REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

CONTENTS

	Pages
Management Committee, Director, Management Team and Professional Advisers	1
Report of the Management Committee (incorporating the Strategic Report)	2 – 5
Report of the Auditor to the Management Committee on Internal Financial Controls	6
Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of the Association on the Financial Statements	7 – 9
Statement of Comprehensive Income	10
Statement of Changes in Capital and Reserves	11
Statement of Financial Position	12
Statement of Cash Flows	13
Notes to the Financial Statements	14 – 39

Registration information

Financial Conduct Authority

Co-operative and Communities Benefit Societies Act 2014
Registered number 2029RS

Scottish Housing Regulator

Housing (Scotland) Act 2010
Registered number 176

Scottish Charity Number

SC041992

MANAGEMENT COMMITTEE, DIRECTOR, MANAGEMENT TEAM AND PROFESSIONAL ADVISERS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

Chairperson of the Management Committee

Robert McLeary

Vice-Chairperson

Jean Stewart

Secretary

Geraldine Baird

Management Committee Members

Nora Dillon
Jean Gow
Gary Gow
Karen McCartney
Mary Ellen McKeown
Eveline Thompson
Frances Cunningham
Edward Harkins
Christine McPhail

DirectorDave Anderson

Management Team

Jim Kerr, Senior Housing Officer Ronnie Cunningham, Senior Housing Officer John McNulty, Maintenance Manager

Registered Office

Aspire Business Centre 16 Farmeloan Road Rutherglen Glasgow G73 1DL

Auditor

Azets Audit Services Chartered Accountants Statutory Auditor 25 Bothwell Street Glasgow

G2 6NL

Bankers

Bank of Scotland 82 Main Street Rutherglen Glasgow Glasgow G73 2HZ

Solicitors

MSM Hart Smith 43 Crow Road Glasgow G11 7SH

T C Young 7 West George Street Glasgow G2 1BA

Kelly & Co 184 Abercromby Street Glasgow G40 2RZ

REPORT OF THE MANAGEMENT COMMITTEE (INCORPORATING THE STRATEGIC REPORT) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

The Management Committee has pleasure in presenting its report incorporating the Strategic Report together with the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2020.

Objectives and Strategy

The Association's overall strategy was reviewed in February 2019 and this continues to be to provide good quality housing, promote innovation and encourage community involvement.

Our business objectives remain as follows:

- Continuation of our asset management strategy moving towards achieving the 2020 EESSH standard;
- Ensure that the Association and our tenants are not significantly adversely affected by the introduction of Universal Credit;
- Meet our performance obligations to our lenders and the Scottish Housing Regulator:
- Provide quality homes and services at the right price for our tenants:
- · Addressing staff succession planning and develop the skills of our team; and
- To consider the risk that Brexit presents to our continuing ability to deliver for our tenants and others who
 rely on the services we provide.

Performance of Business

The Association has continued to perform efficiently and achieve high performance standards during the last year. We have been preparing for the roll out of Universal Credit in our area for the last few years and we feel that this preparatory work has been of benefit to the Association and our tenants. The full roll out will take place in October 2020 and we will continue to work with our tenants to mitigate the effect of this. We recognise that the success of the organisation going forward relies on the support that we can offer our tenants to live in affordable well maintained fuel efficient properties.

Despite the current challenging economic environment the Association has continued to perform efficiently and achieve high performance standards. Our key business achievements over the last year have been:

- the investment of £699k of capital improvements to our existing housing units in line with our asset management strategy;
- the achievement of SHQS in all of our properties apart from allowable exceptions;
- 96.6% of our stock meets the EESSH 2020 standard and we are on target for 100% of our properties to meet the target by the 2020 deadline;
- a continuing programme of Committee appraisals and training to ensure the strong governance of the organisation; and
- the completion of 37 new homes and a site start to construct a further 18.

With regards to the management of our stock, our performance continues to be excellent. Our overall arrears figure for the year was 3.16% and our rental loss through voids and bad debts was 0.77%. With regards to the maintenance of our stock we continue to provide a responsive repair service and invest in our planned maintenance programme.

As a result of the introduction of higher subsidies for new build development by the Scottish Government the Association is once again looking at developing new homes. We have a strong track record and expertise in development and our lenders have indicated that they are willing to support us. During the year, 37 new homes for social rent in Cathcart Road, Rutherglen were completed and a site start was achieved to construct a further 18 homes in Hamilton Road, Cambuslang.

The Association carried out sensitivity testing on our 30-year financial projections and revised these to take into account our additional units and loan commitment. This will ensure that we have sufficient resources available to meet our obligations and ambitions regarding tenants' needs and expectations, legislative requirements, and the scope to make significant progress to help build more sustainable communities in the future. This was also factored into the review of our Business Plan and a revised Plan for the period 2020 – 2022 was agreed in March.

REPORT OF THE MANAGEMENT COMMITTEE (INCORPORATING THE STRATEGIC REPORT) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

The Association carried out a comprehensive tenant satisfaction survey in November 2019 and this demonstrated that there is a high level of satisfaction amongst its tenants. Key findings were;

- Overall satisfaction with the Association as a landlord is very high with 94% of tenants being either very or fairly satisfied.
- The vast majority of tenants were either very or fairly satisfied with the Association with regards to keeping them informed (99%).
- 94% of tenants who had a repair carried out in the last 12 months were very or fairly satisfied with the service that they received compared to 2% who were either very or fairly dissatisfied and 4% who were neither satisfied nor dissatisfied.
- Satisfaction with the customer care aspects of the repairs service was also very high with satisfaction ranging from 93% in terms of the length of time taken to undertake the repair to 100% in terms of the helpfulness of the Association staff involved and the system for reporting repairs.
- Regarding rents and financial management, tenants were positive about the value for money their rent represents (83% stated that their rent represented good value for money).

Risk and Uncertainties

RSL's are not immune from the current economic uncertainty and face challenges including potential interest rate rises, the effects of welfare reform, lower grant levels awarded, reduced pots of available grant, a lower number of lenders in the sector, higher loan margins and setup costs, pension deficits and increased SHR and lender monitoring. The Association has developed a Risk Management Strategy which reviews the risks facing the Association on a regular basis and this feeds into our risk register.

Governance

The Management Committee recognises the need for good governance of the organisation to ensure that it continues to provide a good service to its customers and to ensure its long term viability. The Management Committee has a wealth of experience in managing the affairs of the organisation. The Committee has a variety of skills and although each is a resident within the community they also possess professional skills which add to the strengths of the organisation. In recognition of the Regulatory requirements regarding the continuing effectiveness of Management Committee members, the Association carried out an appraisal of each member's skills and a training plan for the Committee is now in place. The Association also reviewed its succession planning framework.

In preparation for the publication of the revised Regulatory Framework and the requirement of an Assurance Statement to be submitted to the Scottish Housing Regulator, the Management Committee carried out a self-assessment against the new Regulatory Requirements and Standards. Our first Assurance statement was submitted to the Regulator in October 2019. This identified three minor areas where the management committee felt that it was not fully compliant and following additional measures being implemented, we reported to the Regulator that we were fully compliant in February 2020.

The Association is in the final year of a 3 year contract with Alexander Sloan to provide Internal Audit assurance to the governing body.

