

## **Thenue Housing Association Limited**

Report and Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 March 2021

Registered Social Landlord No. HAL193

FCA Reference No. 1933R(S)

Scottish Charity No. SC032782

## REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

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## BOARD OF MANAGEMENT, EXECUTIVE AND ADVISERS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

#### **BOARD OF MANAGEMENT**

Derek Quinn
Pauline Casey
Maureen Dowden
George Alexander
Jeanette Goode
Abdifatah Hayde
Robert Kelly
David Keltie-Armstrong
Nicola McCurdy
Howard Mole
Florence O'Hale
William Redmond
Owen Stewart

Chairperson Joint Vice Chairperson Joint Vice Chairperson Resigned 29 September 2020 Resigned 9 February 2021

Appointed 9 February 2021

Resigned 29 September 2020

Resigned 27 August 2020

Appointed 22 September 2020

#### **EXECUTIVE OFFICERS**

Elizabeth Williamson

Charles Turner John Russell Eleanor Derbyshire Gary Naylor

#### REGISTERED OFFICE

423 London Road Glasgow G40 1AG

### **EXTERNAL AUDITORS**

Alexander Sloan Accountants and Business Advisers 180 St Vincent Street Glasgow G2 5SG

#### **BANKERS**

Bank of Scotland The Mound Edinburgh EH1 1YZ

#### **SOLICITORS**

TC Young 7 West George Street Glasgow G2 1BA

#### **INTERNAL AUDITORS**

Wylie & Bisset LLP 168 Bath Street Glasgow G2 4TP

### REPORT OF THE BOARD OF MANAGEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

The Board of Management presents its report and the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2021.

#### **Legal Status**

The Association is registered with the Financial Conduct Authority as a Co-operative and Community Benefit Society (No. 1933R(S)), the Scottish Housing Regulator as a registered social landlord (No. HAL193) under the Housing (Scotland) Act 2010 and as is a registered Scottish Charity with the charity number SC032782.

#### **Principal Activities**

The principal activities of the Association are the provision and management of affordable rented accommodation.

#### **Review of Business and Future Developments**

For the last 42 years the association's aim is always to work together to create better homes and stronger communities. That means that Thenue is committed to developing, managing, and maintaining a range of affordable quality housing in sustainable communities. Working with partners and people, the aim is to improve all services and grow deep community roots. This past year the association, driven and underpinned by our vales of passion, connection, respect, and connection, have done all of this and more, caused by the unprecedented world-wide uncertainty created by the corona virus pandemic. A full year like no other. A year which, despite the front door of the office remaining closed for every one of those 365 days, saw the whole organisation step beyond our comfort zone and be there for our customers when they needed us most, in different and imaginative ways throughout the whole duration. A duration being the length of time that something lasts, and in the case of the covid-19 virus, it seems that this time might be infinite, so many of the 'old' ways of working look like being a thing of the past. Even as this text forms part of the 2020/21 annual accounts, the association has still not had an opportunity to open the front door of the office to be able to welcome customers back for face-to-face interactions.

However, despite everything that the association and our communities have had to endure over the course of the whole year, the only thing that has not worked and remained closed, is that front door. Every other single part of the organisation has worked remarkably well and adapted to new ways of working, connection and communicating both internally and externally.

Over the recent years the association has invested heavily in technology, which meant that the emergency situation brought on by the pandemic did not cause us either a panic or a crisis. It meant that as far as the staff were concerned, work was very much something they did, rather than a place to do it. The vast majority of the work completed during the year was co-ordinated by staff working from home. But not all of that resultant work was actually completed at home; it was completed in every one of the associations 2,993 fully owned properties. That number was just 3 more than the year end figure last year, and would have been more had the effects of the pandemic not hit us. The year saw the development of 138 properties come to an immediate and abrupt halt. As the year progressed, work to develop 77 houses and flats at Abercromby Street re-commenced, as did the restoration and renovation work at the 120-year-old sandstone tenement known as Craignestock Mansions. In addition, the modernisation work at 25 flats overlooking Glasgow Green also re-commenced, alas however our development of 27 retirement flats at Landressy Place stalled severely. The financial effects of the pandemic caused our contractor to enter liquidation, and that project was further compromised by an arson attack, and even beyond the year end no recovery work was possible at this site.

### REPORT OF THE BOARD OF MANAGEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

#### Review of Business and Future Developments (Contd.)

Our plans to build new housing at both at Blackhill and Dalmarnock remain very much in focus, but neither have definite site start dates at the moment.

The abruptness of the pandemic hitting the association had significant financial consequences, both negatively and positively. The association generated an operating surplus of £4.81m compared with the expected operating surplus of £4.03m This represented an improvement of £0.78m and after accounting for non-operating items, the overall surplus in the 12 months amounted to £3.10m which is £1.02m higher than assumed in the budget. The main factors underpinning the improvement against the budget were lower than anticipated repair costs of £505k, lower than anticipated office and overhead costs of £198k, lower than expected level of bad debt provision of £146k and savings in loan interest and charges of £156k. An unexpected sale of a detached villa on the south side of the city yielded a gain of £101k.

The effects of the covid pandemic compromised access to resident's property, the requirements of tradesmen to have to concentrate on only emergency situations for a large part of the year and the government's requirements to have to cease certain categories of work during the year. However, even throughout the height of those restrictions the association continued to address repair, maintenance and component replacement issues spending £3.3m on revenue repair costs and a further £0.56m in capital improvements.

180 properties were re-let during the year, with current tenants taking 13% of them, 24% being allocated to applicants from the general 'waiting' list, 58% being offered to homeless families and referrals from other organisations making up the balance of 5%. The pandemic situation affected the turnaround time in between tenancies, because of the necessity for 'misting', ventilation, single trade operatives on site only and the consequential 72-hour fallow period, so the average void period during the year was 29 days, incurring some £137k of lost rent as a result.

For most of the year we had to restrict reactive repairs to emergencies only, so of the 8,500 repairs that were completed during the year, some 46% fell into this category, (usually closer to 24%). More than 94% of all repairs were completed right first time and overall, 95% of tenants remained satisfied with the reactive repairs service. Tenant satisfaction overall, measured independently during the year remained high at 95%. 70% of tenants were satisfied with opportunities to participate in some decision making, so there remains work still to be done with the remaining 30%.

The pandemic meant that delays to most of the associations planned or cyclical work became unavoidable, and the range of work affected this way included refurbishment of some hitherto empty properties, kitchen and boiler replacements in Blackhill, window replacements in Netherholm and Dalmarnock, dispersed alarm installations in retirement properties and the completion of work to upgrade smoke, heat & carbon monoxide detectors to meet legislative compliance. By the end of the year all this work had resumed meaning all programmes of work, both internally and externally was back on track.

The health and safety of all people associated with Thenue remained paramount throughout the year. The aspiration to complete 100% gas safety inspections was compromised because of some vulnerable tenants having to 'shield' to protect themselves, resulting in 99.8% completed in time at the year end. In numbers at the year end, this equated to 5 properties, but during the year it was as high as 62. Two minor staff workplace accidents took place, but the controls and changes to working procedures helped achieve overall staff attendance at 98.1%. Staff turnover at 15% was the consequence of funding for two Wider Role projects, (clic digital inclusion and Choices for Change), coming to an end.

### REPORT OF THE BOARD OF MANAGEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

#### Review of Business and Future Developments (Contd.)

252 of the 256 anti-social complaints referred to the association were resolved within locally agreed timescales and every one of the 45 general service complaints was also resolved within target times of either 5 or 20 days, depending on the nature of that complaint. Not one complaint was referred unresolved to the Ombudsman.

