NORTH VIEW HOUSING ASSOCIATION LIMITED REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019

Registered Housing Association No. HAL269AL

Financial Conduct Authority No. 2427R(S)

Charity No. SC032963

Property Factors (Scotland) Act 2011 Registered Number: PF000246

RSM UK AUDIT LLP Chartered Accountants

Glasgow

REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019

Officers and Professional Advisers

Committee of Management

Josephine Deacon
Iris Robertson
Wilma McCubbin
Audrey Laird
Diana Hamilton
William Hamilton
Christine Devine
Jim Dougherty
Kenneth Robertson

Alex Bruce Mary McEwan Chairperson
Vice Chair
Treasurer
Secretary
Member
Member

MemberCo-opted MemberMemberCo-opted Member

Member

Principal Bankers

Bank of Scotland plc 82 Main Street Rutherglen Glasgow G73 2HZ

The Royal Bank of Scotland plc 139 St Vincent Street

Glasgow G2 5JF

Director

Euan Anderson

Registered Office

29a Stravanan Road Castlemilk Glasgow G45 9LY

Auditors

RSM UK Audit LLP Third Floor Centenary House 69 Wellington Street Glasgow G2 6HG

Solicitors

Brechin Tindal Oatts 48 St Vincent Street Glasgow G2 5HS

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019

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Registration particulars:

Financial Conduct Authority Co-operative and Community Benefit Societies Act 2014 Registered Number: 2427R(S)

Scottish Housing Regulator Housing (Scotland) Act 2010

Registered Number: HAL269AL

Office of Scottish Charity Regulator Charities and Trustee Investment

(Scotland) Act 2005

Scottish Charity Number SC 032963

The Scottish Government Property Factors (Scotland) Act 2011

Registered Number: PF000246

REPORT OF THE COMMITTEE OF MANAGEMENT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019

The Committee of Management present their report and audited financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2019.

Principal activity

North View Housing Association manages and maintains residential accommodation, whilst providing a high quality of service that is responsive to the needs of its tenants and residents. The Association provides housing for let at affordable rents.

North View Housing Association is registered with the Financial Conduct Authority as a Friendly Society, The Office of the Scottish Charities Regulator (OSCR) as a charity, The Scottish Regulator as a Registered Social Landlord and the Scottish Government as a Property Factor.

The table below shows the property we own:

Managed Property Numbers	2019	2018
Tenanted Property	668	668
Shared Ownership Properties	2	2
Total	670	670

Financial Review

In 2018/19 there was an overall surplus of £211,383 (2018: surplus of £391,782) at the year end.

North View currently has £237,799 deposited as cash funds with overdraft facilities available to us of £250,000 to account for the expected effects of Welfare Reform. We continue to have a substantial major repair investment programme with further replacement bathrooms, boilers and windows due in a substantial proportion of properties over the next few years. Cash surpluses will be made, subject to our planned major repair programme over the next few years.

Business Review

Service delivery to our tenants is our singularly most important function, and we are pleased to report that, in 2018/19, we performed well in that sector; meeting all Objectives and all bar one of our ten performance targets.

The year saw us acquiring the Windlaw Lodge site from Glasgow City Council at the end of last October. We quickly set about demolishing the building that stood on the site to facilitate the development of 25 dwellings for mainstream rent. Progress was hindered by the discovery of asbestos – the removal of which lengthened the demolition programme. This delay had a knock on effect on the new build programme, but we did secure planning permission for it and establish a delivery programme to facilitate a site start in 2019/20.

REPORT OF THE COMMITTEE OF MANAGEMENT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019

We continued to facilitate the Jeely Piece Club, Streetwise (from Castlemilk Youth Complex), and Urban Roots' wider role work with children and young people from our area. We have strong tenant support for this work and we are pleased to have been able to sustain these valued services for our younger residents.

2018/19 saw us continue to work towards bringing all our properties up to the EESSH (Energy Efficiency Standard for Social Housing), while February 2019 saw us initiate a programme of fitting smoke and heat detectors in all our properties to meet the new standards by the 1st February 2021 deadline.

The year also saw the Association's Management Committee establish governance processes to address the new requirements that the Scottish Housing Regulator introduced towards the end of 2018/19. The Regulator had long trailed their changes so we spent much of the year preparing for their implementation.

Accounting Changes

The way in which we have to account for the SHAPS pension scheme has changed. Under Financial Reporting Standard 102 (FRS 102) an employer participating in a defined benefit pension scheme is required to recognise its share of the assets and liabilities of that scheme. However, in a multi-employer scheme, such as SHAPS, sufficient information was not always available to fully meet this requirement. The alternative, permitted under FRS 102, and adopted by the Association, was to recognise a liability for future contributions to the agreed deficit recovery plan. From 31 March 2019 sufficient information has now become available to enable employers in SHAPS to meet the full requirement of FRS 102.

Impact of Accounting Changes

In the Statement of Financial Position the former deficit funding provision of £210k at 31 March 2018 has been replaced with a provision for the net defined benefit liability representing the Association's share of the SHAPS assets and liabilities. The new liability at 31 March 2018 was £369k, an increase of £159k. Actuarial gains in the year to 31 March 2019 reduced the liability by a further £21k.

The overall impact is a new liability of £344k at 31 March 2019, an increase of £134k over the previous £210k deficit funding provision. This increase in liability is matched by a corresponding reduction of £134k in the Association's reserves. The accounting changes have not had any impact on compliance with loan covenants.

REPORT OF THE COMMITTEE OF MANAGEMENT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019

Operational Review

Welfare Rights Service

99% of residents who had used our Welfare Rights Service were satisfied with the service (Survey 2018)

There has been a constant flow of tenants making use of this important service and during this year 144 households used the service, with some using the service on more than one occasion during the year. The Welfare Rights Officer's efforts on behalf of tenants saw 142 instances of increased income amounting to £655,356.47 for tenants depending on the nature of the benefit being dealt with on behalf of the tenant.

Staffing

97% of residents are satisfied with the customer care provided when they contact or visit the office and 97% were satisfied with the helpfulness of staff when they reported a repair (Survey 2018)

Through our Investor in People "Silver Standard" accreditation, we continue to develop and strengthen our ethos and processes towards training and development of our staff. We are committed to this ethos. We hold the view that a well trained staff will be able to do their job better, and therefore deliver a better service to tenants.

Wider Role

95% of tenants were supportive of our summer coach trips and 95% were in favour of us spending money on children's play schemes and activities for young people (Survey 2018)

2018/19 saw us continue to work with the Jeely Piece Club, Urban Roots, and Castlemilk Youth Complex to develop community based activities for the children and young people that live in our area. This has been very successful, and the Tenants Survey showed that the vast majority of our tenants – over 90% – supported us investing a small proportion of the rental income we receive in such activities.