Impact of Covid-19

The impact of the Covid-19 pandemic started just prior to the end of the financial year with a national lockdown taking place on the 23rd March 2020. As a result of this the Association had to close its office and its business continuity plan was successfully implemented. Staff started working from home on the 24th March through a secure connection to the Association's network and we managed to maintain a service to tenants throughout the period. The majority of our service was assisting tenants who had adversely been affected by Covid-19 get financial help. Our planned maintenance programme for the year was put on hold due to restrictions on access to tenant's homes and this will be picked up once restrictions are eased. We do not foresee the impact of Covid-19 having a significant adverse effect on the Association as we started from a strong financial position but the Committee will continue to monitor this going forward and adjust its budget accordingly.

REPORT OF THE MANAGEMENT COMMITTEE (INCORPORATING THE STRATEGIC REPORT) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

Covid-19 and Going Concern

COVID-19 will not have a significant impact on the going concern status because the Association has implemented its business continuity plan, and this has succeeded in maintaining services to tenants and its income has not been significantly affected. It has also reviewed capital spending plans to address any cashflow issues that may arise but it is not anticipated.

Statement on Internal Financial Controls

The Management Committee acknowledges its ultimate responsibility for ensuring that the Association has in place a system of control that is appropriate to the various business environments in which it operates. These controls are designed to give reasonable assurance with respect to:

- 1. the reliability of financial information used within the Association for publication:
- 2. the maintenance of proper accounting records; and
- the safeguarding of assets against unauthorised use or disposition.

It is the Management Committee's responsibility to establish and maintain systems of internal financial control. Such systems can only provide reasonable and not absolute assurance against material financial misstatement or loss. The key elements in place are:

- 1. formal policies and procedures to restrict the unauthorised use of the Association's assets:
- 2. experienced and suitably qualified staff take responsibility for important business functions:
- forecasts and budgets are prepared which allow the Committee and Management Team to monitor the key business risks and financial objectives, and progress towards financial plans set for the year and the medium term;
- 4. quarterly management accounts are prepared and significant variances from budgets are investigated as appropriate;
- 5. all significant new initiatives, major commitments and investment projects are subject to formal authorisation procedures, through relevant sub committees comprising of Committee Members:
- 6. the appointment by the Management Committee of an internal auditor to carry out a review of each department; and
- 7. the Management Committee reviews reports from the Management Team, the internal auditor and the external auditor to provide reasonable assurance that the control procedures in place are being followed and ensures any recommendations made are actioned.

The Management Committee has reviewed the effectiveness of the system of internal controls for the year ended 31 March 2020. No weaknesses were found in the internal controls that resulted in material losses, contingencies, or uncertainties that require disclosure in the financial statements.

REPORT OF THE MANAGEMENT COMMITTEE (INCORPORATING THE STRATEGIC REPORT) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

Statement of the Management Committee's Responsibilities

Housing Association legislation requires the Committee to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Association and of its income and expenditure for the year ended on that date. In preparing those financial statements, the Committee are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- · make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and
- prepare the financial statements on a going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Association will continue in business.

The Committee is responsible for keeping proper accounting records, which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Association.

The Committee must ensure that the Financial Statements comply with the Co-Operative and Community Benefit Societies Act 2014, the Housing (Scotland) Act 2010 and the Determination of Accounting Requirements 2019 issued by the Scotlish Housing Regulator.

The Committee is also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Association and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Disclosure of Information to the Auditor

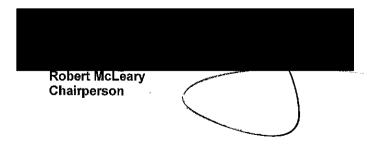
To the knowledge and belief of each of the persons who are members of the Management Committee at the time the report is approved:

- So far as the Committee members are aware, there is no relevant information of which the Association's auditor is unaware; and
- He/she has taken all the steps that he/she ought to have taken as a Committee member in order to make himself/herself aware of any relevant audit information, and to establish that the Association's auditor is aware of the information.

Auditor

The appointed auditor, Scott-Moncrieff, tendered their resignation during 2019 and were replaced by Azets Audit Services. Azets Audit Services have expressed their willingness to continue in office as auditor, and will be proposed for appointment at the Annual General Meeting.

Approved by the Management Committee and signed on its behalf on 8 September 2020 by:



REPORT OF THE AUDITOR TO THE MANAGEMENT COMMITTEE OF RUTHERGLEN AND CAMBUSLANG HOUSING ASSOCIATION LIMITED ON INTERNAL FINANCIAL CONTROLS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

In addition to our audit of the financial statements, we have reviewed your statement on page 4 concerning the Association's compliance with the information required by the Regulatory Standards in respect of internal financial controls contained within the publication "Our Regulatory Framework" and associated Regulatory Advisory Notes which are issued by the Scottish Housing Regulator.

Basis of Opinion

We carried out our review having regard to the requirements on corporate governance matters within Bulletin 2009/4 issued by the Financial Reporting Council. The Bulletin does not require us to review the effectiveness of the Association's procedures for ensuring compliance with the guidance notes, nor to investigate the appropriateness of the reason given for non-compliance.

Opinion

In our opinion, your Statement on Internal Financial Controls on page 4 has provided the disclosures required by the relevant Regulatory Standards within the publication "Our Regulatory Framework" and associated Regulatory Advisory Notes issued by the Scottish Housing Regulator in respect of internal financial controls and is consistent with the information which came to our attention as a result of our audit work on the Financial Statements.

Through enquiry of certain members of the Management Committee and Officers of the Association and examination of relevant documents, we have satisfied ourselves that the Management Committee's Statement on Internal Financial Controls appropriately reflects the Association's compliance with the information required by the relevant Regulatory Standards in respect of internal financial controls contained within the publication "Our Regulatory Framework" and associated Regulatory Advisory Notes issued by the Scottish Housing Regulator in respect of internal financial controls.

Azets Audit Services Statutory Auditor 25 Bothwell Street Glasgow G2 6NL

Dated: 8 September 2020

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF RUTHERGLEN AND CAMBUSLANG HOUSING ASSOCIATION LIMITED ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Rutherglen and Cambuslang Housing Association Limited (the 'Association') for the year ended 31 March 2020 which comprise the Statement of Comprehensive Income, the Statement of Changes in Capital and Reserves, the Statement of Financial Position, the Statement of Cash Flows and the notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion, the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the Association's affairs as at 31 March 2020 and of its income and expenditure for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the Co-operative and Community Benefit Societies Act 2014, Part 6 of the Housing (Scotland) Act 2010 and the Determination of Accounting Requirements 2019 issued by the Scottish Housing Regulator.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the Association in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the United Kingdom, including the Financial Reporting Council's Ethical Standard and we have fulfilled our ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in which the ISAs (UK) require us to report to you were:

- the Management Committee's use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is not appropriate; or
- the Management Committee has not disclosed in the financial statements any identified material
 uncertainties that may cast significant doubt about the Association's ability to continue to adopt the going
 concern basis of accounting for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial
 statements are authorised for issue.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF RUTHERGLEN AND CAMBUSLANG HOUSING ASSOCIATION LIMITED ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

Other information

The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. The Management Committee is responsible for the other information. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

Group accounts: Section 99(3) of the Co-operative and Community Benefit Societies Act 2014

We agree with the opinion of the Management Committee of the Association that it would be of no real value to the members of the Association to consolidate or include the financial statements of the Association's subsidiary in group financial statements required to be prepared under the Co-operative and Community Benefit Societies (Group Accounts) Regulations 1969 for the year ended 31 March 2020, because of the immaterial nature of the subsidiary's transactions in the year.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Co-operative and Community Benefit Societies Act 2014 require us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- a satisfactory system of control over transactions has not been maintained; or
- the Association has not kept proper accounting records; or
- the Association's financial statements are not in agreement with the books of account; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we need for our audit.