In times of austerity, the pandemic situation compounded with the ongoing roll-out of Universal Credit, collecting 100% of our rental income was always going to be a major challenge. However, given the tricky circumstances and the financial effects of the corona virus pandemic on tenants throughout the year, that challenge proved impossible to achieve. Governments introduced temporary legislation and provisions to assist all citizens during the pandemic, and such measures included a moratorium on evictions as a result of financial difficulties and a £20 weekly rise in Universal Credit. Only one eviction took place at Thenue, and the cause of that was the distress of others being caused by the tenant. Financially, 98%\* of the £13.9m\* of rental income was collected, and gross rent arrears sat at £730k\* at the year end. We were pleased however that current tenant arrears at 2.4% exceeded our annual target of 2.7%. (\* figures here based on the Annual Charter Return definitions)

Overall, an operating surplus of £4.81 million was generated in the year. After accounting for non-operating items, the overall surplus in the twelve months amounted to £3.1 million. Loans with three lenders, (Royal Bank of Scotland, Nationwide Building Society and The Housing Finance Corporation), when combined, totalled some £37.2million at the end of the year. Consistently throughout the year the association has satisfied all relevant financial covenants.

Overall, given everything that the association had to react and respond to, the year was a very satisfactory one. Having cash reserves of £6.7million at the year-end was very welcome, and this will help deal with part of the backlog of work carried over from last year, as well as being able to fund future development projects, ongoing major repairs and some of the new energy efficiency requirements associated with the Energy Efficiency Standard for Social Housing post 2020, (known as EESSH2). Throughout the past year and well into next year the association's Board of Management closely monitor risk, finances, key performance indicators and value for money. The Board is guided by the seven standards of Governance and Financial Management for Registered Social Landlords and also supports the staff team to deliver housing related services to all the association's customers. For most of the year, most of the staff have been working remotely, using either IT or appropriate PPE whilst carrying out their daily tasks. Living with the effects of the covid virus will mean that much work will continue to be carried out this way going forward, but with some optimism, the association looks forward to the re-introduction of the one thing that has been missing for the entire year – and that being able to open the association's front door and be able to welcome customers face-to-face, once again, even if that is behind a face covering.

### REPORT OF THE BOARD OF MANAGEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

#### **Board of Management and Executive Officers**

The members of the Board of Management and the Executive officers are listed on page 1.

Each member of the Board of Management holds one fully paid share of £1 in the Association. The Executive Officers hold no interest in the Association's share capital and, although not having the legal status of directors, they act as executives within the authority delegated by the Board of Management.

The members of the Board of Management are also trustees of the charity. Members of the Board of Management are appointed by the members at the Association's Annual General Meeting.

#### Statement of Board of Management's Responsibilities

The Co-operative and Community Benefit Societies Act 2014 requires the Board of Management to prepare financial statements for each financial year that give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Association and of the surplus or deficit of the Association for that period. In preparing those financial statements the Board of Management is required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- prepare the financial statements on a going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Association will continue in business; and
- prepare a statement on internal financial control.

The Board of Management is responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Association and to enable them to: ensure that the financial statements comply with the Co-operative and Community Benefit Societies Act 2014, the Housing (Scotland) Act 2010 and the Determination of Accounting Requirements 2019. It is also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Association and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities. It is also responsible for ensuring the Association's suppliers are paid promptly.

#### **Going Concern**

Based on its budgetary and forecasting processes the Board of Management has a reasonable expectation that the Association has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future; therefore, it continues to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the annual financial statements.

### REPORT OF THE BOARD OF MANAGEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

#### Statement on Internal Financial Control

The Board of Management acknowledges its ultimate responsibility for ensuring that the Association has in place a system of controls that is appropriate for the business environment in which it operates. These controls are designed to give reasonable assurance with respect to:

- the reliability of financial information used within the Association, or for publication;
- the maintenance of proper accounting records;
- the safeguarding of assets against unauthorised use or disposition.

It is the Board of Management's responsibility to establish and maintain systems of internal financial control. Such systems can only provide reasonable and not absolute assurance against material financial misstatement or loss. Key elements of the Association's systems include ensuring that:

- formal policies and procedures are in place, including the ongoing documentation of key systems and rules relating to the delegation of authority, which allow the monitoring of controls and restrict the unauthorised use of Association's assets:
- experienced and suitably qualified staff take responsibility for important business functions and annual appraisal procedures have been established to maintain standards of performance;
- forecasts and budgets are prepared which allow the management team and the Board of Management to monitor key business risks, financial objectives and the progress being made towards achieving the financial plans set for the year and for the medium term;
- quarterly financial management reports are prepared promptly, providing relevant, reliable and up to date financial and other information, with significant variances from budget being investigated as appropriate;
- regulatory returns are prepared, authorised and submitted promptly to the relevant regulatory bodies:
- all significant new initiatives, major commitments and investment projects are subject to formal authorisation procedures, through the Board of Management;
- the Board of Management receives reports from management and from the external and internal auditors to provide reasonable assurance that control procedures are in place and are being followed and that a general review of the major risks facing the Association is undertaken;
- formal procedures have been established for instituting appropriate action to correct any weaknesses identified through internal or external audit reports.

The Board of Management has reviewed the effectiveness of the system of internal financial control in existence in the Association for the year end 31 March 2021. No weaknesses were found in the internal financial controls which resulted in material losses, contingencies or uncertainties which require disclosure in the financial statements or in the auditor's report on the financial statements.

#### **Donations**

During the year the Association made charitable donations of £Nil (2020 - £Nil).

#### **Disclosure of Information to the Auditor**

The members of the Board of Management at the date of approval of these financial statements have confirmed, as far as they are aware, that there is no relevant information of which the auditors are unaware. They confirm that they have taken all steps that they ought to have taken to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that it has been communicated to the auditors.

#### **Auditor**

A resolution to reappoint the Auditors, Alexander Sloan, Accountants and Business Advisers, will be proposed at the Annual General Meeting.

## REPORT OF THE Board of Management FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

By order of the Board of Management



Charles Turner Secretary 17 August 2021

# REPORT BY THE AUDITORS TO THE MEMBERS OF THENUE HOUSING ASSOCIATION LIMITED ON CORPORATE GOVERNANCE MATTERS

In addition to our audit of the financial statements, we have reviewed your statement on page 6 concerning the Association's compliance with the information required by the Regulatory Standards in respect of internal financial controls contained in the publication "Our Regulatory Framework" and associated Regulatory Advice Notes which are issued by the Scottish Housing Regulator.

#### **Basis of Opinion**

We carried out our review having regard to the requirements to corporate governance matters within Bulletin 2006/5 issued by the Financial Reporting Council. The Bulletin does not require us to review the effectiveness of the Association's procedures for ensuring compliance with the guidance notes, nor to investigate the appropriateness of the reason given for non-compliance.

#### **Opinion**

In our opinion the Statement of Internal Financial Control on page 6 has provided the disclosures required by the relevant Regulatory Standards within the publication "Our Regulatory Framework" and associated Regulatory Advice Notes issued by the Scottish Housing Regulator in respect of internal financial controls and is consistent with the information which came to our attention as a result of our audit work on the financial statements.

Through enquiry of certain members of the Board of Management and Officers of the Association and examination of relevant documents, we have satisfied ourselves that the Board of Management's Statement on Internal Financial Control appropriately reflects the Association's compliance with the information required by the relevant Regulatory Standards in respect of internal financial controls contained within the publication "Our Regulatory Framework" and associated Regulatory Advice Notes issued by the Scottish Housing Regulator in respect of internal financial controls.



ALEXANDER SLOAN
Accountants and Business Advisers
Statutory Auditors
GLASGOW
17 August 2021



### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF THENUE HOUSING ASSOCIATION LIMITED FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

#### **Opinion**

We have audited the financial statements of Thenue Housing Association Limited (the 'Association') for the year ended 31 March 2021 which comprise the Statement of Comprehensive Income, Statement of Financial Position, Statement of Cash Flows, Statement of Changes in Equity and related notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the Association's affairs as at 31 March 2021 and of the surplus for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Co-operative and Community Benefit Societies Act 2014, the Housing (Scotland) Act 2010 and the Determination of Accounting Requirements 2019.