REPORT OF THE COMMITTEE OF MANAGEMENT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019

Housing Management

North View has a good performance record on the time taken to re-let our properties, however we are never complacent and staff work diligently to ensure that we maximise our rental income, reduce costs and house people in need.

Rent loss due to void properties was £11,261 (2018 - £7,774). Our internal target of "Void loss of not more than 0.5% of rental income" was met as the void loss was 0.33%. The average time taken to re-let a property was 20.5 days (2018 - 13.1 days). Our target of 18 days was not met. Our properties are aging and the amount of work required to maintain our relet standard has increased and has delayed the time taken to relet properties.

Current tenant arrears at the year-end represent 2.71% of the total rental income for the year (2018 - 2.87%). Our target of 3.5% was met. Discretionary Housing Payment awards helped to mitigate the effect of the under-occupancy charge.

Property Maintenance

81% of residents are satisfied with the Repairs service provided by us. The Repair service and Modernising tenant's homes came top in terms of what service was most important to residents in the 2018 Residents' Survey.

The Association continues to meet all of the targets set for completion of works orders within timescale.

- Total no of Emergency works orders completed in 2018/19 216
- Average length of time (in hours) to complete emergency repairs was 2.44 hours against a target of 3 hours
- 99.53% of Emergency repairs were made good within 24 hours against a Target of 96%.
- Total no of Non Emergency works orders completed in 2018/19 2892
- Average length of time (in working days) to complete Non Emergency repairs was 3.09 working days against a target of 4 working days
- 96.51% of our repairs were completed "right first time" against a target of 80%

It was again a particularly busy year for our "In House" trades-team in replacing windows in 53 properties. External contract replacements of 45 bathrooms, 96 Boilers, and upgrades of electric heating systems to 16 properties also took place.

Treasury Management

The Association has an active treasury management function, which operates in accordance with the Treasury Policy approved by the Committee of Management. In this way the Association manages its borrowing arrangements to ensure that it is always in a position to meet its financial obligations as they fall due, whilst minimising excess cash and liquid resources held. At 31 March 2019 North View is funding £6.050m (2018 - £6.339m) of development expenditure.

North View, as a matter of policy, does not enter into transactions of a speculative nature. Our loan portfolio gives the Association three fixed rate loans and one variable rate loan at very favourable rates.

REPORT OF THE COMMITTEE OF MANAGEMENT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019

Maintenance Policies

The Association seeks to maintain its properties to the highest standard. To this end, programmes of cyclical repairs are carried out in the medium term to deal with the gradual and predictable deterioration of building components. It is expected that the cost of all these repairs would be charged to the Income and Expenditure account.

In addition, the Association has a long-term programme of major repairs to cover for works which have become necessary since the original development was completed, including works required by subsequent legislative changes. This includes replacement or repairs to features of the properties, which have come to the end of their economic lives. In line with the SORP 2014, replacements to building components (as identified in Note 1) are capitalised in the accounts as they occur. All other major repairs are charged to the Income and Expenditure account.

Credit Payment Policy

The Association's policy concerning the payment of its trade creditors complies with the Confederation of British Industry guidelines. The average payment period is thirty days (2018: thirty days).

Future Developments

The Association intends to continue with its policy of improving the quality of housing within its area of operation.

Budgetary Process

Each year the Committee of Management approve the annual budget and rolling 5 year strategic plan. Key risk areas are identified. Performance is monitored and relevant action taken throughout the year through quarterly reporting to the Management Committee of variances from the budget, updated forecasts for the year together with information on the key risk areas. Approval procedures are in place in respect of major areas of risk such as major contract tenders, expenditure and treasury management.

Quality and Integrity of Personnel

The integrity and competence of personnel are ensured through high recruitment standards and subsequent training courses. High quality personnel are seen as an essential part of the control environment and the ethical standards expected are communicated through the Director.

General Reserves Policy

The Committee members have reviewed the reserves of North View. This review encompassed the nature of the income and expenditure streams, the need to match variable income with fixed commitments and the nature of the reserves. North View will be applying measures to rebuild the reserve to a position to cover 1 year's total general expenditure.

REPORT OF THE COMMITTEE OF MANAGEMENT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019

Sales of housing properties

Properties are disposed of under the appropriate legislation and guidance. All costs, first tranche sales, and grants relating to the share of property sold are removed from the financial statements at the date of sale. Any grants received that cannot be repaid from the proceeds of sale are abated and the grants removed from the financial statements

Employee Involvement and Health and Safety

North View takes seriously its responsibilities to employees and as a policy, provides employees with information on matters of concern to them. It is also the policy of the Association to consult, where practical, employees or their representatives so that their views may be taken into account in making decisions likely to affect their interests.

Disabled Employees

Applications for employment by disabled persons are given full and fair consideration for all vacancies in accordance with their particular aptitudes and abilities. In the event of employees becoming disabled, every effort is made to retrain them in order that their employment with the Association may continue.

It is the policy of the Association that training, career development and promotion opportunities should be available to all employees.

Committee and Officers' Insurance

North View has purchased and maintains insurance to cover its Committee and officers against liabilities in relation to their duties on behalf of North View, as authorised by the Association's rules.

Home Ownership

In 2003, Communities Scotland with funding from the Scottish Executive, launched a Mortgage to Rent scheme, aimed at helping those under threat of repossession as a result of mortgage arrears. The Association is committed to the scheme, which allows the owner to become a tenant, avoiding the upheaval of removing families from their existing support networks, and the costs of housing homeless families. The Association has not processed any mortgage to rent purchases as yet.

Going Concern

The Committee of Management has reviewed the results for this year and has also reviewed the projections for the next five years. At the year end the Association was in a net current liability position. However, this is not an issue because it is a temporary position which should resolve itself within the next twelve months. The Committee of Management therefore has a reasonable expectation that the Association has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. For this reason, the going concern basis has been adopted in these financial statements.

REPORT OF THE COMMITTEE OF MANAGEMENT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019

Committee of Management

The Members of the Committee of the Association during the year to 31 March 2019 and up to the date of these financial statements were as follows:

Josephine Deacon	Chairperson	William Hamilton	Member
Iris Robertson	Vice	Diana Hamilton	Member
	Chairperson		
Wilma McCubbin	Treasurer	Mary McEwan	Member
Audrey Laird	Secretary	Christine Devine	Member
Jim Dougherty	Co-opted	Alex Bruce	Co-opted Member
	Member		-
Kenneth Robertson	Member		

Each member of the Committee of Management holds one fully paid share of £1 in North View. The Director of North View holds no interest in North View's share capital and although not having the legal status of "director" acts as executive within the authority delegated by the Committee.