Responsibilities of the Management Committee

As explained more fully in the Statement of the Management Committee's Responsibilities set out on page 5, the Management Committee is responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the Management Committee determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the Management Committee is responsible for assessing the Association's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Management Committee either intend to liquidate the Association or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF RUTHERGLEN AND CAMBUSLANG HOUSING ASSOCIATION LIMITED ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

We have been appointed as auditor under the Co-operative and Community Benefit Societies Act 2014 and report in accordance with the Act and relevant regulations made or having effect thereunder.

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at: www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the Association's members, as a body, in accordance with Section 87 of the Cooperative and Community Benefit Societies Act 2014. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Association's members, as a body, those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Association and the Association's members, as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Azets Audit Services,
Eligible to act as an auditor in terms of Section 1212 of the Companies Act 2006
Chartered Accountants
25 Bothwell Street
Glasgow
G2 6NL

Date: 8 September 2020

STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

	Notes	2020 £	2019 £
Turnover	4	3,893,454	3,657,990
Operating expenditure	4	(3,186,990)	(3,040,740)
Operating surplus	4	706,464	617,250
Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment Interest receivable and other income Interest payable and similar charges Loss on impairment	9 10 12	5,065 13,139 (295,672)	- 14,686 (316,811) (6,470)
Surplus for the year		428,996	308,655
Other comprehensive income			
Initial recognition of multi-employer defined benefit scheme Actuarial Gain / (loss) in respect of pension scheme	22 22	- 715,000	(39,000) (288,000)
Total comprehensive income		1,143,996	(18,345)

The results for the year relate wholly to continuing activities.

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN CAPITAL AND RESERVES FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

	Share Capital £	Revenue Reserve £	Total Reserves £
Balance at 1 April 2019	129	17,551,214	17,551,343
Total comprehensive income	-	1,143,996	1,143,996
Shares issued during the year	21	· · ·	21
Shares cancelled during the year	(5)	-	(5)
Balance at 31 March 2020	145	18,695,210	18,695,355

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN CAPITAL AND RESERVES FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019

	Share Capital £	Revenue Reserve £	Total Reserves £
Balance at 1 April 2018 Total comprehensive income Shares issued during the year Shares cancelled during the year	215 - 14 (100)	17,569,559 (18,345) -	17,569,774 (18,345) 14
Balance at 31 March 2019	129	17,551,214	(100) 17,551,343

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 31 MARCH 2020

	Notes	2020 £	2019 £
Tangible fixed assets Housing properties Other fixed assets	12 12	29,965,026 1,245,332	29,091,921 1,260,632
		31,210,358	30,352,553
Investments Investment in subsidiary	15	100	100
Current assets			
Debtors Cash and cash equivalents	16 17	649,481 1,769,757	693,856 1,595,869
Cash and Cash equivalents	17	1,769,757	7,595,609
		2,419,238	2,289,725
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	18	(2,065,024)	(3,280,845)
Net current assets/(liabilities)		354,214	(991,120)
Total assets less current liabilities		31,564,672	29,361,533
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	19	(12,795,317)	(10,931,190)
Pension – defined benefit liability	22	(74,000)	(879,000)
Total net assets		18,695,355	17,551,343
Capital and reserve			
Share capital Revenue reserve	21a 21b	145 18,695,210	129 17,551,214
		18,695,355	17,551,343

The financial statements were authorised for issue by the Management Committee on 8 September 2020 and are signed on its behalf by:

Robert McLeary Geraldine Baird Jean Stewart
Chairperson Secretary Vice-Chairperson

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

		Notes	2020 £	
Net cash flows generated from	operating activities	26	1,408,478	1,409,449
Cash flows from investing acti Purchase of property, plant and of Interest received Grants received			(1,700,065) 13,139 765,271	5,882 1,475,095
			(921,655)	(2,360,536)
Cash flows from financing actilissue of share capital Loan finance drawn down Repayment of borrowings Interest paid Withdrawal from current asset in Proceeds from disposals			21 614,165 (675,350) (276,672) - 24,901 (312,935)	1,651,835 (572,529) (300,811) 303,300
			, , ,	, ,
Net changes in cash and cash	equivalents		173,888	130,722
Cash and cash equivalents at 1	April	17	1,595,869	1,465,147
Cash and cash equivalents at	31 March	17	1,769,757	1,595,869
(i) Analysis of changes in net de	ebt			
	At 1 April 2019 £	Cash flows £	Other non- cash changes £	At 31 March 2020 £
Cash and cash equivalents				
Cash Overdrafts Cash equivalents	1,595,869 - -	173,888 - -	- - -	1,769,757 - -
Borrowings	1,595,869	173,888	-	1,769,757
Debt due within one year Debt due after one year	(2,014,771) (7,989,713)	675,350 (614,165)	617,879 (617,879)	(721,542) (9,221,757)
	(10,004,484)	61,185	-	(9,943,299)
	-		<u>·</u>	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

1. General information

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards including Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the United Kingdom and Republic of Ireland' (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice) and comply with the requirements of the Determination of Housing Requirements 2019 as issued by the Scottish Housing Regulator and the Statement of Recommended Practice for Social Housing Providers issued in 2018. The principal accounting policies are set out below.

These financial statements represent the results of the Association only, are presented in pounds sterling and are rounded to the nearest whole pound.

The Association is a registered social landlord in Scotland and its registered number is 176. The registered address is Aspire Business Centre, 16 Farmeloan Road, Rutherglen, Glasgow, G73 1DL.

The Association is defined as a public benefit entity and thus the Association complies with all disclosure requirements relating to public benefit entities.

2. Principal accounting policies

Basis of accounting

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards including Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the United Kingdom and Republic of Ireland' (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice) and comply with the requirements of the Determination of Accounting Requirements 2019 as issued by the Scottish Housing Regulator and the Statement of Recommended Practice for Social Housing Providers issued in 2018. The principal accounting policies are set out below.

The preparation of these financial statements in compliance with FRS 102 requires the use of certain accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise judgement in applying the Association's accounting policies (see note 3).

A summary of the principal accounting policies is set out below.

Basis of preparation

The financial statements are prepared on the historical cost basis of accounting subject to the revaluation of certain fixed assets and in accordance with applicable accounting standards.

The effect of events relating to the year ended 31 March 2020, which occurred before the date of approval of the financial statements by the Management Committee have been included in the statements to the extent required to show a true and fair view of the state of affairs as at 31 March 2020 and of the results for the year ended on that date.

Going Concern

The Management Committee anticipates that a surplus will be generated in the years to 31 March 2021 and 31 March 2022. The Association has a healthy cash position and thus the Management Committee is satisfied that there are sufficient resources in place to continue for the foreseeable future. Thus the Management Committee continues to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the annual financial statements. As outlined in the Report of the Management Committee we have considered the expected impact of COVID-19 when arriving at this conclusion.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

2. Principal accounting policies (continued)

Turnover

Turnover represents rental and service charge income, factoring service income and fees or revenue grants receivable from South Lanarkshire Council and from the Scottish Government. First tranche shared ownership sales are also included in turnover.