#### **Basis of Opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the Association in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the United Kingdom, including the Financial Reporting Council's Ethical Standard and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

#### Conclusions relating to going concern

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the Board of Management use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the Association's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the Board of Management with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

#### Other Information

The Board of Management is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information contained in the annual report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

## INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF THENUE HOUSING ASSOCIATION LIMITED FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021 (continued)

#### Other Information (Contd.)

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

#### Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Co-operative and Community Benefit Societies Act 2014 require us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- proper books of account have not been kept by the Association in accordance with the requirements of the legislation;
- a satisfactory system of control over transactions has not been maintained by the Association in accordance with the requirements of the legislation;
- the Statement of Comprehensive Income and Statement of Financial Position are not in agreement with the books of account of the Association; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

#### Responsibilities of the Board of Management

As explained more fully in the statement of Board of Management's responsibilities as set out on page 5, the Board of Management is responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give true and fair view, and for such internal control as the Board of Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the Board of Management is responsible for assessing the Association's ability to continue as a going concern , disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Board of Management either intend to liquidate the Association or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

#### Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

Irregularities, including fraud, are instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations. We design procedures in line with our responsibilities, outlined above, to detect material misstatements in respect of irregularities, including fraud. The extent to which our procedures are capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud is detailed below:

## INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF THENUE HOUSING ASSOCIATION LIMITED FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021 (continued)

The extent to which the audit was considered capable of detecting irregularities including fraud Our approach to identifying and assessing the risks of material misstatement in respect of irregularities, including fraud and non-compliance with laws and regulations, was as follows:

- the engagement partner ensured that the engagement team collectively had the appropriate competence, capabilities and skills to identify or recognise non-compliance with applicable laws and regulations;
- we gained an understanding of the legal and regulatory framework applicable to the Association through discussions with the Board of Management and other management, and from our wider knowledge and experience of the RSL sector;
- we focused on specific laws and regulations which we considered may have a direct material effect on the financial statements or the operations of the Association, including the Cooperative and Community Benefit Societies Act 2014 (and related regulations), the Housing (Scotland) Act 2010 and other laws and regulations applicable to a registered social housing provider in Scotland. We also considered the risks of non-compliance with the other requirements imposed by the Scottish Housing Regulator and we considered the extent to which non-compliance might have a material effect on the financial statements.
- we assessed the extent of compliance with the laws and regulations identified above through making enquiries of management and inspecting legal correspondence; and
- identified laws and regulations were communicated within the audit team regularly and the team remained alert to instances of non-compliance throughout the audit.

We assessed the susceptibility of the Association's financial statements to material misstatement, including obtaining an understanding of how fraud might occur, by:

- making enquiries of as to where they considered there was susceptibility to fraud, their knowledge of actual, suspected and alleged fraud; and
- considering the internal controls in place to mitigate risks of fraud and non-compliance with laws and regulations.

To address the risk of fraud through management bias and override of controls, we:

- performed analytical procedures to identify any unusual or unexpected relationships;
- tested journal entries to identify unusual transactions;
- assessed whether judgements and assumptions made in determining the accounting estimates set out in Note 1 were indicative of potential bias; and
- investigated the rationale behind significant or unusual transactions.

In response to the risk of irregularities and non-compliance with laws and regulations, we designed procedures which included, but were not limited to:

- agreeing financial statement disclosures to underlying supporting documentation;
- reviewing the minutes of meetings of those charged with governance;
- enquiring of management as to actual and potential litigation and claims;
- reviewing the Association's Assurance Statement and associated supporting information; and
- reviewing correspondence with the Scottish Housing Regulator. HMRC and the Association's legal advisors.

## INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF THENUE HOUSING ASSOCIATION LIMITED FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021 (continued)

### The extent to which the audit was considered capable of detecting irregularities including fraud (Contd.)

There are inherent limitations in our audit procedures described above. The more removed that laws and regulations are from financial transactions, the less likely it is that we would become aware of non-compliance. Auditing standards also limit the audit procedures required to identify non-compliance with laws and regulations to enquiry of the Directors and other management and the inspection of regulatory and legal correspondence, if any.

Material misstatements that arise due to fraud can be harder to detect than those that arise from error as they may involve deliberate concealment or collusion.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at: http://www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. The description forms part of our audit report.

#### **Use of our Report**

This report is made solely to the Association's members as a body, in accordance with Part 7 of the Cooperative and Community Benefit Societies Act 2014. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Association's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Association and the Association's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

**ALEXANDER SLOAN** 

Accountants and Business Advisers Statutory Auditors GLASGOW 17 August 2021 Alexander Sloan
Accountants and Business Advisers

#### STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

	Notes		2021		2020
		£	£	£	£
Revenue	2		17,808,692		17,096,531
Operating costs	2	_	12,995,194	_	13,594,215
OPERATING SURPLUS			4,813,498	_	3,502,316
Gain on sale of housing stock	7	101,299		318,109	
Release of negative goodwill	14	27,486		27,486	
Interest receivable and other income		5,985		29,744	
Interest payable and similar charges	8	(1,843,917)		(1,698,906)	
Other Finance income/(charges)	11	(4,384)		(66,912)	
			(1,713,531)		(1,390,479)
SURPLUS FOR THE YEAR		-	3,099,967	_	2,111,837
Other comprehensive income					
Actuarial gains/(losses) on defined benefit pension plan	20		(2,267,000)		2,362,000
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME			832,967		4,473,837
		_	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	_	

The results relate wholly to continuing activities.

#### STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 31 MARCH 2021

	Notes		2021		2020
		£	£	£	£
NON-CURRENT ASSETS					
Housing properties - depreciated cost	12		153,598,119		151,726,136
Other tangible assets	12		4,376,072		4,518,509
Investments	13		100		100
		_		<del>-</del>	-
Na matina ana akudil			157,974,291		156,244,745
Negative goodwill	14		(624,385)		(651,871)
CURRENT ASSETS					
Receivables	15	1,688,096		1,378,994	
Cash and cash equivalents	16	6,712,515		4,586,549	
CPEDITOPS: Amounts falling due		8,400,611		5,965,543	
<b>CREDITORS:</b> Amounts falling due within one year	17	(5,368,784)		(4,325,789)	
				(1,020,100)	
NET CURRENT ASSETS			3,031,827		1,639,754
TOTAL 400FT0   F00 OUDDENT		_		_	
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES			160,381,733		157,232,628
LIABILITIES			100,361,733		137,232,020
CREDITORS: Amounts falling due					
after more than one year	18		(35,011,137)		(37,341,645)
PENSIONS AND OTHER					
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES					
AND CHARGES					
Scottish housing association pension					
scheme	20	(2,143,000)		(416,000)	
Other Provision	28	(310,074)		(311,367)	
			(0.452.074)		(707.067)
DEFERRED INCOME			(2,453,074)		(727,367)
Social housing grants	21	(91,853,729)		(88,752,751)	
Other grants	21	(3,028,254)		(3,208,247)	
			(94,881,983)		(91,960,998)
NET ACCETC		_	20 025 520	_	27 202 640
NET ASSETS		_	28,035,539	_	27,202,618
EQUITY					
Share capital	22		97		143
Revenue reserves			30,178,442		27,618,475
Pension reserves	20		(2,143,000)		(416,000)
		<del>-</del>	28,035,539	_	27,202,618
		_		-	

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Management and authorised for issue and signed on