Director - Euan Anderson

Auditors

RSM UK Audit LLP has indicated its willingness to continue in office as auditors to the Association.

On behalf of the Committee of Management

Audrey Laird Secretary

29a Stravanan Road Castlemilk Glasgow G45 9LY

Date: 25 9 19

STATEMENT OF COMMITTEE RESPONSIBILITIES

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019

The Co-operative and Community Benefit Societies Act 2014 and registered social housing legislation require the Management Committee to ensure that financial statements are prepared for each financial year, which give a true and fair view of the Association's state of affairs and of the surplus or deficit of the Association for that period. In preparing those financial statements, the Management Committee is required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures being disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is not appropriate to presume that the Association will continue in business.

The Committee of Management is responsible for the keeping of proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy, at any time, the financial position of the Association. The Committee of Management must ensure that the financial statements comply with the Cooperative and Community Benefit Societies Act 2014, the Housing (Scotland) Act 2010 and the Registered Housing Associations Determination of Accounting Requirements 2019. It is responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Association and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities. It has general responsibility for taking reasonable steps to safeguard the assets of the RSL and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities.

By order of the Committee of Management

Date: 25 9 19

COMMITTEE OF MANAGEMENT'S STATEMENT ON INTERNAL FINANCIAL CONTROL

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019

The Committee of Management acknowledge their ultimate responsibility for ensuring that the Association has in place a system of controls that is appropriate to the various business environments in which it operates. These controls are designed to give reasonable assurance with respect to:

- the reliability of financial information used within the Association or for publication;
- the maintenance of proper accounting records; and
- the safeguarding of assets (against unauthorised use or disposition).

It is the Committee of Management's responsibility to establish and maintain systems of internal financial control. Such systems can only provide reasonable and not absolute assurance against material financial mis-statement or loss. Key elements include ensuring that:

- formal policies and procedures are in place, including the documentation of key systems and rules relating to the delegation of authorities, which allow the monitoring of controls and restrict the unauthorised use of the Association's assets.
- experienced and suitably qualified staff take responsibility for important business functions. Annual appraisal procedures have been established to maintain standards of performance.
- forecasts and budgets are prepared regularly which allow the Committee of Management and staff to monitor the key business risks and financial objectives, and progress towards financial plans set for the year and the medium term; regular management accounts are prepared promptly, providing relevant, reliable and up-to-date financial and other information and significant variances from budgets are investigated as appropriate.
- all significant new initiatives, major commitments and investment projects are subject to formal authorisation procedures, through relevant sub-committees comprising Committee of Management members and others.
- the Committee of Management review reports from management, from directors, staff and from internal and the external auditors to provide reasonable assurance that control procedures are in place and are being followed. This includes a general review of the major risks facing the Association.
- there is a continuing programme of internal audit work, undertaken by a firm of Chartered Accountants, however this year the audit comprised only of our Gas service. Internal financial control will be the subject of future year's work.
- formal procedures have been established for instituting appropriate action to correct weaknesses identified from the above reports.

COMMITTEE OF MANAGEMENT'S STATEMENT ON INTERNAL FINANCIAL CONTROL

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019 (CONTINUED)

The Committee of Management have reviewed the effectiveness of the system of internal financial control in existence in the Association for the year ended 31 March 2019 and until the below date. No weaknesses were found in internal financial controls, which could result in material losses, contingencies, or uncertainties, which require disclosure in the financial statements, or in the auditor's report on the financial statements.

By order of the Committee of Management

Date: 25/9/19

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF NORTH VIEW HOUSING ASSOCIATION LIMITED ON INTERNAL FINANCIAL CONTROLS

In addition to our audit of the Financial Statements, we have reviewed your statement on pages 9 and 10 concerning the Association's compliance with the information required by the Regulatory Standards in respect of internal financial controls contained within the publication "Our Regulatory Framework" and associated Regulatory Advisory Notes which are issued by the Scottish Housing Regulator.

Basis of Opinion

We carried out our review having regard to the requirements to corporate governance matters within Bulletin 2006/5 issued by the Financial Reporting Council through enquiry of certain members of the Management Committee and Officers of the Association and examination of relevant documents. The Bulletin does not require us to review the effectiveness of the Association's procedures for ensuring compliance with the guidance notes, nor to investigate the appropriateness of the reason given for non-compliance.

Opinion

In our opinion the Statement on Internal Financial Control on pages 9 and 10 has provided the disclosures required by the relevant Regulatory Standards within the publication "Our Regulatory Framework" and associated Regulatory Advisory Notes issued by the Scottish Housing Regulator in respect of internal financial controls and is consistent with the information which came to our attention as a result of our audit work on the Financial Statements.

RSM UK AUDIT LLP

RSMUK AUDIT WP

Statutory Auditor Chartered Accountants

Third Floor

Centenary House 69 Wellington Street

Glasgow G2 6HG

Date: 26/9/19

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF NORTH VIEW HOUSING ASSOCIATION LIMITED

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of North View Housing Association Limited (the 'Association') for the year ended 31 March 2019 which comprise the Statement of Comprehensive Income, Statement of Financial Position, Statement of Cashflows and the notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards including FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the Association's affairs as at 31 March 2019 and of its income and expenditure for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice:
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Co-operative and Community Benefit Societies Act 2014, Part 6 of the Housing (Scotland) Act 2010 and the Determination of Accounting Requirements – February 2019.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the Association in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the ISAs (UK) require us to report to you where:

- the Committee's use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is not appropriate; or
- the Committee has not disclosed in the financial statements any identified material uncertainties that
 may cast significant doubt about the Association's ability to continue to adopt the going concern
 basis of accounting for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial
 statements are authorised for issue.

Other information

The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. The Committee is responsible for the other information. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon. In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF NORTH VIEW HOUSING ASSOCIATION LIMITED (continued)

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Co-operative and Community Benefit Societies Act 2014 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- a satisfactory system of control over transactions has not been maintained; or
- the Association has not kept proper accounting records; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the books of account of the Association; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

Responsibilities of the Committee

As explained more fully in the Statement of Committee Responsibilities set out on page 8, the Committee is responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the Committee determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the Committee is responsible for assessing the Association's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Committee either intends to liquidate the Association or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at: https://www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities .This description forms part of our auditor's report.