Income from rental and service charges, factoring (on an agency basis) and commercial letting activities is recognised when the Association is entitled to it, it is probable it will be received and it can be measured reliably.

Apportionment of management expenses

Direct employee, administration and operating expenditure have been apportioned to the relevant sections of the Statement of Comprehensive Income on the basis of costs of staff directly attributable to the operations dealt with in the financial statements.

The costs of cyclical and major repairs are charged to the Statement of Comprehensive Income in the year which they are incurred.

Interest receivable

Interest income is recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income on an accruals basis.

Interest payable

Finance costs are charged to the Statement of Comprehensive Income over the term of the debt using the effective interest method so that the amount charged is at a constant rate on the carrying amount. Issue costs are initially recognised as a reduction in the proceeds of the associated capital instrument.

Fixed assets - Housing properties

Housing properties are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation. The cost of such properties includes the following:

- 1. Cost of acquiring land and buildings;
- 2. Cost of construction; and
- 3. Development expenditure including administration costs.

Works to existing properties will generally be capitalised under the following circumstances:

- (i) Where a component of the housing property that has been treated separately for depreciation purposes and depreciated over its useful economic life is replaced; or
- (ii) Where the subsequent expenditure provides an enhancement of the economic benefits of the tangible fixed asset in excess of the previously assessed standard of performance. Such enhancement can occur if the improvements result in an increase in rental income, a material reduction in future maintenance costs or a significant extension of the life of the property.

Works to existing properties which fail to meet the above criteria are charged to the Statement of Comprehensive Income. All costs and grants relating to the share of property sold are removed from the financial statements at the date of sale. Any grants received that cannot be repaid from the proceeds of sale are abated.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

2. Principal accounting policies (continued)

Depreciation

1. Housing properties

Housing properties are reviewed for impairment if events or circumstances indicate that the carrying value is higher than the recoverable amount. Each housing unit has been split between its major component parts. Each major component is depreciated on a straight line basis over its expected economic useful life. The following major components and useful lives have been identified by the Association:

- Land not depreciated
- Structure over 60 years
- Roof over 50 years
- Bathrooms over 20 years
- Windows over 40 years
- Kitchens over 15 years
- Heating systems and boilers over 15 years
- Doors over 40 years
- Rewiring over 40 years

2. Other fixed assets

Depreciation is charged on other fixed assets so as to write off the asset cost less any recoverable value over its anticipated useful life.

The following rates have been used:-

Furniture, Fittings & Equipment

- 20% to 33% on cost

Office Premises

2% on cost

A full year's depreciation is charged in the year of purchase. No charge is made in the year of disposal.

Investment property

The investment property is held at market value and no depreciation is therefore charged.

Consolidation

The Association and its subsidiary undertaking, Aspire Community Development Company Limited, comprise a small group and the Financial Conduct Authority has granted an exemption from preparing group financial statements. Thus group accounts have not been prepared and these accounts therefore represent the results of the Association and not of the group.

Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price, less any impairment,

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

2. Principal accounting policies (continued)

Rental arrears

Rental arrears represent amounts due by tenants for rental of social housing properties at the year end. Rental arrears are reviewed regularly by management and written down to the amount deemed recoverable. Any provision deemed necessary is shown alongside gross rental arrears in note 16.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash is represented by cash in hand and deposits with financial institutions repayable without penalty on notice of not more than 24 hours. Cash equivalents are highly liquid investments that mature in no more than three months from the date of acquisition and that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash with insignificant risk of change in value.

Current asset investments

Current asset investments are represented by long term deposits with financial institutions repayable after more than three months.

Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at the transaction price. Other financial liabilities, including bank loans, are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method.

Public benefit concessionary loans

In line with FRS 102, the Association has made an accounting policy choice to recognise loans from public benefit entities that are being used to further the Association's core activities as public benefit concessionary loans meaning the loans are recognised at their principal value on initial recognition.

Financial instruments

The Association only enters into basic financial instruments transactions that result in the recognition of financial assets and liabilities like trade and other accounts receivable and payable, loans from banks and loans to group undertakings.

Debt instruments (other than those wholly repayable or receivable within one year), including loans and other accounts receivable and payable, are initially measured at the present value of the future cash flows and subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Debt instruments that are payable or receivable within one year, typically trade payables or receivables, are measured, initially and subsequently, at the undiscounted amount of the cash or other consideration, expected to be paid or received. However if the arrangements of a short-term instrument constitute a financing transaction, like the payment of a trade debt deferred beyond normal business terms or financed at a rate of interest that is not a market rate or in case of an out-right short-term loan not at market rate, the financial asset or liability is measured, initially, at the present value of the future cash flow discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument and subsequently at amortised cost.

Financial assets are derecognised when contractual rights to the cash flows from the assets expire, or when the Association has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership.

Financial liabilities are derecognised only once the liability has been extinguished through discharge, cancellation or expiry.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

2. Principal accounting policies (continued)

Government capital grants

Government capital grants, at amounts approved by The Scottish Government or South Lanarkshire Council, are paid directly to the Association as required to meet its liabilities during the development process. This is treated as a deferred capital grant and is released to income over the useful life of the assets it relates to on completion of the development phase. The accrual model requires the Association to recognise income on a systematic basis over the period in which the Association recognises the related costs for which the grant is intended to compensate.

Government revenue grants are recognised using the accrual model which means the Association recognises the grant in income on a systematic basis over the period in which the Association recognises the related costs for which the grant is intended to compensate.

Non-government grants

Non-government capital and revenue grants are recognised using the performance model. If there are no performance conditions attached the grants are recognised as revenue when the Association is entitled to them, it is probable they will be received and then can be measured reliably.

A grant that imposes specific future performance related conditions on the recipient is recognised as revenue only when the performance related conditions are met.

A grant received before the revenue recognition criteria are satisfied is recognised as a liability.

Pensions

The Scottish Housing Association Defined Benefits Pension Scheme

The Association participates in The Scottish Housing Associations' Defined Benefits Pension Scheme (SHAPS) and retirement benefits to employees of the Association are funded by the contributions from all participating employers and employees in the scheme. Payments are made in accordance with periodic calculations by consulting actuaries and are based on pension costs applicable across the various participating Associations taken as a whole.

The SHAPS is accounted for as a defined benefit scheme and as such the amount charged to the Statement of Comprehensive Income in respect of pension costs and other post retirement benefits is the estimated regular cost of providing the benefits accrued in the year, adjusted to reflect variations from that cost. The interest cost is included within other finance costs/income. Actuarial gains and losses arising from new valuations and from updating valuations to the reporting date are recognised in Other Comprehensive Income.

Defined benefit schemes are funded, with the assets held separately from the Association in separate trustee administered funds. Full actuarial valuations, by a professionally qualified actuary, are obtained at least every three years, and updated to reflect current conditions at each reporting date.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

2. Principal accounting policies (continued)

Pensions (continued)

The Scottish Housing Association Defined Contribution Scheme

This is a defined contribution scheme. Employer contributions are charged to the Statement of Comprehensive Income on an accruals basis.

Loans

Mortgage loans are advanced by Private Lenders under the terms of individual mortgage deeds in respect of each property or housing scheme. Advances are available only in respect of those developments that have been given approval by the Scottish Government.