Committee Member Committee Member Secretary

#### STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

	Notes	£	2021 £	£	2020
		L	L	£.	L
Surplus for the Year			3,099,967		2,111,837
Adjustments for non-cash items:  Depreciation of tangible fixed assets	12	5,031,170		4,591,006	
Amortisation of capital grants	21	(2,499,841)		(2,379,822)	
Increase/decrease in provisions		(1,293)		(42,945)	
Gain on disposal of tangible fixed assets Release of negative goodwill	14	(27,486)		(318,109) (27,486)	
Non-cash adjustments to pension provisions	14	(540,000)		(364,000)	
Share capital written off	22	(50)		(4)	
	-	_	1,962,500		1,458,640
Interest receivable			(5,985)		(29,744)
Interest payable	8		1,843,917		1,698,906
Operating cash flows before movements in					
working capital		(202 200)	6,900,399	27 407	5,239,639
Change in debtors Change in creditors		(202,388) (123,089)		27,487 250,735	
G	-		(325,477)	<u> </u>	278,222
Net cash inflow from operating activities			6,574,922		5,517,861
Investing Activities					
Acquisition and construction of properties		(6,931,828)		(8,530,719)	
Purchase of other fixed assets Social housing grant received		(19,076) 5,441,675		(36,620) 4,930,675	
Social housing grant received  Social housing grant repaid		12,739		(1,297,792)	
Other grants received		-		-	
Other grants repaid		(80,312)		(6,353)	
Proceeds on disposal of housing properties		190,188		1,793,805	
Net cash outflow from investing activities			(1,386,614)		(3,147,004)
Financing Activities					
Loan Advances Received		- - 005		300,000	
Interest received on cash and cash equivalents Interest paid on loans		5,985 (1,843,917)		29,744 (1,698,906)	
Loan principal repayments		(1,224,414)		(687,323)	
Share capital issued	22	4		2	
Net cash outflow from financing activities			(3,062,342)		(2,056,483)
Increase in cash	23		2,125,966		314,374
Opening cash & cash equivalents			4,586,549		4,272,175
Closing cash & cash equivalents			6,712,515		4,586,549
Cash and cash equivalents as at 31 March					
Cash	23		6,712,515		4,586,549
			6,712,515		4,586,549

#### STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY AS AT 31 MARCH 2021

	Share Capital	Scottish Housing Association Pension reserve	Revenue Reserve	Total
	£	£	£	£
Balance as at 1 April 2019	145	(3,142,000)	25,870,638	22,728,783
Issue of Shares	2	-	-	2
Cancellation of Shares	(4)	-	-	(4)
Other comprehensive income	-	2,362,000	-	2,362,000
Other movements	-	364,000	(364,000)	-
Surplus for the year	-	-	2,111,837	2,111,837
Balance as at 31 March 2020	143	(416,000)	27,618,475	27,202,618
Balance as at 1 April 2020	143	(416,000)	27,618,475	27,202,618
Issue of Shares	4	-	-	4
Cancellation of Shares	(50)	-	-	(50)
Other comprehensive income	-	(2,267,000)	-	(2,267,000)
Other movements	-	540,000	(540,000)	-
Surplus for the year	-	-	3,099,967	3,099,967
Balance as at 31 March 2021	97	(2,143,000)	30,178,442	28,035,539

### FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021 NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### 1. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### Statement of Compliance and Basis of Accounting

These financial statements were prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" and the Statement of Recommended Practice for social housing providers 2018. The Association is a Public Benefit Entity in terms of its compliance with Financial Reporting Standard 102, applicable for accounting periods on or after 1 January 2019. They comply with the Determination of Accounting Requirements 2019. A summary of the principal accounting policies is set out below

#### Revenue

Revenue comprises rental and service charge income receivable in the period, income from shared ownership first tranche sales, sales of properties built for sale, other services provided, revenue grants receivable and government grants released to income in the period.

The Association recognises rent receivable net of losses from voids. Service Charge Income (net of voids) is recognised with expenditure as it is incurred as this is considered to be the point when the service has been performed and the revenue recognition criteria is met.

Government grants are released to income over the expected useful life of the asset to which they relate. Revenue grants are receivable when the conditions for receipt of the agreed grant funding have been met.

#### **Retirement Benefits**

The Association participates in the Scottish Housing Association Pension Scheme (SHAPS) a multiemployer defined benefit scheme. Retirement benefits to employees of the Association are funded by the contributions from all participating employers and employees in the Scheme. Payments are made in accordance with periodic calculations by consulting Actuaries and are based on pension costs applicable across the various participating organisations taken as a whole. The Association accounts for this scheme as a defined benefit pension scheme in accordance with FRS 102.

The Association also participates in the Scottish Housing Associations Defined Contribution scheme. Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as employee benefit expense when they are due.

#### **Going Concern**

On the basis that the Board of Management has a reasonable expectation that the Association has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future, the Association has adopted the going concern basis of accounting in preparing these financial statements.

### FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021 NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

#### 1. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued.)

#### **Housing Properties**

Housing properties are held for the provision of social housing. Housing properties are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Cost includes acquisition of land and buildings and development cost. The Association depreciates housing properties over the useful life of each major component. Housing under construction and land are not depreciated.

Component	Useful Economic Life
Bathrooms	Over 30 years
Boilers	Over 15 years
Cladding	Over 20 years
Doors	Over 30 years
Heating System	Over 30 years
Kitchens	Over 20 years
Structure	Over 50 years
Windows	Over 30 years
Wiring	Over 30 years

#### **Depreciation and Impairment of Other Tangible Assets**

Non-current assets are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation. Depreciation is charged over the expected economic useful lives of the assets at the following annual rates:

Depreciation Rate
Over 30-50 years
Over 5 years
Over 5 years
Over 30 years
Over 15 years
Over 20 years
Over 30 years
Over 30 years
Over 20 years
Over 50 years
Over 30 years
Over 30 years

The carrying values of non-current assets are reviewed for impairment at the end of each reporting period.

#### **Social Housing Grants and Other Capital Grants**

Social housing grants and other capital grants are accounted for using the Accrual Method as outlined in Section 24 of Financial Reporting Standard 102. Grants are treated as deferred income and recognised in income on a systematic basis over the expected useful life of the property and assets to which they relate.

Social housing grant attributed to individual components is written off to the statement of comprehensive income when these components are replaced.

Although social housing grant is treated as a grant for accounting purposes, it may nevertheless become repayable in certain circumstances, such as the disposal of certain assets. The amount repayable would be restricted to the net proceeds of sale.

### FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021 NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

#### 1. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued.)

#### **Sales Of Housing Properties**

First tranche Shared Ownership disposals are credited to turnover on completion. The cost of construction of these sales is taken to operating cost. In accordance with the Statement of Recommended Practice, disposals of subsequent tranches are treated as non-current asset disposals with the gain or loss on disposal shown in the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

Disposals under shared equity schemes are accounted for in the Statement of Comprehensive Income. The remaining equity in the property is treated as a non-current asset investment, which is matched with the grant received.

#### **Taxation**

The Association is a Scottish Charity and is not liable to taxation on its charitable activities.

#### Leases

Costs in respect of operating leases are charged to the Statement of Comprehensive Income on a straight line basis over the lease term. Assets held under finance leases and hire purchase contracts are capitalised in the Statement of Financial Position and are depreciated over their useful lives or the term of the lease whichever is shorter.

#### **Works to Existing Properties**

The Association capitalises major repairs expenditure where these works result in an enhancement of economic benefits by increasing the net rental stream over the life of the property, a material reduction in future maintenance costs, or a significant extention of the life of the property.

#### **Capitalisation Of Development Overheads**

Directly attributable development administration costs relating to ongoing development activities are capitalised.

#### **Borrowing Costs**

Interest incurred on financing a development is capitalised up to the date of practical completion of the scheme. All other borrowing costs are expensed to the statement of comprehensive income using the effective interest rate method.

#### **Property Development Cost**

The proportion of the development cost of shared ownership properties expected to be disposed of as a first tranche sale is held in current assets until it is disposed of. The remaining part of the development cost is treated as a non-current asset. Surpluses made on the disposal of first tranche sales are taken to the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

Property developments that are intended for resale are included in current assets until disposal.

#### **Negative Goodwill**

Negative goodwill created through acquisition is written off to the Statement of Comprehensive Income as the non-cash assets acquired are depreciated or sold.

#### **Housing Property Managed By Agents**

Where a third party manages the Association's housing property the accounting treatment reflects the substance of the transactions. The property is only excluded if the rights and obligations associated with the scheme has been transferred to the third party.