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the Association's members as a body, in accordance with Part 7 of the Cooperative and Community Benefit Societies Act 2014. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Association's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Association and the Association's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

RSM UK Audit LLP

Statutory Auditor Chartered Accountants

Third floor

Centenary House

69 Wellington Street

Glasgow, G2 6HG

Date 26/9/19

STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019

	Notes	2019 £	2018 £
Turnover	2	3,338,352	3,225,707
Operating costs	2	(2,718,617)	(2,594,866)
Operating surplus		619,735	630,841
Gain on sale of fixed assets Interest receivable Interest payable and financing costs	4	504 (270,856)	14,086 1,364 (254,509)
Surplus/(Deficit) for the year before taxation		349,383	391,782
Taxation	5	*	-
Surplus for the year Other comprehensive income		349,383	391,782
Initial recognition of multi-employer defined benefit scheme	19	(159,000)	
Actuarial gains in respect of defined benefit pension scheme	19	21,000	
Total Comprehensive Income for the Year	16	211,383	391,782

The results for the year are generated from the continuing activities of the Association.

The accompanying notes form part of these financial statements.

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 31 MARCH 2019

	Notes	2019 £	2018 £
Fixed Assets			
Housing properties Other fixed assets	8	17,145,158 586,635 17,731,793	16,768,947 573,672 17,342,619
Current Assets			
Trade and other Debtors Cash at bank and in hand	10	165,017 237,799 402,816	135,407 436,722 572,129
Current Liabilities Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	11	(702,029)	(695,043)
Net (Liabilities) / Current Assets		(299,213)	(122,914)
Total Assets less Current Liabilities		17,432,580	17,219,705
Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year	12	(14,554,382)	(14,688,890)
Pension – deficit funding liability Pension – defined benefit net liability Provisions	15 19 15	(344,000) (14,721) 2,519,470	(210,000) (12,731) 2,308,084
Capital and Reserves		2017 1170	
Share capital Revenue reserve	16 16	35 2,519,435 2,519,470	32 2,308,052 2,308,084

These financial statements on pages 14 to 42 were authorised and approved for issue by the Committee of Management on 2519.1.9... and signed on their behalf by:

Committee Member:
Committee Member:
Secretary:

STATEMENT OF CASHFLOWS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019

	Notes	201		2018
		£	£	£
Net cash provided by operating activities	17		1,004,507	972,390
Cash flow from investing activities Purchase of tangible fixed assets Interest received HAG received	_	(1,040,376) 504 394,679		(515,743) 1,364 43,651
Net cash used in investing activities			(645,193)	(470,728)
Cash flow from financing activities Interest paid Repayments of borrowings Shares issued and cancelled	_	(270,856) (287,384) 3		(254,509) (350,515) (6)
Net cash used in financing activities			(558,237)	(605,030)
Net change in cash and cash equivalents			(198,923)	(103,368)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	_	436,722		540,090
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year			237,799	436,722
Analysis of cash and cash equivalents				
Cash in hand			237,799	436,722
Total cash and cash equivalents			237,799	436,722

STATEMENT OF CASHFLOWS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019 (Continued)

Analysis of Changes in Net Debt

Reconciliation of net cash flow to movement in net debt

(Decrease)/increase in cash for the year		2019 € (198,923)	2018 £ (103,368)
Loan repayments		287,384	350,515
Changes in net debt		88,462	247,147
Net debt as at 1 April 2018		(6,142,902)	(6,390,048)
Net debt as at 31 March 2019		(6,054,439)	(6,142,902)
	As at 31 March 2018	Cashflows	As at 31 March 2019
Cash in hand and at bank	436,722	(198,923)	237,799
Debt due within one year	(240,204)	49,146	(191,058)
Debt due after one year	(6,339,420)	238,240	(6,101,180)
	(6,142,902)	88,463	(6,054,439)

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019

1. Accounting Policies

Legal Status

The Association is registered under the Co-operative and Community Benefit Societies Act 2014 and is registered with the Scottish Housing Regulator under the Housing (Scotland) Act 2010.

The address of the Company's registered office and principal place of business is 29a Stravanan Road, Castlemilk, Glasgow G45 9LY.

The Association's principal activities are detailed in the Committee of Management's Report. The nature of the Associations operations is detailed in the Committee of Management's Report.

North View Housing Association Ltd is a Public Benefit Entity.

1.1 Basis of Accounting

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (UK GAAP) including FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102"), the Housing SORP 2014 "Statement of Recommended Practice for Registered Housing Providers" and comply with the Determination of Accounting Requirements 2014, and under the historical cost convention, modified to include certain financial instruments at fair value.

The financial statements are prepared in Sterling (£).

1.2 Critical Accounting Estimates and Areas of Judgement

Preparation of the financial statements requires management to make critical judgements and estimates concerning the future. Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience, advice from qualified experts and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

The resulting accounting estimates and assumptions will, by definition, seldom equal the related actual results. The estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are included below.

Critical accounting estimates:

Useful lives of housing property - management reviews its estimate of the useful lives of depreciable assets at each reporting date based on industry averages and our review of our stock. Uncertainties in these estimates relate to the length of time certain components in our homes will last, with varying levels of use potentially lengthening or shortening the lives of these components.

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019 (Continued)

1.2 Critical Accounting Estimates and Areas of Judgement (continued)

Recoverable amount of rent arrears and debtors – management considers the reasonable likelihood of rent arrears and debtors being recoverable based on past experience. While every effort is made not to over-estimate the amounts which will be recovered by the Association in the future, the actual amounts which might be received are often outwith the Associations' control.

Net defined benefit pension liability – Management's estimate of the defined benefit obligation is based on a number of critical underlying assumptions such as standard rates of inflation, mortality, discount rate and anticipation of future salary increases. Variation in these assumptions may significantly impact the liability and the annual defined benefit expenses (as analysed in Note 19). The net defined benefit pension liability at 31 March 2019 was £344k.

1.3 Going Concern

The Committee of Management has a reasonable expectation that the Association has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Thus, they continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the annual financial statements (see the Report of the Management Committee - page 6).

1.4 Turnover and Revenue Recognition

Turnover relates to the income from the letting of properties at affordable rents, together with revenue grants receivable in the period. Rental income is recognised from the point when properties under development reach practical completion or otherwise become available for letting, net of any voids.

1.5 Government Grants

Government grants include grants receivable from the Scottish Government, local authorities and other government bodies. Government grants are recognised at the fair value of the asset received or receivable when there is reasonable assurance that the grant conditions will be met and the grants will be received. Reasonable assurance is normally obtained when (e.g. the grant has been awarded in writing).

Government grants received for housing properties are recognised in income over the useful economic life of the structure of the asset and, where applicable, the individual components of the structure (excluding land) under the accruals model.

On disposal of an asset for which government grant was received, if there is no obligation to repay the grant, then any unamortised grant remaining is derecognised as a liability and

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019 (Continued)

1.5 Government Grants (continued)

recognised as income. Where there is a requirement to repay a grant a liability is included in the Statement of Financial Position to recognise this obligation.

1.6 Other Grants

Grants received from non-government sources are recognised using the performance model. Grants are recognised as income when the associated performance conditions are met.