Operating leases

Rentals paid under operating leases are charged to the Statement of Comprehensive Income on a straight line basis over the lease term.

3. Judgements in applying policies and key sources of estimation uncertainty

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to make estimates and assumptions which affect reported income, expenses, assets, and liabilities. Use of available information and application of judgement are inherent in the formation of estimates, together with past experience and expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. Actual results in the future could differ from such estimates.

The members of the Management Committee consider the following to be critical judgements in preparing the financial statements:

- The categorisation of housing properties as property, plant and equipment in line with the requirements of the SORP; and
- The amount disclosed as 'operating surplus' is representation of activities that would normally be regarded as 'operating'.

The Committee is satisfied that the accounting policies are appropriate and applied consistently. Key sources of estimation have been applied as follows:

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

3. Judgements in applying policies and key sources of estimation uncertainty (continued)

<u>Estimate</u>	Basis of estimation
Useful lives of property and other fixed assets	The useful lives of housing properties and other fixed assets are based on the knowledge of senior management at the Association, with reference to expected asset life cycles.
The main components of housing properties and their useful lives	The cost of housing properties is split into separately identifiable components. These components were identified by knowledgeable and experienced staff members and based on costing models.
Recoverable amount of rental and other trade receivables	Rental arrears and other trade receivables are reviewed by appropriately experienced senior management on a case by case basis with the balance outstanding together with the payment history of the individual tenant being taken into account.
The obligations under the SHAPS	This has relied on the actuarial assumptions of a qualified actuary which have been reviewed and are considered reasonable and appropriate.
The valuation of the investment property	The investment property has been valued by an appropriate employee surveyor using market data.
Split of office premises and investment property	Part of the Aspire Business Centre, which is owned by the Association, is used by the Association for its offices with part rented out to third parties at commercial rates. Under FRS 102, the part of the building used by the Association for offices must be accounted for as a tangible fixed asset and depreciated whilst the part of the building rented out must be accounted for as an investment property and held at market value. The Management Committee have based this split on the square footage of the building with 40.4% used by the Association and 59.6% rented to third parties and thus treated as an investment property.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

Particulars of turnover, operating expenditure and operating surplus/(deficit)

Operating Operating expenditure surplus/(deficit)	2,802,160 705,263 238,580 (88,013)	3,040,740 617,250
2019 Turnover e> £	3,507,423 150,567	3,657,990
2020 Operating surplus £	746,965 (40,501)	706,464
Operating expenditure £	3,064,279 122,711	3,186,990
Turnover £	3,811,244 82,210	3,893,454
	Social lettings (Note 5a) Other activities (Note 5b)	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

(a). Particulars of turnover, operating expenditure and operating surplus from social letting activities 'n

	General Needs Housing	Supported Housing Accommodation	Shared Ownership Accommodation	2020 Total	2019 Total £
Revenue from lettings Rent receivable net of service charges Service charges	3,659,549	52,062	18,031	3,729,642	3,483,133
Gross income from rent and service charges Less: Rent losses from voids	3,659,549 (23,156)	52,062	18,031	3,729,642 (23,156)	3,483,133 (7,603)
Net rent receivable Release of deferred government capital grants Other revenue grants – stage 3 adaptations	3,636,393 74,752 28,750	52,062	18,031 1,256	3,706,486 76,008 28,750	3,475,530 1,500 30,393
Total turnover from social letting activities	3,739,895	52,062	19,287	3,811,244	3,507,423
Expenditure on social letting activities Management and maintenance administration costs Office repairs	1,241,113	19,153	6,634	1,266,900	1,172,200 89,578
Service charges	69,029	- 42 77	•	69,029	59,670 302,069
Planned cyclical maintenance including major repairs Reactive maintenance costs	433,301	16,184		449,485	304,875
Ground maintenance	51,798			51,798	50,505
Bad debts – rents and service charges	5,423		•	5,423	17,418
Property insurance	105,313	1,506	522	107,341	108,644
Depreciation of social housing *	771,210	22,931	3,712	797,853	697,201
Operating expenditure on social letting activities	2,980,867	72,544	10,868	3,064,279	2,802,160
Operating surplus on letting activities, 2020	759,028	(20,482)	8,419	746,965	
Operating surplus on letting activities, 2019	705,263	l i	ē ļ		705,263

^{*}The depreciation charges for housing stock in the year were £711,169 (2019: £589,374). The net book value of disposed components was £86,684 (2019: £107,827) in accordance with the SORP. Included within planned cyclical maintenance are costs of £27,947 (2019: £61,166) relating to major repairs.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

5. (b). Particulars of turnover, operating expenditure and operating surplus/(deficit) from other activities

Surplus/ (deficit) 2019	. ₩	(847)	(98,112)	ı	1 07	10,440			ı	1	ı		ı		1		1	i	000	1			(88.013)	(2.2(22)	
Operating expenditure 2019	1	847	194,486	!	' '	43,241			•	1	•		•		1		1		1	'			238.580	200,000	
Total Turnover 2019	+1	1 1	96,374	ı	0	53,693			1	ı	1		1		Ī		•	1	200	'			150 567	50,001	
Surplus/ (deficit) 2020	+1		(43,094)	.1	• •	13/				1	•		•		•		•	!	200	1,956		(40,501)			
Operating expenditure 2020	ti	• (68,513		' 67	54,198			•	•	•		•		F		•		•	1		122,711			
Total Turnover 2020	ħ	• •	25,419		' '	54,335			•	1	•		•		•			1	200	1,956		82,210			
Other income	ri	• 1	25,419		' ;	54,335			•	ı	•		•		•		•	:	200	1,956		82,210	150 567	100,001	
Supporting people income	#I	,	•			•			•	1	•		•		•		•		•	•		Ī	,	•	
Other revenue grants	' 41	•			•	•			•	t	•		1		t		•		•	•		,	ı		
Grants from Scottish Ministers	44	•	•		1	•			Ī	•	•		Ī		•		•		•	•		ı	!	1.	
		Wider role activities	Commercial rent		property	Factoring	Development and	construction of property	activities	Housing property sales	Supporting people	Agency/management	services for RSLs	Allowances for disposal of	properties	Recharge repair – bad	debts	Management charge to	subsidiary	Other Income	Total from other activities-	2020	Total from other activities-	2013	

Undertaken to support the community, other than the provision, construction, improvement and management of housing. #

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

6. Directors' emoluments

The directors are defined as the members of the Management Committee, the Director and any other person reporting directly to the Director or the Management Committee. No emoluments were paid to any member of the Management Committee during the year.

	2020 £	2019 £
Emoluments (excluding pension contributions) of Director	71,482	69,875
Total Management Committee Director and staff evenence	2020 £	2019 £
Total Management Committee, Director and staff expenses reimbursed in so far as not chargeable to income tax	5,622	8,551

The Director is a member of the Association's pension scheme described in note 22. The employer's pension contribution in the year on behalf of the director to 31 March 2020 was £9,007 (2019: £8,804).

Other than the expenses disclosed above, no member of the Committee received any remuneration for their services as members of the Management Committee. No Committee members were employed by the Association in the year. There were no loans to the Committee members, officers or employees during the year.

The Association considers key management personnel to be the Management Committee, the Director and the Management Team of the Association (as detailed on the first page of the accounts). Their emoluments (excluding pension contributions) for the year were £217,084 (2019: £212,205). Their employer National Insurance contributions for the year were £23,803 (2019: £22,309) and the employer pension contributions for the year were £27,353 (2019: £26,738).