#### **VAT**

The Association is VAT registered but the substantial proportion of its income is exempt for VAT purposes. As a result most of the VAT paid is not recovered and therefore expenditure is shown inclusive of VAT.

## FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021 NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

#### 1. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued.)

#### **Provisions**

In accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 provision is made for the following items in the accounts: The Association receives service charge income from supported accommodation tenants in relation to the costs of furniture and flooring replacement. The balance of unspent service charge income relating to furniture and flooring is included as a liability where amounts are repayable or contributions reduced.

#### **Basis of Consolidation**

The financial statements for Thenue Housing Association Limited present information about it as an individual undertaking and not about the group.

#### **Financial Instruments - Basic**

The Association classes all of its loans as basic financial instruments including agreements with break clauses. The Association recognises basic financial instruments in accordance with Section 11 of Financial Reporting Standard 102.

The Association's debt instruments are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method.

#### **Cash and Liquid Resources**

Cash comprises cash at bank and in hand, deposits repayable on demand less overdrafts. Liquid resources are current asset investments that can't be disposed of without penalty and are readily convertible into amounts of cash at their carrying value.

#### **Impairment**

The Association assess at the end of each accounting period whether there are indications that a noncurrent asset may be impaired or that an impairment loss previously recognised has fully or partially reversed.

Where the carrying value of non-current assets is less that their recoverable amounts the shortfall is recognised as an impairment loss in the Statement of Comprehensive Income. The recoverable amount is the higher of the fair value less costs to sell and value-in-use of the asset based on its service potential.

Impairment losses previously recognised are reversed if the reasons for the impairment loss have ceased to apply. Reversals of impairment losses are recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

### FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021 NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

#### 1. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued.)

#### Key Judgements and estimates made in the application of Accounting Policies

The preparation of financial statements requires the use of certain accounting judgements and accounting estimates. It also requires the Association to exercise judgement in applying it's accounting policies. The areas requiring a higher degree of judgement, or complexity, and areas where assumptions or estimates are most significant to the financial statements are disclosed below.

#### Key Judgements

#### a) Categorisation of Housing Properties

In the judgement of the Board of Management the entirety of the Association's housing stock is held for social benefit and is therefore classified as Property, Plant and Equipment in accordance with FRS 102.

#### b) Identification of cash generating units

The Board of Management considers its cash-generating units to be the schemes in which it manages its housing property for asset management purposes.

#### c) Financial instrument break clauses

The Board of Management has considered the break clauses attached to the financial instruments that it has in place for its loan funding. In their judgement these break clauses do not cause the financial instrument to be classified as a complex financial instrument and therefore they meet the definition of a basic financial instrument.

#### d) Pension Liability

The Association participates in a defined benefit pension scheme arrangement with the Scottish Housing Association Pension Scheme. The fund is administered by the Pensions Trust. The Pension Trust have developed a method of calculating each member's share of the assets and liabilities of the scheme. The Association has decided that this method is appropriate and provides a reasonable estimate of the pension assets and liabilities of the Association and has therefore adopted this valuation method.

#### **Estimation Uncertainty**

#### a) Rent Arrears - Bad Debt Provision

The Association assesses the recoverability of rent arrears through a detailed assessment process which considers tenant payment history, arrangements in place and court action.

#### b) Life Cycle of Components

The Association estimates the useful lives of major components of its housing property with reference to surveys carried out by external qualified surveyors.

#### c) Useful life of properties, plant and equipment

The Association assesses the useful life of its properties, plant and equipment and estimates the annual charge to be depreciated based on this assessment.

#### d) Costs of shared ownership

The Association allocates costs to shared ownership properties on an percentage basis split across the number of properties the Association owns.

#### e) Defined pension liability

In determining the value of the Association's share of defined benefit pension scheme assets and obligations, the valuation prepared by the Scheme actuary includes estimates of life expectancy, salary growth, inflation and the discount rate on corporate bonds.

## FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021 NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

#### 2. PARTICULARS OF TURNOVER, OPERATING COSTS AND OPERATING SURPLUS OR DEFICIT 2020 Operating Operating Operating surplus / Operating surplus / (deficit) (deficit) **Notes** Turnover costs Turnover costs Affordable letting activities 3,545,718 3 17,055,497 12,268,246 4,787,251 16,447,314 12,901,596 Other Activities 753,195 726,948 26,247 649,217 692,619 (43,402)17,096,531 13,594,215 Total 17,808,692 12,995,194 4,813,498 3,502,316

## 3. PARTICULARS OF TURNOVER, OPERATING COSTS AND OPERATING SURPLUS OR DEFICIT FROM AFFORDABLE LETTING ACTIVITIES

	General Needs Housing £	Supported Housing £	Shared Ownership £	2021 Total £	2020 Total £
Revenue from Lettings					
Rent receivable net of service charges Service charges receiveable	13,489,550 354,907	636,800 115,635	96,512 -	14,222,862 470,542	13,716,001 439,973
Gross income from rent and service charges Less: Rent losses from voids	13,844,457 105,642	752,435 32,106	96,512 -	14,693,404 137,748	14,155,974 88,483
Income from rents and service charges	13,738,815	720,329	96,512	14,555,656	14,067,491
Grants released from deferred income	2,308,959	186,288	4,594	2,499,841	2,379,823
Total turnover from affordable letting activities	16,047,774	906,617	101,106	17,055,497	16,447,314
Expenditure on affordable letting activities					
Management and maintenance administration costs Service costs Planned and cyclical maintenance, including major	3,277,789 355,238	180,818 78,066	45,077 -	3,503,684 433,304	3,730,619 471,664
repairs	1,356,403	81,489	_	1,437,892	2,172,102
Reactive maintenance costs	1,808,408	70,402	-	1,878,810	1,958,770
Bad Debts - rents and service charges	76,375	-	-	76,375	100,156
Depreciation of affordable let properties Impairment of affordable letting activities	4,406,201 289,000	225,016 -	17,964 -	4,649,181 289,000	4,468,285 -
Operating costs of affordable letting activities	11,569,414	635,791	63,041	12,268,246	12,901,596
Operating surplus on affordable letting activities	4,478,360	270,826	38,065	4,787,251	3,545,718
2020	3,276,454	252,856	16,408		

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021 NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

#### 4. PARTICULARS OF REVENUE, OPERATING COSTS AND OPERATING SURPLUS OR DEFICIT FROM OTHER ACTIVITIES

	Grants from Scottish Ministers	Other revenue grants	Other income	Total Turnover	Operating costs - bad debts	Other operating costs	Operating surplus / (deficit) 2021	Operating surplus / (deficit) 2020
	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£
Wider role activities	136,456	183,541	-	319,997	-	335,144	(15,147)	(33,055)
Factoring	-	-	250,965	250,965	2,843	243,298	4,824	(16,730)
Other activities	-	-	182,233	182,233	-	122,983	59,250	28,854
Development Administratioin	-			-	-	22,680	(22,680)	(22,471)
Total From Other Activities	136,456	183,541	433,198	753,195	2,843	724,105	26,247	(43,402)
2020	38,272	206,763	404, 182	649,217	3,425	689,194	(43,402)	

## FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021 NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

	<b>2021</b> £	<b>2020</b> £
The Officers are defined in the Co-operative and Community Benefit Societies Act 2014 as the members of the Board of Management, managers and employees of the Association.	L	L
Aggregate emoluments payable to Officers with emoluments greater than £60,000 (excluding pension contributions)	215,155	144,310
Pension contributions made on behalf of Officers with emoluments greater than £60,000	28,705	18,039
Emoluments payable to the Chief Executive (excluding pension contributions)  Pension contributions paid on behalf of the Chief Executive  Total emoluments payable to the Chief Executive  Total emoluments paid to key management personnel (including social secuirity costs)  The number of Officers, including the highest paid Officer, who received emo	83,662 12,338 96,000 324,162 luments, includ	80,955 10,119 91,074 285,899 ing pension
contributions, over £60,000 was in the following ranges:-	Number	Number
£60,001 to £70,000	Number	
£70,001 to £80,000	-	-
	2	1
£80,001 to £90,000 £90,001 to £100,000	2 - 1	-
£80,001 to £90,000	-	- 1 -
£80,001 to £90,000 £90,001 to £100,000	-	- 1 -
£80,001 to £90,000 £90,001 to £100,000  6. EMPLOYEE INFORMATION  Average monthly number of full time equivalent persons employed during the	2021 No.	1 - 1 - 2020 No.
£80,001 to £90,000 £90,001 to £100,000  6. EMPLOYEE INFORMATION  Average monthly number of full time equivalent persons employed during the year	2021 No.	1 1 1 2020 No.