1.7 Fixed assets - Housing properties

Housing properties are properties for the provision of social housing or to otherwise provide social benefit and are principally properties available for rent.

Completed housing properties are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Cost includes the cost of acquiring land and buildings, and expenditure incurred during the development period.

Works to existing properties which replace a component that has been treated separately for depreciation purposes, along with those works that enhance the economic benefits of the assets, are capitalised as improvements. Such enhancements can occur if improvements result in either:

- An increase in rental income;
- A material reduction in future maintenance costs; or
- A significant extension to the life of the property.

Works to existing properties which fail to meet the above criteria are charged to the Income and Expenditure account.

Properties are disposed of under the appropriate legislation and guidance. All costs and grants relating to the share of property sold are removed from the financial statements at the date of sale, except for first tranche sales. Any grants received that cannot be repaid from the proceeds of sale are abated and the grant removed from the financial statements.

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019 (Continued)

1.8 Depreciation of Housing Properties

i) Housing Land and Buildings

The Association separately identifies the major components of its housing properties and charges depreciation so as to write-down the cost of each component to its estimated residual value, on a straight line basis over the following years:

Land	Not depreciated
Structure	Over 60 years
Kitchen	Over 15 years
Window	Over 25 years
Heating	Over 30 years
Boiler	Over 15 years
Bathroom	Over 25 years
Doors	Over 25 years
Smoke detectors	Over 10 years

Housing properties for letting under construction are not depreciated throughout the year. The useful life is considered to commence on completion of the asset and therefore depreciation will commence on completion.

1.9 Impairment of Fixed Assets

An assessment is made at each reporting date of whether there are indications that a fixed asset (including housing properties) may be impaired or that an impairment loss previously recognised has fully or partially reversed. If such indications exist, the RSL estimates the recoverable amount of the asset.

Shortfalls between the carrying value of fixed assets and their recoverable amounts, being the higher of fair value less costs to sell and value-in-use of the asset based on its service potential, are recognised as impairment losses in the statement of comprehensive income.

Recognised impairment losses are reversed if, and only if, the reasons for the impairment loss have ceased to apply. Reversals of impairment losses are recognised in income and expenditure. On reversal of an impairment loss, the depreciation or amortisation is adjusted to allocate the asset's revised carrying amount (less any residual value) over its remaining useful life.

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019 (Continued)

ii) Other Fixed Assets

Tangible fixed assets are initially measured at cost, net of depreciation and any impairment losses. Depreciation is provided on all tangible fixed assets at rates calculated to write off the cost or valuation of each asset to its estimated residual value on a straight line basis over its expected useful life, as follows:

Furniture, fittings and computer equipment – 20% straight line

Motor Vehicles – 35% straight line

Office Property – 2% straight line

1.10 Borrowing Costs

General and specific borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition and construction of qualifying properties are added to the cost of those properties until such a time as the properties are ready for their intended use or sale.

All other borrowing costs are expensed as incurred.

1.11 Tax

The Association has charitable status and is registered with the Office of Scottish Charities Regulator and is therefore exempt from paying Corporation Tax on charitable activities.

1.12 Deposits and Liquid Resources

Cash comprises cash in hand and deposits repayable on demand less overdrafts repayable on demand. Liquid resources are current asset investments that are disposable without curtailing or disrupting the business and are readily convertible into known amounts of cash at or close to their carrying value.

1.13 Employee Benefits

The costs of short-term employee benefits are recognised as a liability and an expense.

Employees can carry forward any unused holiday or TOIL entitlement at the reporting date. The cost of any unused entitlement is recognised in the period in which the employee's services are received.

The best estimate of the expenditure required to settle an obligation for termination benefits is recognised immediately as an expense when the RSL is demonstrably committed to terminate the employment of an employee or to provide termination benefits.

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019 (Continued)

1.14 Pensions

Defined Benefit Plan

The Association participates in the Scottish Housing Association Pension Scheme (SHAPS) which is a funded multi-employer scheme. Previously contributions were recognised in income and expenditure in the period to which they relate as there was insufficient information available to use defined benefit accounting.

For the year ended 31 March 2019, the Association is able to identify its share of the scheme assets and scheme liabilities from 1 April 2018 and therefore has applied defined benefit accounting from this date onwards. For accounting purposes, the relevant date for accounting for this change from defined contribution to defined benefit accounting is 1 April 2018. The scheme assets are measured at fair value. Scheme liabilities are measured on an actuarial basis using the projected unit credit method and are discounted at appropriate high quality corporate bond rates.

The impact of changes to the accounting policy for SHAPS is detailed on page 2.

1.15 Financial Instruments

The Association has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102, in full, to all of its financial instruments.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when the Association becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument and are offset only when the Association currently has a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Financial assets

Debtors

Debtors which are receivable within one year and which do not constitute a financing transaction are initially measured at the transaction price. Trade debtors are subsequently measured at amortised cost, being the transaction price less any amounts settled and any impairment losses.

Where the arrangement with a trade or other debtor constitutes a financing transaction, the debtor is initially and subsequently measured at the present value of future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument.

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019 (Continued)

1.15 Financial Instruments (continued)

A provision for impairment of debtors is established when there is objective evidence that the amounts due will not be collected according to the original terms of the contract. Impairment losses are recognised in income and expenditure for the excess of the carrying value of the trade debtor over the present value of the future cash flows discounted using the original effective interest rate. Subsequent reversals of an impairment loss that objectively relate to an event occurring after the impairment loss was recognised, are recognised immediately in income and expenditure.

Financial liabilities

Trade creditors

Trade creditors payable within one year that do not constitute a financing transaction are initially measured at the transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost, being the transaction price less any amounts settled.

Where the arrangement with a trade creditor constitutes a financing transaction, the creditor is initially and subsequently measured at the present value of future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar instrument.

Borrowings

Borrowings are initially recognised at the transaction price, including transaction costs, and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Interest expense is recognised on the basis of the effective interest method and is included in interest payable and other similar charges.

Commitments to receive a loan are measured at cost less impairment.

1.16 Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the RSL has an obligation at the reporting date as a result of a past event which it is probable will result in the transfer of economic benefits and that obligation can be estimated reliably.

Provisions are measured at the best estimate of the amounts required to settle the obligation. Where the effect of the time value of money is material, the provision is based on the present value of those amounts, discounted at the pre-tax discount rate that reflects the risks specific to the liability. The unwinding of the discount is recognised within interest payable and similar charges.