The number of key Management whose emoluments exceed £60,000 in the year are as follows:

		2020	2019
		No	No
	£70,001 - £80,000	1	-
	£60,001 - £70,000	-	1
			
7.	Employee information	2020	2019
		No	No
	The full-time equivalent number of employees employed during the	ne year was:	
	Financial and administration	8.0	8.5
	Maintenance	6.0	5.5
	Housing management	4.0	4.0
		18.0	18.0
	Average headcount	18.0	18.5

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

Employee information (continued	2020	2019
Staff costs (including Director's Empluments):	£	£
Wages and salaries	680,692	637,569
Social security costs	66,760	61,464
Pension costs	78,583	76,627
	826,035	775,660
	Staff costs (including Director's Emoluments): Wages and salaries Social security costs	Staff costs (including Director's Emoluments): Wages and salaries Social security costs Pension costs 680,692 66,760 78,583

During the year past service deficit contributions of £173,483 (2019: £168,576) were paid. Of this payment, £168,422 (2019: £163,517) was a payment in respect of the SHAPS past service deficit liability. The remainder of £5,059 (2019: £5,059) was pension management costs which have been included in the pension contributions total included in staff costs above.

8.	Operating surplus	2020 £	2019 £
	Operating surplus is stated after charging:		
	Depreciation – charged in respect of tangible fixed assets	739,037	589,374
	Depreciation – loss on disposal of components	86,684	107,827
	Auditor's remuneration (excluding VAT)	·	ŕ
	- In their capacity as the auditor	9,550	9,270
	- In respect of other services	650	620
		2020	2019
9.	Interest receivable and other income	£	£
	Interest receivable on deposits	4,711	5,882
	Loan to subsidiary	8,428	8,804
		13,139	14,686
		2020	2019
10.	Interest payable and similar charges	£	£
	Loan interest	276,672	300,811
	Defined benefit pension liability – interest charge (Note 23)	19,000	16,000
		295,672	316,811

11. Taxation

The Association is a registered charity and thus the surplus generated from its charitable activities is not subject to corporation tax. No tax was due in respect of its non-charitable activities in the year (2019: £nil).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

Total £	33,411,011 1,700,065 (133,955)	34,977,121	3,058,458 739,037 (30,732)	3,766,763	31,210,358	30,352,553
Furniture fittings & equipment	305,759 12,568 -	318,327	282,127 17,368	299,495	18,832	23,632
Investment property	775,000	775,000			775,000	775,000
Office premises	525,000	525,000	63,000	73,500	451,500	462,000
Shared ownership properties	232,004	206,226	83,135 3,712 (9,239)	77,608	128,618	148,869
Housing properties under construction	4,708,238 988,530 - (4,516,031)	1,180,737		•	1,180,737	4,708,238
Housing properties held for letting	26,865,010 698,967 (108,177) 4,516,031	31,971,831	2,630,196 707,457 (21,493)	3,316,160	28,655,671	24,234,814
12. Tangible fixed assets Cost of valuation	As at 1 April 2019 Additions Disposals Transfer Impairment	At 31 March 2020	Depreciation As at 1 April 2019 Charge for year On disposals	At 31 March 2020	Net Book Value At 31 March 2020	At 31 March 2019

£698,967 (2019: £557,717) of component replacements were capitalised in the year. All housing properties are freehold. Properties with a cost of £25,778 (2019: £nil), have been disposed in the year for net proceeds of £24,901 (2019: £nil). Grants due to be repaid on these £138,237) and accumulated depreciation of £21,493 (2019: £30,410) have been disposed in the year. Included in housing properties held for letting is land with a properties is £9,420 (2019: £nil) with £6,123 (2019: £nil) released from deferred Government capital grants on disposal. Components with a cost of £108,177 (2019: carrying value of £2,891,500 (2019: £2,481,500).

by D M Hall in March 2018. 59.6% of the Aspire business centre is rented out to 3rd parties and is accounted for as an investment property. The remaining 40.4% is The fair value as at 31 March 2020 of the investment property and office premises held totalled £1,300,000 (2019: £1,300,000). This is based on a valuation performed used by the Association and is accounted for as office premises at historic (deemed) cost.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

13. Housing stock

The number of units of housing accommodation available for let at 31 March 2020 was:

	Units in management 2020	Units in management 2019
General needs housing Supported housing accommodation	855 4	818 4
Shared ownership accommodation	859 8	822 9
	867	831

There are no units managed by other bodies.

14. Commercial units

The number of commercial units available for let at 31 March 2020 was:

	Units in	Units in
	management	management
	2020	2019
	No.	No.
Lock ups	35	35
Aspire business centre	1	1
Shops	3	3
	39	39

Part of the Aspire business centre is used as offices by the Association and part of it is rented out to 3rd parties (refer to note 3).

15.	Investment in subsidiary company	2020 £	2019 £
	Shares in subsidiary company	100	100

Aspire Community Development Company Limited is a wholly owned subsidiary which was incorporated in Great Britain on 27 August 1999 and is registered in Scotland.

The 2020 draft subsidiary company accounts show a profit for the year of £26,858 (2019: £38,188) and net assets of £76,833 (2019: £49,975).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

16.	Debtors	2020 £	2019 £
	Rental arrears Less: Provision for bad and doubtful debts	117,903 (52,278)	148,114 (52,278)
		65,625	95,836
	Amounts due from subsidiary	345,574	338,546
	Factoring arrears	37,314	56,511
	Other debtors	39,221	21,566
	Prepayments and accrued income	161,747	181,397
		649,481	693,856
		2020	2019
7.	Cash and cash equivalents	£	2019 £
	Balances held in current accounts	1,056,966	887,353
	Balances held in deposit accounts	712,791	708,516
		1,769,757	1,595,869
		2020	2019
8.	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	£	£
	Bank and other loans	688,342	2,014,771
	Accruals	128,482	237,330
	Other taxation and social security	18,956	14,528
	Other creditors	831,820	710,469
	Deferred Government capital grant (note 20)	87,699	36,642
	Housing Association grant repayable	276,525	267,105
	Scottish Government loan	33,200	-
		2,065,024	3,280,845

Included in other creditors is £25,841 (2019: £28,754) in respect of outstanding pension contributions.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

19,	Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	2020 £	2019 £
	Bank and other loans	9,088,957	7,989,713
	Scottish Government Joan	132,800	-
	Deferred Government capital grant (note 21)	3,573,560	2,941,477
		12,795,317	10,931,190
	Bank and other loans and Scottish Government loan analysis:		
	Due between one and two years	659,880	479,597
	Due between two and five years	2,017,008	1,533,185
	Due in five years or more	6,544,869	5,976,931
		9,221,757	7,989,713

Loans are secured by specific charges on the Association's properties and are repayable at rates between. Libor + 0.5% and a fixed rate of 6.81% over the next 30 years.

The Scottish Government Loan is a public benefit concessionary loan and is repayable with no interest charged over the next 5 years.