Included in Pension Costs of £258,427 is an amount of £2,356 (2020 - £107,200) in respect of service charges arising as a result of the change in the accounting for the Scottish Housing Association Pension Scheme (SHAPS).

## FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021 NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

7. GAIN ON SALE OF HOUSING STOCK
----------------------------------

	2021 £	2020 £
Sales proceeds Cost of sales	243,497 142,198	849,219 531,110
Gain on sale of housing stock	101.299	, ,
Gaill on Sale of Housing Stock	101,299	318,109

#### 8. INTEREST PAYABLE AND SIMILAR CHARGES

	2021	2020
	£	£
On bank loans and overdrafts	1,843,917	1,723,772
Less: Interest Capitalised on developments	-	(24,866)
	1,843,917	1,698,906

The capitalisation rate of capitalised development period interest was 0% (2020 - 1.94%)

#### 9. SURPLUS FOR THE YEAR

	2021	2020
Surplus For The Year is stated after charging/(crediting):	£	£
Depreciation - non-current assets	5,031,170	4,591,006
Auditors' remuneration - audit services	13,104	11,378
Operating lease rentals - land & buildings	12,313	12,313
Operating lease rentals - other	11,702	12,758
(Gain) on sale of other non-current assets	(101,299)	(318, 109)

#### 10. CORPORATION TAX

The Association is a Registered Scottish Charity and is not liable to United Kingdom Corporation Tax on its charitable activities.

#### 11. OTHER FINANCE INCOME / (CHARGES)

2021	2020
£	
	(384)
(4,000)	(67,000)
(4,384)	(66,912)
	£ (4,000)

88

## FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021 NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

12. NON-CURRENT ASSE	TS			
(a) <b>Housing</b>	Housing	Housing	l	
Properties	Properties Held for Letting £	In course of	Ownership Completed	Total £
COST				
At 1 April 2020	193,684,445	4,814,047	1,042,055	199,540,547
Additions	1,430,257	5,501,571	-	6,931,828
Disposals	(284,893)	_	(63,271)	(348,164)
At 31 March 2021	194,829,809	10,315,618	978,784	206,124,211
DEPRECIATION				
At 1 April 2020	47,452,596	-	361,815	47,814,411
Charge for Year	4,562,693	289,000	17,964	4,869,657
Disposals	(137,106)	-	(20,870)	(157,976)
At 31 March 2021	51,878,183	289,000	358,909	52,526,092
NET BOOK VALUE				
At 31 March 2021	142,951,626	10,026,618	619,875	153,598,119
At 31 March 2020	146,231,849	4,814,047	680,240	151,726,136
		20	21	2020
		Component		Component
Expenditure on Existir	ng Properties	replacement £	Improvement £	replacement Improvement £
Amounts capitalised		563,299	866,958	1,371,604 1,020,433
Amounts charged to the comprehensive income	statement of	3,316,702	-	4,130,872 -

All land and housing properties are heritable.

Additions to housing properties include capitalised development administration costs of £151,202 (2020-£149,809)

#### **Impairment Charges**

An impairment review was carried out on housing land and buildings during the year. As a result of this the following impairment charges have been recognised and are included within depreciation charges.

	Housing Properties	Hous Prope	erties	Shared			
	Held for Letting		urse of onstructio	Ownership on Completed		Total	
	£	£		£		£	
Impairment Charge		-	289,000	0	-		289,000

This impairment charge has resulted in reduction of surplus and the net Book value of housing properties by the amount of the charge.

The Association's lenders have standard securities over housing property with a carry value of £55,310,836 (2020 - £57,054,617)

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021 NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

12. NON CURRENT ASSETS (continued)

(b) Other tangible assets	Office Premises £	Furniture & Equipment £	Commercial Property £	Community & Learning Centres £	Total £
COST				~	~
At 1 April 2020 Additions	3,205,162	230,777 19,076	399,397 -	1,585,190 -	5,420,526 19,076
At 31 March 2021	3,205,162	249,853	399,397	1,585,190	5,439,602
DEPRECIATION					
At 1 April 2020 Charge for year	546,486 68,475	134,695 44,787	70,668 9,080	150,168 39,171	902,017 161,513
At 31 March 2021	614,961	179,482	79,748	189,339	1,063,530
NET BOOK VALUE At 31 March 2021	2,590,201	70,371	319,649	1,395,851	4,376,072
At 31 March 2020	2,658,676	96,082	328,729	1,435,022	4,518,509
Subsidiary Undertakings Thenue Housing Association		•		100 ry undertakings.	
registered office of the subsi	diaries is 423 L	ondon Road,Glas	gow ,G40 1AG.		
		202		2020	
		Reserves £	Profit / (Loss) £	Reserves £	Profit / (Loss) £
Thenue Communities Thenue Housing Services Li	mited	244,285 50,043	5,689 (741)	238,596 50,784	48,624 (120)
Thenue Trust		6,398		6,398	400
		6,398			400
Thenue Trust		6,398		6,398 2021 £	2020 £

100

(27,486)

624,385

(27,486)

651,871

Released during the year to the statement of comprehensive income

At 31 March 2021

## FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021 NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

15. RECEIVABLES		
	2021 £	2020 £
Gross arrears of rent and service charges	697,292	600,494
Less: Provision for doubtful debts	(408,740)	(378,020)
Net arrears of rent and service charges	288,552	222,474
Social housing grant receivable	678,676	<i>571,</i> 962
Other receivables	715,829	582,628
Amounts due from group undertakings	5,039	1,930
	1,688,096	1,378,994
16. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		
	2021	2020
	£	£
Cash at bank and in hand	6,712,515	4,586,549
	6,712,515	4,586,549
17. PAYABLES: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR		
	2021	2020
	£	£
Bank loans	2,218,201	1,113,322
Trade payables	1,267,662	1,284,940
Rent received in advance	900,497	857,989
Social housing grant in advance	593,794	533,804
Other taxation and social security	13,709	6,991
Liability for past service contributions	1,599	1,552
Other payables Accruals and deferred income	103,894 269,428	119,947 407,244
. 100. 20.10 0.1.0 001100 111001110	5,368,784	4,325,789

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021 NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

18. PAYABLES: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE AFTER MORE THAN ONE YEAR		
	2021	2020
	£	£
Bank loans	35,006,417	37,335,710
Liability for past service contributions	4,720	5,935
	35,011,137	37,341,645
19. DEBT ANALYSIS - BORROWINGS		
	2021	2020
	2021 £	2020 £
Bank Loans		
Bank Loans Amounts due within one year		
	£	£
Amounts due within one year	£ 2,218,201	£ 1,113,322
Amounts due within one year  Amounts due in one year or more but less than two years	£ 2,218,201 1,504,312	1,113,322 2,219,840

The Association has a number of bank loans the principal terms of which are as follows:

	Number of		
	Properties	Interest	Maturity Variable or
Lender	Secured	Rate	(Year) Fixed
Nationwide	15	1.5%	2029 Fixed
Nationwide	17	1.6%	2031 Fixed
Nationwide	16	1.6%	2033 Fixed
Nationwide	32	1.5%	2035 Fixed
Nationwide	7	1.6%	2030 Fixed
Nationwide	11	1.5%	2028 Fixed
Nationwide	34	1.5%	2029 Fixed
Nationwide	51	1.7%	2034 Fixed
Nationwide	44	1.6%	2031 Fixed
Nationwide	18	1.6%	2031 Fixed
Royal Bank of Scotland	63	5.5%	2035 Fixed
Royal Bank of Scotland	51	5.5%	2037 Fixed
Royal Bank of Scotland	220	6.3%	2035 Fixed
Royal Bank of Scotland	110	5.9%	2035 Fixed
Royal Bank of Scotland	223	1.7%	2035 Variable
Royal Bank of Scotland	216	1.9%	2024 Variable
Royal Bank of Scotland	196	1.4%	2025 Variable
THFC	153	2.1%	2031 Fixed

All the Association's bank borrowings are repayable on a monthly or quarterly basis with the principal either being amortised over the term of the loans or repaid at the end of the loan.

## FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021 NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

#### 20. RETIREMENT BENEFIT OBLIGATIONS

#### **Scottish Housing Association Pension Scheme**

Thenue Housing Association Limited participates in the Scottish Housing Association Pension Scheme (the Scheme), a multi-employer scheme which provides benefits to some 150 non-associated employers. The Scheme is a defined benefit scheme in the UK.

The scheme is subject to the funding legislation outlined in the Pensions Act 2004 which came into force on 30 December 2005. This, together with documents issued by the Pensions Regulator and Technical Actuarial Standards issued by the Financial Reporting Council, set out the framework for funding defined benefit occupational pensions schemes in the UK.

The last valuation of the Scheme was performed as at 30 September 2018 by a professionally qualified actuary using the Projected Unit Credit method. The market value of the Scheme's assets at the valuation date was £877m. The valuation revealed a shortfall of assets compared with the value of liabilities of £121m (equivalent to a past service funding level of 89%). A recovery plan is in place to eliminate the past service deficit which runs to 28 February 2022.

The Scheme operates on a 'last man standing' basis, meaning that in the event of an employer withdrawing from the Scheme and being unable to pay its share of the debt on withdrawal, then the liability of the withdrawing employer is reapportioned amongst the remaining employer. Therefore in certain circumstances the Association may become liable for the obligations of a third party.

In 2019 the Pensions Trust, the administrator of the Scheme developed a method of determining the share of assets and liabilities for individual employers. This method was adopted by the Association in 2019 and resulted in an adjustment to the opening pension liability recognised in the statement of financial position of £686,908

## Present values of defined benefit obligation, fair value of assets and defined benefit asset / (liability)

	2021	2020
	£	£
Fair value of plan assets	20,597,000	18,223,000
Present value of defined benefit obligation	22,740,000	18,639,000
Surplus / (deficit) in plan Unrecognised surplus	(2,143,000)	(416,000) -
Defined benefit asset / (liability) to be recognised	(2,143,000)	(416,000)

## FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021 NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Reconciliation of opening and closing balances of the fair value of

Fair value of plan assets at the end of period

plan assets

RETIREMENT BENEFIT OBLIGATIONS (continued)		
Scottish Housing Association Pension Scheme (continued.)		
Reconciliation of opening and closing balances of the defined benefit obligation		
obligation	2021	2020
	£	£
Defined benefit obligation at the start of period	18,639,000	20,529,000
Current service cost	183,000	253,000
Expenses	18,000	16,000
Interest expense	443,000	473,000
Contributions by plan participants	109,000	112,000
Actuarial losses (gains) due to scheme experience	(8,000)	(157,000)
Actuarial losses (gains) due to changes in demographic assumptions	-	(121,000)
Actuarial losses (gains) due to changes in financial assumptions	3,699,000	(2,074,000)
Benefits paid and expenses	(343,000)	(392,000)
Defined benefit obligation at the end of period	22,740,000	18,639,000

2021 2020 Fair value of plan assets at start of period 18,223,000 17,387,000 Interest income 439,000 406,000 Experience on plan assets (excluding amounts included in interest income) gain (loss) 1,424,000 10,000 Contributions by the employer 745,000 700,000 Contributions by plan participants 109,000 112,000 Benefits paid and expenses (343,000)(392,000)

20,597,000

18,223,000

The actual return on the plan assets (including any changes in share of assets) over the period ended 31 March 2021 was £1,863,000

## FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021 NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

20.	RETIREMENT BENEFIT OBLIGATIONS (coninued)		
	Scottish Housing Association Pension Scheme (continued.)		
	Defined benefit costs recognised in the statement of comprehensive income		
	·	2021	2020
		£	£
	Current service cost	183,000	253,000
	Expenses	18,000	16,000
	Net interest expense	4,000	67,000
	Defined benefit costs recognised in statement of comprehensive income	205,000	336,000
	Defined benefit costs recognised in the other comprehensive income		
		2021	2020
	Experience on plan assets (excluding amounts included in interest income) -	£	£
	Experience on plan assets (excluding amounts included in interest income) - gain /(loss)	£	£
	Experience on plan assets (excluding amounts included in interest income) - gain /(loss)  Experience gains and losses arising on plan liabilities - gain /(loss)		
	gain /(loss) Experience gains and losses arising on plan liabilities - gain /(loss) Effects of changes in the demographic assumptions underlying the present	£ 1,424,000	£ 10,000 157,000
	gain /(loss) Experience gains and losses arising on plan liabilities - gain /(loss) Effects of changes in the demographic assumptions underlying the present value of the defined benefit obligations - gain /(loss)	£ 1,424,000	£ 10,000
	gain /(loss) Experience gains and losses arising on plan liabilities - gain /(loss) Effects of changes in the demographic assumptions underlying the present value of the defined benefit obligations - gain /(loss) Effects of changes in the financial assumptions underlying the present value	£ 1,424,000 8,000	10,000 157,000 121,000
	gain /(loss) Experience gains and losses arising on plan liabilities - gain /(loss) Effects of changes in the demographic assumptions underlying the present value of the defined benefit obligations - gain /(loss) Effects of changes in the financial assumptions underlying the present value of the defined benefit obligations - gain / (loss)	£ 1,424,000	£ 10,000 157,000
	gain /(loss) Experience gains and losses arising on plan liabilities - gain /(loss) Effects of changes in the demographic assumptions underlying the present value of the defined benefit obligations - gain /(loss) Effects of changes in the financial assumptions underlying the present value of the defined benefit obligations - gain / (loss)  Total actuarial gains and losses (before restriction due to some of the	£ 1,424,000 8,000 - (3,699,000)	10,000 157,000 121,000 2,074,000
	gain /(loss) Experience gains and losses arising on plan liabilities - gain /(loss) Effects of changes in the demographic assumptions underlying the present value of the defined benefit obligations - gain /(loss) Effects of changes in the financial assumptions underlying the present value of the defined benefit obligations - gain / (loss)  Total actuarial gains and losses (before restriction due to some of the surplus not being recognisable) - gain / (loss)	£ 1,424,000 8,000	10,000 157,000 121,000
	gain /(loss) Experience gains and losses arising on plan liabilities - gain /(loss) Effects of changes in the demographic assumptions underlying the present value of the defined benefit obligations - gain /(loss) Effects of changes in the financial assumptions underlying the present value of the defined benefit obligations - gain / (loss)  Total actuarial gains and losses (before restriction due to some of the	£ 1,424,000 8,000 - (3,699,000)	10,000 157,000 121,000 2,074,000
	gain /(loss)  Experience gains and losses arising on plan liabilities - gain /(loss)  Effects of changes in the demographic assumptions underlying the present value of the defined benefit obligations - gain /(loss)  Effects of changes in the financial assumptions underlying the present value of the defined benefit obligations - gain / (loss)  Total actuarial gains and losses (before restriction due to some of the surplus not being recognisable) - gain / (loss)  Effects of changes in the amount of surplus that is not recoverable	£ 1,424,000 8,000 - (3,699,000)	10,000 157,000 121,000 2,074,000

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021 NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