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019 (Continued)

2. Particulars of turnover, operating costs and operating surplus or deficit

	Notes	Turnover £	Operating Costs £	2019 Operating Surplus £	2018 Operating Surplus £
Affordable Letting Activities	3a	3,312,273	(2,684,517)	627,756	638,670
Other Activities	3b	26,079	(34,100)	(8,021)	(7,829)
		3,338,352	(2,718,617)	619,735	630,841
Remeasurement of Pension Deficit	19	-	(138,000)	(138,000)	-
Total		3,338,352	(2,856,617)	481,735	630,841
Total for previous reporting period		3,225,707	(2,594,866)	630,841	

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019 (Continued)

3a. Particulars of turnover, operating costs and operating surplus from affordable letting activities

	General Needs Housing	Supported Housing Accommodation	Shared Ownership Housing	Total 2019	Total 2018
Rent receivable net of service	£	£	£	£	£
charges	2,950,130	53,319	3,533	3,006,982	2,896,452
Service charges	7,106	25,075	14	32,181	29,286
Gross income from rents and	,	,			
service charges	2,957,236	78,394	3,533	3,039,163	2,925,738
Less voids	(11,261)	-	_	(11,261)	(7,774)
Net Income from rents and					
service charges	2,945,975	78,394	3,533	3,027,902	2,917,964
Grants released from deferred	,	,	,	, ,	
income	284,371	-	-	284,371	289,074
Total turnover from social	,				
letting activities	3,230,346	78,394	3,533	3,312,273	3,207,038
Management and			,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
maintenance administration	1,315,917	15,831	1,597	1,333,345	1,202,701
costs	, , ,	,	,	, , .	, - ,
Service costs	54,985	9,124	350	64,109	65,501
Planned and cyclical	ŕ	,		ŕ	,
maintenance including major	314,874	3,788	-	318,662	374,992
repairs costs	,	,		,	,
Reactive maintenance costs	360,988	4,343		365,331	314,752
Bad debts - rents and service	,	,		,	
charges	11,379	234	-	11,613	26,949
Depreciation of affordable let				,	,
properties	582,695	7,010	1,752	591,457	583,473
Operating costs for					
affordable letting activities	2,640,838	40,330	3,349	2,684,517	2,568,368
Operating surplus from affordable lettings at 31 March 2019	589,508	38,064	184	627,756	638,670
Operating surplus from affordable letting at 31 March 2018	602,048	36,626	(4)	638,670	
1	,-,-	20,020	(')	000,010	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Year ended 31 MARCH 2019

(Continued)

3b - Particulars of turnover, operating costs and operating surplus or deficit from other activities

-	Grants from Scottish Ministers	Other revenue grants	Supporting people income	Other income	Total Turnover	Operating costs – bad debts	Other operating costs	Operating surplus or (deficit)	Operating surplus or deficit for previous reporting period
	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£
Wider action/wider role	-	-	4	-	-	-	-	-	1,770
Care and repair	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Investment property activities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	~
Factoring	-	-	-	15,085	15,085	2	(8,889)	6,196	(647)
Support activities	-	-	-	-	**	-	-	-	
Care activities	-	Q.	-	-	Q.	<u> </u>	-	-	-
Contracted out activities undertake for RSLs	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Contracted out services undertaken for other organisations	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-:	
Developments for sale to registered social landlords	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	_
Developments and improvements for sale to other organisations	-	~	-	-	-	=	=	-	-
Uncapitalised development administration costs	-	-	-	-	-	=	(21,261)	(21,261)	(8,952)
Other activities - energy efficiency - Solar return	-	-	-	7,044	7,044	-	-	7,044	
- Miscellaneous	_	-1	=	_	_	-	-	_	-
- home owners management fee	-	-	-	3,950	3,950	-	(3,950)	-	-
Total from other activities			•	26,079	26,079		(34,100)	(8,021)	(7,829)
2018	**	2,231	-	16,438	18,669	-	(26,498)	(7,829)	

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019 (Continued)

4	Interest	navable a	nd similar	charges
T.	Interest	Davable a	nu similai	Chaires

	2019 £	2018 £
Interest arising on:		
Bank loans	260,856	252,509
Defined benefit pension charge	10,000	2,000
	270,856	254,509

5. Taxation

The Association was awarded charitable status by the Inland Revenue on 26 March 2002, and so is not liable to Corporation Tax on its exempt activities.

6. Operating surplus or deficit

	2019	2018
	£	£
Operating surplus is stated after charging/(crediting): Depreciation of housing properties Depreciation of other tangible fixed assets:	591,457	583,473
- owned	59,746	45,407
Surplus on disposal of tangible fixed assets	-	14,086
Fees payable to RSM UK Audit LLP and its associates in respect of both audit and non-audit services are as follows:		
Audit services – statutory audit Other services:	10,560	10,200
Support and training on Insight	12,000	12,000
	22,560	22,200
7. Employees		
	2019 £	2018 £
Staff costs (including key management personnel) during the year:	<i>a</i>	ou .
Wages and salaries	663,966	630,291
Social security costs	65,813	63,129
Other pension costs	163,852	158,200
	893,631	851,620

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019 (Continued)

7. Employees (continued)

The average monthly number of full time equivalent persons (including key management personnel) employed by the Association during the year were as follows:

rissociation during the year were as follows.	No	No
Administration and maintenance	21	21
The key management personnel are defined as the men Committee and the Director.	nbers of the Man	agement
The number of key management personnel who received emorpension contributions) in excess of £60,000 during the repfollowing bands:		
£60,001 to £70,000	No 1	No 1
Aggregate Emoluments payable to the above key management personnel (including pension contributions and benefits in kind)	71,044	70,989
Emoluments payable to the Director (excluding pension contributions)	65,066	63,225
Aggregate Pension contributions in relation to the above key management personnel	5,978	7,764

The Association also paid Employer's national insurance of £6,976.75 and PAYE deductions were £12,605.04

No member of the Committee of Management received any emoluments in respect of their services to the Association.

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019 (Continued)

8. Tangible Fixed Assets – Housing Land and Buildings

	Social Housing Properties Held for Letting	Housing Properties for letting under Construction	Total
Cost	£	£	£
At 1 April 2018 Additions Disposals	25,576,982 575,134	392,533	25,576,982 967,667
At 31 March 2019	26,152,116	392,533	26,544,649
Depreciation and Impairment			
At 1 April 2018 Charge for the year Disposals	8,808,034 591,457	-	8,808,034 591,457
At 31 March 2019	9,399,491	-	9,399,491
Net book value at 31 March 2019	16,752,625	392,533	17,145,158
Net book value at 31 March 2018	16,768,948	-	16,768,948

The Association considers individual schemes to be separate cash generating units when assessing for impairment. No land or buildings are held under a lease. The aggregate amount of finance costs included in the cost of housing properties is £NIL (2018: £NIL). Land value is £NIL (2018: £NIL)

Expenditure on Works to Existing Properties

	2019	2018
Improvement work capitalised	16,892	48,027
Replacement component spend capitalised	558,242	380,848
Amounts charged to income and expenditure	-	-
Total major repairs spend	575,134	428,875

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019 (Continued)

9. Other Tangible Fixed Assets

10.