The net book value of housing properties secured at the year-end was £18,037,197 (2019 - £18,288,388)

20.	Deferred Government capital grants	2020 £	2019 £
	Housing grants	• •	
	At 1 April	2,978,119	1,504,524
	Grants received in year	765,271	1,475,095
	Disposals	(6,123)	-
	Released to income in year	(76,008)	(1,500)
	At 31 March	3,661,259	2,978,119
	Split;		
	Due within one year	87,699	36,642
	Due between one and two years	88,762	43,780
	Due between two and five years	266,286	131,341
	Due in five years or more	3,218,512	2,766,356
	At 31 March	3,661,259	2,978,119

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

21a.	Share capital	2020 £	2019 £
	At beginning of year Shares issued during the year Shares forfeited in year	129 21 (5)	215 14 (100)
	At end of year	145	129

Each member of the Association holds one share of £1 in the Association. These shares carry no rights to dividend or distributions on a winding up. When a shareholder ceases to be a member, that person's share is cancelled and the amount paid thereon becomes the property of the Association. Each member has a right to vote at members' meetings.

21b. Revenue reserves

Revenue reserves represents the cumulative surpluses and deficits.

22. Pension obligations

Rutherglen and Cambuslang Housing Association Limited (the Association) participates in the Scottish Housing Associations' Pension Scheme (SHAPS) (the "Scheme"). The Scheme is a multi-employer defined benefit scheme which provides benefits to over 150 non-associated employers. The scheme is subject to the funding legislation outlined in the Pensions Act 2004 which came into force on 30 December 2005. This, together with the documents issued by the Pensions Regulator and Technical Actuarial Standards issued by the Financial Reporting Council, set out the framework for funding defined benefit occupational pension schemes in the UK. The Scheme offers six benefit structures to employers, namely:

Final salary with a 1/60th accrual rate; Career average revalued earnings with a 1/60th accrual rate; a 1/70th accrual rate; a 1/80th accrual rate; 1/120th accrual rate, contracted in; and a Defined Contribution (DC) option.

An employer can elect to operate different benefit structures for their active members (as at the first day of April in any given year) and their new entrants. The DC option can be introduced by the employer on the first day of any month after giving a minimum of three months' prior notice.

The Association has elected to operate the final salary with a 1/60th accrual rate and CARE with a 1/80th accrual rate. These schemes are open to existing and new employees however there are no employees currently in the CARE 1/80th scheme.

During the accounting period the Association paid contributions at the rate of 12.6% of pensionable salaries. Member contributions were 12.5%. There was an additional annual employer past service deficit contribution of £173,483 (2019: £168,576) made in the year which includes £5,059 (2019: £5,059) of administration costs. The net past service deficit contribution for 2020/21 is £174,329.

The Trustee commissions an actuarial valuation of the Scheme every 3 years. The main purpose of the valuation is to determine the financial position of the Scheme in order to determine the level of future contributions required so that the Scheme can meet its pension obligations as they fall due.

As at the Statement of Financial Position date there were 12 (2019: 13) active members of the Scheme employed by the Association. The Association continues to offer membership of the Scheme to its employees.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

22. Pension obligations (continued)

Year ended 31 March 2020

The last triennial valuation of the Scheme was performed as at 30 September 2018 by a professionally qualified actuary using the "projected unit credit" method. The market value of the Scheme's assets at the valuation date was £877 million. The valuation revealed a shortfall of assets compared to liabilities of £121 million, equivalent to a past service funding level of 89%.

If an actuarial Valuation reveals a shortfall of assets compared to liabilities the Trustee must prepare a recovery plan setting out the steps to be taken to make up the shortfall.

The key valuation assumptions used to determine the assets and liabilities of the Scheme as at 30 September 2018 are detailed below;

Investment return pre-retirement 3.12
 % per annum

	, o p o :		
-	Investment return post retirement -	Non-pensioners	3.12% per annum
-	Investment return post retirement -	Pensioners	3.12% per annum
-	Rate of salary increases 3		.35% per annum
		pension accrued pre 6 April 2005	2.00% per annum
	· _	pension accrued from 6 April 2005	1.70% per annum
	-	(for leavers before 1 October 1993 pension in	
-	Rate of price inflation 3.35	`	% per annúm

SHAPS will be accounted for as a defined benefit pension scheme from 1 April 2018 onwards. In accordance with FRS 102 section 28, the operating and financing costs of pension and post retirement schemes (determined by TPT) are recognised separately in the Statement of Comprehensive Income. Service costs are systematically spread over the service lives of the employees and financing costs are recognised in the period in which they arise. The difference between actual and expected returns on assets during the year, including changes in the actuarial assumptions, is recognised in Other Comprehensive Income.

At 1 April 2018, on initial recognition of the multi-employer defined benefit scheme, the opening adjustment to the liability was £39,000 to recognise a liability of £689,000 as at 1 April 2018.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

22. Pension obligations (continued)

Present values of defined benefit obligation, fair value of assets and defined benefit liability

	Year ended 31 March 2020	Year ended 31 March 2019
	£'000	£'000
Fair value of plan assets Present value of defined benefit obligation	5,152 (5,226)	5,723 (6,602)
Defined benefit liability to be recognised	(74)	(879)

Reconciliation of opening and closing balances of the defined benefit obligation

	Year ended	Year ended
	31 March 2020	31 March 2019
	£'000	£'000
Defined benefit obligation at start of period	(6,602)	(5,804)
Current service cost	(123)	(113)
Expenses	(5)	. (5)
Interest expense	(141)	(150)
Actuarial (losses)/gains due to scheme experience	(123)	(128)
Actuarial (losses)/gains due to changes in demographic	• •	, ,
assumptions	32	(17)
Actuarial (losses)/gains due to changes in financial assumptions	662	(399)
Benefits paid and expenses	1,138	` 78́
Contributions by plan participants	(64)	(64)
Defined benefit liability at the end of the period	(5,226)	(6,602)

Reconciliation of opening and closing balances of the fair value of plan assets

	Year ended 31 March 2020 £'000	Year ended 31 March 2019 £'000
Fair value of plan assets at start of the period Interest income Experience on plan assets (excluding amounts included in	5,723 122	5,115 134
interest income) - gain	144	256
Contributions by the employer Contributions by plan participants	237 64	232 64
Benefits paid and expenses	(1,138)	(78)
Fair value of plan assets at end of period	5,152	5,723

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

22.

Current service cost Admin expenses Net interest expense Defined benefit costs recognised in Statement of Comprehensive Income	sive Income Year ended 31 March 2020 £,000 123 5 19	Year ended 31 March 2019 £'000 113 5 16
Admin expenses Net interest expense Defined benefit costs recognised in Statement of	31 March 2020 £,000 123 5 19	31 March 2019 £'000 113 5 16
Admin expenses Net interest expense Defined benefit costs recognised in Statement of	2020 £,000 123 5 19	2019 £'000 113 5 16
Admin expenses Net interest expense Defined benefit costs recognised in Statement of	£,000 123 5 19	£'000 113 5 16
Admin expenses Net interest expense Defined benefit costs recognised in Statement of	123 5 19	113 5 16
Admin expenses Net interest expense Defined benefit costs recognised in Statement of	5 19	5 16
Net interest expense Defined benefit costs recognised in Statement of		
Defined benefit costs recognised in Statement of		
	147	134
	147	134
	47.000.0	
Defined benefit costs recognised in Other Comprehensive Incon		
	Year ended	Year ended
	31 March	31 March
	2020	2019 £'000
	£,000	£ 000
Experience on plan assets (excluding amounts included in net		
interest cost – gain	144	256
Experience gains and losses arising on the plan liabilities – gain Effects of changes in the demographic assumptions underlying	(123)	(128)
the present value of the defined benefit obligation – (loss)	32	(17
Effects of changes in the financial assumptions underlying the present value of the defined benefit obligation – (loss)	662	(399)
Total amount recognised in other comprehensive income –	715	(288