#### 20. RETIREMENT BENEFIT OBLIGATIONS (continued)

#### Scottish Housing Association Pension Scheme (continued.)

Assets			
	2021	2020	2019
	£	£	£
Absolute Return	1,015,000	1,119,000	1,473,000
Alternative Risk Premia	826,000	1,461,000	971,000
Corporate Bond Fund	1,554,000	1,332,000	1,219,000
Credit Relative Value	594,000	438,000	302,000
Distressed Opportunities	704,000	333,000	297,000
Emerging Markets Debt	830,000	648,000	557,000
Fund of Hedge Funds	-	-	48,000
Global Equity	3,186,000	2,506,000	2,797,000
Index Linked All Stock Gilts	-	-	-
Infrastructure	1,150,000	1,074,000	729,000
Insurance-Linked Securities	430,000	489,000	451,000
Liability Driven Investment	4,952,000	4,799,000	6,187,000
Long Lease Property	478,000	445,000	211,000
Net Current Assets	153,000	138,000	18,000
Over 15 Year Gilts	10,000	231,000	447,000
Private Debt	485,000	361,000	224,000
Property	369,000	339,000	345,000
Risk Sharing	736,000	577,000	504,000
Secured Income	1,132,000	1,011,000	607,000
Liquid Credit	356,000	478,000	-
Opportunistic Illiquid Credit	527,000	444,000	-
High Yield	540,000	-	-
Opportunistic Credit	563,000	-	-
Cash	7,000	-	-
Total assets	20,597,000	18,223,000	17,387,000

None of the fair values of the assets shown above include any direct investment in the Association's own financial instruments or any property occupied by, or other assets used by the Association.

#### **Key Assumptions**

	2021	2020	2019
Discount Rate	2.2%	2.4%	2.3%
Inflation (RPI)	3.3%	2.6%	3.3%
Inflation (CPI)	2.9%	1.6%	2.3%
Salary Growth	3.9%	2.6%	3.3%
	75% of	75% of	75% of
	maximum	maximum	maximum
Allowance for commutation of pension for cash at retirement	allowance	allowance	allowance

The mortality assumptions adopted at 31 March 2021 imply the following life expectancies:

#### Life expectancy at age 65

	years
	(years)
Male retiring in 2021	21.5
Female retiring in 2021	23.4
Male retiring in 2041	22.8
Female retiring in 2041	25

## FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021 NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

21.	$\mathbf{n}$			EDI	M	$\mathbf{c}$	ME
41.	וע	-1	-77		INI	UU	AWI -

At 31 March

	DEI ERRED INGOINE				
		Social Housing Grants £	Other Housing Grants £	Non Housing Grants £	Total £
	Capital grants received				
	At 1 April 2020	116,259,699	2,911,611	1,592,017	120,763,327
	Additions in the year	5,488,399	_,0 ,0	-	5,488,399
	Eliminated on disposal	(60,250)	(80,312)	-	(140,562)
	At 31 March 2021	121,687,848	2,831,299	1,592,017	126,111,164
	Amortisation				
	At 1 April 2020	27,506,948	1,102,743	192,638	28,802,329
	Amortisation in year	2,397,823	64,568	37,450	2,499,841
	Eliminated on disposal	(70,652)	(2,337)	-	(72,989)
	At 31 March 2021	29,834,119	1,164,974	230,088	31,229,181
	Net book value				
	At 31 March 2021	91,853,729	1,666,325	1,361,929	94,881,983
	At 31 March 2020	88,752,751	1,808,868	1,399,379	91,960,998
	This is expected to be released to the State	tement of Compre	hensive Income	2021	2020
	A			£	£
	Amounts due within one year  Amounts due in more than one year			2,499,841 92,382,142	2,379,822 89,581,176
	Amounts due in more triair one year				
22	SHARE CAPITAL			94,881,983	91,960,998
22.	SHARE CAFILAL				
	Shares of £1 each, issued and fully paid	d		2021	2020
	04.4.0 0 0 11			£	£
	At 1 April Issued in year			143 4	145 2
	Cancelled in year			(50)	(4)
				(00)	(7

Each member of the Association holds one share of £1 in the Association. These shares carry no rights to dividend or distributions on a winding up. When a shareholder ceases to be a member, that person's share is cancelled and the amount paid thereon becomes the property of the Association. Each member has a right to vote at members' meetings.

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## FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021 NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

23.	$\sim \Lambda$		

Reconciliation of net cash flow to movement in net debt		2021		2020
	£	£	£	£
Increase in cash	2,125,966		314,374	
Cashflow from change in net debt	1,224,414		387,323	
Movement in net debt during the year Net debt at 1 April		3,350,380 (33,862,483)		701,697 (34,564,180)
Net debt at 31 March		(30,512,103)		(33,862,483)

Analysis of changes in net debt	At 01 April 2020	Cashflows	Other Changes	At 31 March 2021
Cash and cash equivalents	4,586,549	2,125,966		6,712,515
Debt: Due within one year Due after more than one year	4,586,549 (1,113,322) (37,335,710)	2,125,966 1,224,414	(2,329,293) 2,329,293	6,712,515 (2,218,201) (35,006,417)
Net debt	(33,862,483)	3,350,380	<u> </u>	(30,512,103)

24. CAPITAL COMMITMENTS		
	2021	2020
	£	£
Capital Expenditure that has been contracted for but has not been		
provided for in the finanical statements	10,521,000	14,843,000

The above commitments will be financed by a mixture of public grant, private finance and the Association's own resources.

25. COMMITMENTS UNDER OPERATING LEASES		
	2021	2020
	£	£
At the year end, the total minimum lease payments under non-cancellable leases were as follows:	ole operating	
Other		
Expiring in the next year	-	8,564
Expiring later than one year and not later than five years	36,665	13,238
Expiring later than five years	-	-

### FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021 NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

#### 26. DETAILS OF ASSOCIATION

The Association is a Registered Society registered with the Financial Conduct Authority and is domiciled in Scotland.

The Association's principal place of business is 423 London Road, Glasgow, G40 1AG, .

The Association is a Registered Social Landlord and Scottish Charity that owns and manages social housing property in Glasgow.

#### 27. BOARD OF MANAGEMENT MEMBER EMOLUMENTS

Board of Management members received £0 (2020 - £1,450) in the year by way of reimbursement of expenses. No remuneration is paid to Board of Management members in respect of their duties to the Association.

28. PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES AND CHARGES		
	2021 £	2020 £
Furniture and Flooring Replacement		
At 1 April Increase / (decrease) in provision	311,367 (1,293)	354,312 (42,945)
At 31 March	310,074	311,367
29. HOUSING STOCK		
The number of units of accommodation in management at the year end was:-	2021 No.	2020 No.
General needs	2,960	2,956
Supported housing	113	115
Shared ownership	50	53
	3,123	3,124

Supported housing units comprise 14 self contained flats (2020:14 self contained flats) plus 99 bedspaces (2020 : 101 bedspaces) within 19 non self contained properties (2020: 20 non self contained properties). Bedspaces within non self contained properties are counted as units.

## FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021 NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

#### 30. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Members of the Board of Management are related parties of the Association as defined by Financial Reporting Standard 102.

Any transactions between the Association and any entity with which a Board of Management member has a connection with is made at arm's length and is under normal commercial terms.

Transactions with Board of Management members (and their close family) were as follows:

	2021 £	<b>2020</b> £
Rent received from tenants on the Board of Management and their close family members	27,980	34,492
Factoring charges received from factored owners on the Board of Management and their close family members	400	701

At the year end total rent arrears owed by the tenant members on the Board of Management (and their close family) were £191 (2020 - £1,074).

At the year end total factoring arrears owed by owner occupiers on the Board of Management (and their close family) were £0 (2020 - £143).

Members of the Board of Management who are tenants	5	8
Members of the Board of Management who are owner occupiers	-	1

#### 31. POST BALANCE SHEET EVENT

At the time of approving the financial statements, the United Kingdom is impacted by the Coronavirus pandemic. The Association is monitoring the position and updating its plans accordingly. Like most RSLs, however, the virus continues to impact the Association's activities.