	Motor Vehicles	Furniture & Fittings	Office Property	Computer Equipment £	Total £
Cost	2	2		2	æ
At 1 April 2018	87,102	109,997	653,836	306,314	1,157,249
Additions	14,800	2,784	-	55,125	72,709
Disposals			_	-	E
At 31 March 2019	101,902	112,781	653,836	361,439	1,229,958
Depreciation					
At I April 2018	71,838	94,291	159,615	257,833	583,577
Charge for year	16,191	5,278	13,077	25,200	59,746
Disposals	-		-	=	_
At 31 March 2019	88,029	99,569	172,692	283,033	643,323
Net book value at 31					
March 2019	13,873	13,212	481,144	78,406	586,635
Net book value at 31					
March 2018	15,264	15,706	494,221	48,481	573,672
Debtors					
				2019	2018
Amounts falling due within on	e vear			£	£
Rent and service charges recei			13	3,530	140,374
Less bad debt provision				4,320)	(72,399)
				9,210	67,975
Prepayments				5,807	67,432
				5,017	135,407
				-	

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019 (Continued)

11.	Creditors: Amounts Falling Due Within One Year		
		2019	2018
	D 1: 01 - 10	£	£
	Debt (Note 14)	191,058	240,204
	Contractors' certified work	95,927	57,601
	Rents in advance	84,121	81,314
	Accruals and deferred income Other creditors	330,923	315,924
	Other creditors	702,029	695,043
12.	Creditors: Amounts Falling Due After More than One Year		
		2019	2018
		£	£
	Debt (Note 14)	6,101,180	6,339,420
	Deferred Capital Grants (Note 13)	8,453,202	8,349,471
		14,554,382	14,688,890
13.	Deferred capital grant		
		2019	2018
		£	£
	As at 1 April	8,633,841	8,879,264
	Grant received in year	394,679	43,651
	Capital grant released	(284,370)	(289,074)
	At 31 March	8,744,150	8,633,841
	Amounts to be released within one year	290,948	284,370
	Amounts to be released in more than one year	8,453,202	8,349,471
		8,744,150	8,633,841
14.	Debt analysis - Borrowings		
		2010	****
		2019	2018
	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	£	£
	Bank loans	191,058	240,204
	Switt Touris	171,030	270,207
	Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year		
	Bank loans	6,101,180	6,339,420

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019 (Continued)

14. Debt analysis – Borrowings (continued)

Borrowings are denominated and repaid in pounds sterling, have contractual interest rates that are fixed rates and one variable rate that are not leveraged, and do not contain conditional returns or repayment provisions other than to protect the lender against credit deterioration or changes in relevant legislation or taxation.

Bank loans are secured by specific charges on the Association's properties. Loans relate to housing properties and Head Office. Loans are repayable at rates of interest of 0.77% to 5.63% (2018 - 0.77% to 5.75%). The Association makes quarterly repayments of the bank borrowing.

Based on the lender's earliest repayment dates, borrowings are repayable as follows:

			2019 £	2018 £
	Due within one year Due in one year or more but less than to Due between two and five years	vo years	191,058 184,522 805,385	240,204 238,695 831,179
	Due more than five years		5,111,273 6,292,238	5,269,545 6,579,624
15.	Provisions	Holiday Pay	SHAPS Pension	Total £
	At 1 April 2018 Utilised in the year Additional provision in year Change in accounting treatment	12,731 (12,731) 14,721	(210,000)	222,731 (12,731) 14,721 (210,000)
		14,721	-	14,721

Holiday Pay

This represents holiday accrued as a result of services rendered in the current period and which employees are entitled to carry forward. The provision is measured as the statutory cost payable for the period of absence.

Pension

The SHAPS provision has been eliminated due to a change in accounting treatment and replaced by the defined benefit liability as shown in Note 19.

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019 (Continued)

16. Share Capital & Reserves

Share Capital	2019 £	2018 £
Shares of £1 fully paid and issued at 1 April 2018 Shares issued during year Shares cancelled during the year	32 3 0	38 2 8
Shares issued at 31 March 2019	35	32

Each member of the Association holds one share of £1 in the Association. These shares carry no rights to dividend or distributions on a winding up. When a shareholder ceases to be a member, that person's share is cancelled and the amount paid thereon becomes the property of the Association. Each member has a right to vote at members' meetings.

		Revenue Reserves 2019 £	Revenue Reserves 2018
	Reserves	*	a€
	At 1 April Surplus for year	2,308,052 211,383	1,916,270 391,782
	At 31 March	2,519,435	2,308,052
17.	Cash flow from operating activities		
		2019	2018
	Surplus for year	211,383	391,782
	Adjustments for non-cash items:		
	Depreciation	651,202	628,880
	Amortisation	(284,371)	(289,074)
	Gain on sale of fixed assets	04	(14,086)
	Increase in debtors	(29,610)	1,322
	Cancellation of shares	-	8
	Increase in creditors	49,555	
	Increase in provisions	135,996	(53,124)
	Adjustments for investing or financing activities:		
	Interest received	(504)	(1,364)
	Interest paid	270,856	254,509
		1,004,507	972,390

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019

(Continued)

18. Capital Commitments

	2019 £	2018 £
Expenditure contracted for but not provided in the financial statements	-	-
Expenditure authorised by the Committee but not contracted	-	-
	-	-

19. Pension Fund

North View Housing Association Limited participates in the SHAPS UK defined benefit scheme, a multi-employer scheme which provides benefits to some 150 non-associated employers. The scheme is a defined benefit scheme in the UK.

The scheme is subject to the funding legislation outlined in the Pensions Act 2004 which came into force on 30 December 2005. This, together with documents issued by the Pensions Regulator and Technical Actuarial Standards issued by the Financial Reporting Council, set out the framework for funding defined benefit occupational pension schemes in the UK.

The last triennial valuation of the scheme for funding purposes was carried out as at 30 September 2015. This valuation revealed a deficit of £198m. A recovery Plan has been put in place to eliminate the deficit which runs to 28 February 2022 for the majority of employers, although certain employers have different arrangements.

The scheme is classified as a 'last-man standing arrangement'. Therefore, the company is potentially liable for other participating employers' obligations if those employers are unable to meet their share of the scheme deficit following withdrawal from the scheme. Participating employers are legally required to meet their share of the scheme deficit on an annuity purchase basis on withdrawal from the scheme.