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

22. Pension obligation (continued)

Fund allocation for employer's calculated share of asset		
• •	Year ended	Year ended
	31 March	31 March
	2020	2019
	£,000	£'000
Liability Driven Investment	1,357	2,036
Global Equity	709	921
Absolute Return	316	485
Corporate Bond Fund	377	401
Alternative Risk Premia	4 13	320
Infrastructure	304	240
Secured Income	286	200
Emerging Markets Debt	183	183
Risk Sharing	163	166
Insurance-Linked Securities	138	148
Over 15 Year Gilts	65	147
Property	96	114
Credit Relative Value	124	99
Distressed Opportunities	94	98
Private Debt	102	74
Opportunistic Illiquid Credit	125	-
Liquid Credit	135	-
Long Lease Property	126	69
Fund of Hedge Funds	=	16
Net Current Assets	39	6
Total Assets	5,152	5,723

The main financial assumptions used by the Scheme Actuary, TPT, in their FRS 102 calculations are as follows:

Assumptions as at	31 March 2020 % per annum
Discount rate	2.38%
Inflation (RPI)	2.62%
Inflation (CPI)	1.62%
Salary growth	2.62%
Allowance for commutation of pension for cash at retirement	75% of Maximum Allowance

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

22. Pension Obligation (continued)

The mortality assumptions adopted at 31 March 2020 imply the following life expectancies:

	Life expectancy at age 65 (years)
Male retiring in 2020	21.5
Female retiring in 2020	23.2
Male retiring in 2040	22.8
Female retiring in 2040	24.5

Life expectancy is based on the Fund's Vita Curves with improvements in line with the CMI 2017 model with an allowance for smoothing of recent mortality experience and long-term rates of 1.25% p.a. for males and 1% p.a. for females.

Member data summary

Active members

	Number	Total earnings (£'000s p.a.)	Average age (unweighted)
Males	5	253	55
Females	8	280	52
Total	13	533	53
Deferred members			
	Number	Deferred pensions	Average age

	Number	Deferred pensions (£'000s p.a.)	Average age (unweighted)
Males	-	· -	-
Females	2	8	46
Total	2	8	46

Pensioners	Number	Pensions (£'000s p.a.)	Average age (unweighted)
		(£ 0003 p.a.)	(allweighted)
Males	-	**	-
Females	9	73	64
Total	9	73	64

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

22. Pension Obligation (continued)

Employer debt on withdrawal

Following a change in legislation in September 2005 there is a potential debt on the employer that could be levied by the Trustee of the Scheme. The debt is due in the event of the employer ceasing to participate in the Scheme or the Scheme winding up. The debt for the Scheme as a whole is calculated by comparing the liabilities for the Scheme (calculated on a buyout basis i.e. the cost of securing benefits by purchasing annuity policies from an insurer, plus an allowance for expenses) with the assets of the Scheme. If the liabilities exceed assets there is a buy-out debt.

The leaving employer's share of the buy-out debt is the proportion of the Scheme's liability attributable to employment with the leaving employer compared to the total amount of the Scheme's liabilities (relating to employment with all the employers). The leaving employer's debt therefore includes a share of any 'orphan' liabilities in respect of previously participating employers. The amount of the debt therefore depends on many factors including total Scheme liabilities, Scheme investment performance, the liabilities in respect of current and former employees of the employer, financial conditions at the time of the cessation event and the insurance buy-out market. The amounts of debt can therefore be volatile over time.

The Association has been notified by TPT of the estimated employer debt on withdrawal from the Scheme based on the financial position of the Scheme as at 30 September 2019. As of this date the estimated employer debt for the Association was £4,041,770.

Defined contribution scheme

The Association participates in the SHAPS Defined Contribution scheme following the auto-enrolment date of May 2017. Employee contributions to this scheme are 5% and employer contributions to this scheme are 10%. At 31 March 2020 there were 5 members in the Defined Contribution scheme (2019: 5).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
23.	Capital commitments	2020 £	2019 £
	Contracted but not provided	1,143,921	2,069,453
	The above commitments will be financed by:	2020 £	2019 £
	Private finance Government grants	1,064,398 79,523	1,224,654 844,799
		1,143,921	2,069,453
		2020 £	2019 £
	Committed but not contracted for		-

24. Operating lease commitments

The Association's annual commitments for rental payments under non-cancellable operating leases at 31 March 2020 were set out below:

	2020	2019
	Office	Office
	Equipment	Equipment
	£	£
Total commitment due within:		
Within one year	17,048	15,295
Between one and two years	13,432	7,625
Between two to five years	23,320	4,560
	53,800	27,480

25. Legislative provisions

The Association is incorporated in Scotland under the Co-operative and Community Benefit Societies Act 2014.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

26.	Net cash flow from operating activities	2020 £	2019 £
	Surplus for the year	428,996	308,655
	Adjustments for non-cash items: Depreciation of housing properties including loss on disposal of components Depreciation of property, plant and equipment Impairment of investment property Carrying value of disposed assets HAG repayable on disposal of property Decrease/(increase) in debtors Increase/(decrease) in creditors SHAPS deficit movements SHAPS current service cost and expense Amortised grant included in gain on sale	797,853 27,868 - 16,539 9,420 44,375 16,931	697,201 24,879 6,470 - (52,281) 229,196 - 65,517
	Adjustments for investing and financing activities: Proceeds from the sale of property, plant and equipment Interest payable Interest received Release of deferred capital government grant - revenue SHAPS deficit contribution paid Forfeited share capital Release of deferred capital government grant - disposal of property	(24,901) 295,672 (13,139) (76,008) (173,483) (5) (6,123)	300,811 (5,882) (1,500) (163,517) (100)
		1,408,478	1,409,449

27. Related party transactions

Aspire Community Development Company Limited

Aspire Community Development Company Limited ("Aspire") is a wholly owned subsidiary of Rutherglen and Cambuslang Housing Association Limited ("the Association").

The Association rented out rooms from the Caledonia Centre, owned by Aspire in the year at a cost of £5,000 (2019: £5,000).

During the year, management charges of £500 (2019: £500) were recharged by the Association to Aspire for services rendered by the Director of the Association in respect of Aspire.

Insurance costs were incurred by the Association in the year in respect of Aspire £3,100 (2019: £3,100) and were recharged in the year.

During the year £nil (2019: £20,000) was transferred to the Association by Aspire to pay the intercompany debt.

Interest of £8,428 was charged in respect of the balances outstanding (2019: £8,804).

At the year-end £345,574 was owed by Aspire to the Association and is included within debtors (2019: £338,546).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

27. Related party transactions (continued)

Management Committee

The Association has Management Committee members who are also tenants. The total rent received in the year relating to tenant Management Committee members is £3,723 (2019: £6,625). The total rent arrears relating to tenant Management Committee members included within debtors at the year-end is £nil (2019: £nil). The total rent paid in advance of the year end was £457 (2019: £404).

Two Management Committee members own properties which are factored by the Association. Factoring charges for Committee members were £815 (2019: £810). There were arrears of £nil (2019: £21) at the year end. There were payments in advance at the year-end of £62 (2019: £nil).