
Between two and five years	736,779	723,069
In five years or more	3,753,001	4,003,086
	4,957,338	5,185,654
Less: Amount shown in Current Liabilities	231,517	227,592
	4,725,821	4,958,062

£2,545,584 of the housing loans is on a fixed rate of 4.49% until February 2021. It will then revert to 3 months LIBOR plus a margin of 35 points which is the rate applying to the remaining loans. The average rate of borrowing in the year to 31st March 2015 was 2.75% (2014: 2.7%).

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31st MARCH 2015

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

15. CASH FLOW STATEMENT				
Reconciliation of operating surplus to net cash in operating activites	flow from		2015 £	2014 £
Operating Surplus Depreciation Change in Debtors Change in Creditors Gain on sale of fixed assets Share Capital Written Off			420,867 314,461 37,988 36,537	417,514 315,128 (43,749) (7,655)
Net Cash Inflow from Operating Activites			809,841	681,210
Reconciliation of net cash flow to movement in net debt	2015 £	£	2014 £	£
Increase / (decrease) in Cash Cash flow from management of liquid resources Cash flow from change in debt	670,494		(609,754) 600,000 224,528	
Movement in net debt during year Net debt at 1st April 2014		898,810 (4,280,043)	·	214,774 (4,494,817)
Net debt at 31st March 2015		(3,381,233)		(4,280,043)
Analysis of changes in net debt	At 01.04.14 £	Cash Flows £	Other Changes £	At 31.03.15 £
Cash at bank and in hand Bank Overdrafts	305,611	670,494		976,105
Liquid Resources Debt: Due within one year Due after more than one year	305,611 600,000 (227,592) (4,958,062)	670,494 - 228,316 -	(232,241)	976,105 600,000 (231,517) (4,725,821)
Net Debt	(4,280,043)	898,810		(3,381,233)

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31st MARCH 2015

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

16. SHARE CAPITAL

Shares of £1 each Issued and Fully Paid	£
At 1st April 2014	372
Issued in year	13
Cancelled in year	(12)
At 31st March 2015	373

All Co-operative tenants are members and each has one share. These shares carry no rights to dividend or distributions on a winding up. Each shareholder has one vote at general meetings of the Co-operative. When a shareholder ceases to be a member, that person's share is cancelled and the amount paid thereon becomes the property of the Co-operative. At 31st March 2015, there were 373 members.

17. RESERVES

(a) Revenue Reserves	Total
	£
At 1st April 2014	1,570,225
Surplus for the year	374,893
At 31st March 2015	1,945,118

18. HOUSING STOCK

2015	2014
No.	No.
371	371
5	5,
·	
376	376
	No. 371 5

19. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Members of the Committee of Management are related parties of the Co-operative as defined by Financial Reporting Standard 8.

All members of the Committee are tenants. Their tenancies are on the Co-operative's normal terms and membership of the Committee confers no additional benefits. Expenses totalling £Nil (2014 - £292) were reimbursed to Committee Members.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31st MARCH 2015

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

20. CURRENT ASSET INVESTMENTS

2015 2014 £ £

Short Term Deposits

600,000 600,000

21. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

As highlighted in Note 22 Retirement Benefit Obligations: in respect of the Scottish Housing Associations' Pension Scheme there is a potential debt on WGHC that could be levied by the Trustee of the Scheme in the event of WGHC ceasing to participate in the Scheme or the Scheme winding up. This debt has been calculated as at 30 September 2014 by the Scheme at £1,492,291. WGHC contributes to past pension deficits through a recovery plan as noted in Note 22 which is revised on a triennial basis.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31st MARCH 2015

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

22. RETIREMENT BENEFIT OBLIGATIONS

General

West Granton Housing Co-operative Limited participates in the Scottish Housing Associations' Pension Scheme (the scheme). The Scheme is a multi-employer defined benefit scheme. The Scheme is funded and is contracted out of the state scheme.

It is not possible in the normal course of events to identify the share of underlying assets and liabilities belonging to individual participating employers as the scheme is a multi-employer arrangement where the assets are co-mingled for investment purposes, benefits are paid from the total scheme assets, and the contribution rate for all employers is set by reference to the overall financial position of the scheme rather than by reference to the individual employer experience. Accordingly, due to the nature of the Scheme, the accounting charge for the period under FRS 17 represents the employer contribution payable.

The Scheme offers six benefit structures to employers, namely:

- Final salary with a 1/60th accrual rate.
- Career average revalued earnings with a 1/60th accrual rate
- Career average revalued earnings with a 1/70th accrual rate
- Career average revalued earnings with a 1/80th accrual rate
- · Career average revalued earnings with a 1/120th accrual rate, contracted in
- Defined Contribution

An employer can elect to operate different benefit structures for their active members (as at the first day of April in any given year) and their new entrants. An employer can only operate one open benefit structure at any one time. An open benefit structure is one which new entrants are able to join.