For financial years ending on or before 28 February 2019, it has not been possible for the Association to obtain sufficient information to enable it to account for the Scheme as a defined benefit scheme, therefore the Association has accounted for the Scheme as a defined contribution scheme.

For financial years ending on or after 31 March 2019, it is possible to obtain sufficient information to enable the Association to account for the Scheme as a defined benefit scheme.

For accounting purposes, two actuarial valuations for the scheme were carried out with effective dates of 31 March 2018 and 30 September 2018. The liability figures from each valuation are rolled forward to the relevant accounting dates, if applicable, and are used in conjunction with the Association's fair share of the Scheme's total assets to calculate the Association's net deficit or surplus at the accounting period start and end dates.

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019

(Continued)

19. Pension Fund (continued)

PRESENT VALUES OF DEFINED BENEFIT OBLIGATION, FAIR VALUE OF ASSETS AND DEFINED BENEFIT ASSET (LIABILITY)

	31 March 2019	31 March 2018	
	(£000s)	(£000s)	
Fair value of plan assets	1,507	1,863	
Present value of defined benefit obligation	1,851	2,232	
Surplus (deficit) in plan	(344)	(369)	
Unrecognised surplus	-	-	
Defined benefit asset (liability) to be recognised	(344)	(369)	
Deferred tax	*	*	
Net defined benefit asset (liability) to be recognised	*	*	

^{*} to be completed by the employer

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019

(Continued)

19. Pension Fund (continued)

RECONCILIATION OF OPENING AND CLOSING BALANCES OF THE DEFINED BENEFIT OBLIGATION

	Period ended 31 March 2019	
	(£000s)	
Defined benefit obligation at start of period	2,232	
Current service cost	132	
Expenses	2	
Interest expense	51	
Contributions by plan participants	-	
Actuarial losses (gains) due to scheme experience	(27)	
Actuarial losses (gains) due to changes in demographic assumptions	5	
Actuarial losses (gains) due to changes in financial assumptions	117	
Benefits paid and expenses	(661)	
Liabilities acquired in a business combination	-	
Liabilities extinguished on settlements	-	
Losses (gains) on curtailments		
Losses (gains) due to benefit changes	-	
Exchange rate changes	-	
Defined benefit obligation at end of period	1,851	

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019

(Continued)

19. Pension Fund (continued)

RECONCILIATION OF OPENING AND CLOSING BALANCES OF THE FAIR VALUE OF PLAN ASSETS

	Period ended
	31 March 2019
	(£000s)
Fair value of plan assets at start of period	1,863
Interest income	41
Experience on plan assets (excluding amounts included in interest income) - gain (loss)	116
Contributions by the employer	148
Contributions by plan participants	-
Benefits paid and expenses	(661)
Assets acquired in a business combination	-
Assets distributed on settlements	-
Exchange rate changes	-
Fair value of plan assets at end of period	1,507
The actual return on the plan assets (including any changes in share of assets) ov 31 March 2019 was £157,000.	er the period ended
DEFINED BENEFIT COSTS RECOGNISED IN STATEMENT OF COMPREI	HENSIVE INCOME
	Period from
	31 March 2018

	Period from 31 March 2018 to 31 March 2019	
	(£000s)	
Current service cost	132	
Expenses	2	
Net interest expense	10	
Losses (gains) on business combinations	-	
Losses (gains) on settlements	-	
Losses (gains) on curtailments	-	
Losses (gains) due to benefit changes	-	
Defined benefit costs recognised in statement of comprehensive income (SoCI)	144	

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019

(Continued)

19. Pension Fund (continued)

DEFINED BENEFIT COSTS RECOGNISED IN OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

	Period ended
	31 March 2019 (£000s)
Experience on plan assets (excluding amounts included in net interest cost) – gain (loss)	116
Experience gains and losses arising on the plan liabilities - gain (loss)	27
Effects of changes in the demographic assumptions underlying the present value of the defined benefit obligation - gain (loss)	(5)
Effects of changes in the financial assumptions underlying the present value of the defined benefit obligation - gain (loss)	(117)
Total actuarial gains and losses (before restriction due to some of the surplus not being recognisable) - gain (loss)	21
Effects of changes in the amount of surplus that is not recoverable (excluding amounts included in net interest cost) - gain (loss)	-
Total amount recognised in other comprehensive income - gain (loss)	21

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019

(Continued)

19. Pension Fund (continued)

ASSETS

	31 March 2019	31 March 2018
	(£000s)	(£000s)
Absolute Return	128	221
Alternative Risk Premia	84	71
Corporate Bond Fund	106	130
Credit Relative Value	26	-
Distressed Opportunities	26	8
Emerging Markets Debt	48	64
Fund of Hedge Funds	4	54
Global Equity	242	335
Index Linked All Stock Gilts	-	-
Infrastructure	63	34
Insurance-Linked Securities	39	51
Liability Driven Investment	536	656
Long Lease Property	18	-
Net Current Assets	2	3
Over 15 Year Gilts	39	60
Private Debt	19	17
Property	30	74
Risk Sharing	44	17
Secured Income	53	68
Total assets	1,507	1,863

None of the fair values of the assets shown above include any direct investments in the employer's own financial instruments or any property occupied by, or other assets used by, the employer.

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019

(Continued)

19. Pension Fund (continued)

KEY ASSUMPTIONS

	31 March 2019	31 March 2018
	% per annum	% per annum
Discount Rate	2.33%	2.58%
Inflation (RPI)	3.28%	3.18%
Inflation (CPI)	2.28%	2.18%
Salary Growth	3.28%	3.18%
Allowance for commutation of pension for cash at retirement	75% of	75% of
	maximum	maximum
	allowance	allowance

The mortality assumptions adopted at 31 March 2019 imply the following life expectancies:

	Life expectan at age 65	
	(Years)	
Male retiring in 2019	21.7	
Female retiring in 2019	23.4	
Male retiring in 2039	23.1	
Female retiring in 2039	24.7	

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019

(Continued)

20. Contingent Liabilities

At 31 March 2019 the Association had no contingent liabilities (2018 - £Nil).

21. Housing Stock

The number of units in Management at 31 March 2019 was as follows:-

	2019 No	2018 No
General needs Supported Shared ownership	665 8 2	665 8 2
	675	675

22. Related Parties

Eight of the eleven Committee of Management members are also tenants of the Association. Their tenancies are on normal commercial terms. During the year £37,450.32 (2018; £39,960.84) of rent was receivable from these tenant members. At the year-end there were £nil (2016: £nil) of rent arrears due from these tenant members.

Amounts outstanding are unsecured, non-interest bearing and will be settled in cash. No guarantees have been given or received. No expense has been recognised in the year (2018: £nil) in respect of bad debts from related parties.

There are no other related party transactions to disclose.