West Granton Housing Co-operative Limited has elected to operate the final salary with a 1/60th accrual rate for active members and the career average revalued earnings with a 1/80th accrual rate for new entrants from 01 April 2014.

The Trustee commissions an actuarial valuation of the Scheme every three years. The main purpose of the valuation is to determine the financial position of the Scheme in order to determine the level of future contributions required, so that the Scheme can meet its pension obligations as they fall due.

The actuarial valuation assesses whether the Scheme's assets at the valuation date are likely to be sufficient to pay the pension benefits accrued by members as at the valuation date. Asset values are calculated by reference to market values. Accrued pension benefits are valued by discounting expected future benefit payments using a discount rate calculated by reference to the expected future investment returns.

During the accounting period West Granton Housing Co-operative Limited paid contributions at the rate of 12.3% of pensionable salaries. Member contributions were 12.3%.

As at the balance sheet date there were 6 active members of the Scheme employed by West Granton Housing Co-operative Limited. The annual pensionable payroll in respect of these members was £195,903. West Granton Housing Co-operative Limited continues to offer membership of the Scheme to its employees.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31st MARCH 2015

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

22. RETIREMENT BENEFIT OBLIGATIONS (Continued)

The last formal valuation of the Scheme was performed as at 30th September 2012 by a professionally qualified actuary using the Projected Unit Credit method. The market value of the Scheme's assets at the valuation date was £394m. The valuation revealed a shortfall of assets compared with the value of liabilities of £304m (equivalent to a past service funding level of 56.4%).

The Scheme Actuary has prepared an Actuarial Report that provides an approximate update on the funding position of the Scheme as at 30th September 2014. Such a report is required by legislation for years in which a full actuarial valuation is not carried out. The funding update revealed an increase in the assets of the Scheme to £539 million and indicated a decrease in the shortfall of assets compared to liabilities to approximately £281 million, equivalent to a past service funding level of 66%.

Financial Assumptions

The key financial assumptions underlying the valuation as at 30th September 2012 were as follows:

	% p.a.
- Investment return pre-retirement	5.3
- Investment return post-retirement - non pensioners	3.4
- Investment return post-retirement - pensioners	3.4
- Rate of Salary increases	4.1
- Rate of price inflation: RPI CPI	2.6 2.0

The valuation was carried out using the SAPS (S1PA) All pensioners Year of Birth Long Cohort with 1% p.a. minimum improvement for non-pensioners and pensioners.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31st MARCH 2015

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

22. RETIREMENT BENEFIT OBLIGATIONS (Continued)

Valuation Results

The long-term joint contribution rates required from employers and members to meet the cost of future benefit accrual were assessed as:

Benefit Structure	Long-term joint contribution rate (% of pensionable
Final salary - 60ths	24.6
Career average 60ths	22.4
Career average 70ths	19.2
Career average 80ths	16.9
Career average 120ths	11.4

If an actuarial valuation reveals a shortfall of assets compared to liabilities the Trustee must prepare a recovery plan setting out the steps to be taken to make up the shortfall.

The Trustees have recently supplied West Granton Housing Co-operative Limited with an updated contribution figure to the past service deficit. From 1 April 2015 West Granton Housing Co-operative Limited will be required to pay £42,580 per annum as a contribution to the past service deficit. This will represent an increase/decrease of 3% in West Granton Housing Co-operative Limited's contribution to the past service deficit. The deficit contribution will increase each April by 3%.

As a result of Pension Scheme legislation there is a potential debt on the employer that could be levied by the Trustee of the Scheme. The debt is due in the event of the employer ceasing to participate in the Scheme or the Scheme winding up.

The debt for the Scheme as a whole is calculated by comparing the liabilities for the Scheme (calculated on a buyout basis i.e. the cost of securing benefits by purchasing annuity policies from an insurer, plus an allowance for expenses) with the assets of the Scheme. If the liabilities exceed assets there is a buy-out debt.

The leaving employer's share of the buy-out debt is the proportion of the Scheme's liability attributable to employment with the leaving employer compared to the total amount of the Scheme's liabilities (relating to employment with all the currently participating employers). The leaving employer's debt therefore includes a share of any "orphan" liabilities in respect of previously participating employers. The amount of the debt therefore depends on many factors including total Scheme liabilities, Scheme investment performance, the liabilities in respect of current and former employees of the employer, financial conditions at the time of the cessation event and the insurance buy-out market. The amounts of debt can therefore be volatile over time.